

TROPICAL BIRDING

KENYA

THE COOLEST TRIP IN AFRICA

July 16 – August 4, 2013

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Sunrise and Ostrich, a typical start to your day in Kenya.

Introduction

This custom tour, which basically runs the same as our set departure, was the single most productive tour for birds and mammals I have ever guided! With a bird list of 692 species combined with a mammal list of 66, you would be hard pressed to top this anywhere else in the world in 3 weeks, while still getting a full nights sleep, mid-day time off, and a daily taste of Tusker. Kenya truly is a country of variety. From high elevation moorland, lush savannah, desert thorny scrub, coastal mangroves, and everything in between, it is no wonder we often yield a high species list. I often recommend that if you were to take only one trip to Africa, it should

be Kenya. This tour was not timed to get a huge species list, since the European migrants were not present yet, but instead timed to get the most out of the Wildebeest migration in the Masai Mara Reserve. Highlights were plentiful for this tour, and it is hard to peg down and one highlight. Big cats are always a favourite, and they put on a show for sure. Seeing a family of Cheetah feeding on a Thomson's Gazelle, and then finding Serval and a pride of Lions 20 minutes later was cause for a morning celebration. Then watching a Leopard at a "feeder" in the east was simply too easy. Watching thousands of wildebeest cross the Mara River guarded by 20 foot Nile Crocodiles puts the reality of the food chain in your face. Then, being in the middle of the commotion while the huge African Crowned-Eagle attacked a troop of Blue Monkeys in Kakamega Forest, and finding the rare Sokoke Scops-Owl and weird Golden-rumped Elephant-Shrew in the coastal Sokoke forest. These are just a few of many great memories.



Lioness in protection mode, Lake Nakuru NP.

Itinerary

July 16	Lake Magadi.and Nairobi National Park
July 17	Drive to Masai Mara.
July 18	Masai Mara Reserve.
July 19	Masai Mara Reserve.
July 20	Masai Mara to Kisumu, Lake Victoria.
July 21	Kisumu to Kakamega.
July 22	Kakamega Forest.
July 23	Kakamega Forest.
July 24	Kakamega to Lake Baringo.

- July 25** Lake Baringo to Lake Nakuru.
- July 26** Lake Nakuru to Lake Naivasha.
- July 27** Naivasha to Aberdares Mountains to Mount Kenya.
- July 28** Mount Kenya.
- July 29** Mount Kenya.
- July 30** Mount Kenya to Nairobi.
- July 31** Nairobi to Tsavo West.
- August 1** Tsavo West through Tsavo East to Malindi.
- August 2** Arabuko-Sokoke Forest and Mida Creek.
- August 3** Arabuko-Sokoke Forest and Sabaki River Mouth.
- August 4** Flights from the coast to Nairobi connecting with international departures.

July 16: Lake Magadi and Nairobi National Park

Our first birding of the tour started with a trip south of Nairobi to the saline Lake Magadi. Although the Lake was our final destination it took a long time to get there as the road leading was very birdy indeed. Our first birds were **Marabou Storks** which we actually found frolicking amongst the Nairobi traffic. Moving out of the city and over the Ngong Hills where the habitat changes and we had our first **Schalow's Wheatear**. Once we started descending into the Great Rift Valley we came upon a couple nice flocks in the acacia scrub which held sharp looking **Red-throated Tits, Banded Parisoma, White-bellied Canary, and Red-and-yellow Barbet**, amongst others. Further along we went for a stroll and found **Blue-capped Cordonbleu and Southern Grosbeak-Canary**, while close by a **Jackson's Hornbill** was calling, three great target birds acquired. Suddenly 2 **Abyssinian Scimitarbills** flew over and landed in a nearby acacia showing off their bright red, curved, bills. At the lake the main target was **Chestnut-banded Plover**, which we saw right away.



The Meadowlark look-alike, Yellow-throated Longclaw.

Backtracking we made it to Nairobi National Park for lunch. Visiting this park feels quite strange as it is literally right inside of the city, an odd place to start a safari. Seeing **Zebra, Hartebeest, Giraffe**, and even our first **White Rhino** with the Nairobi skyline looming in the distance is quite unique, but the birding here is

amazing and is a must visit. In fact about 600 species have been recorded in Nairobi N.P. within the city limits, making Nairobi the world “birdiest” capitol. We saw many great birds here this afternoon including the localized **Nairobi Pipit**, **African Rail**, **White-bellied Tit**, **Hartlaubs’s Turaco**, **Scarlet-chested Sunbird**, and many more. Our first day of birds and big mammals comes to an end. Spirits are high in excitement for the rest of the tour.



The docile and graceful Giraffe, always a favourite.

July 17: Nairobi to Masai Mara

This morning the goal was to complete the long, dusty drive to the famous Masai Mara Reserve. But first we had a few targets to get not far from Nairobi. Our first stop were the Limuru Ponds where we scanned for a while and picked up great trip birds such as **Maccoa Duck** and even a **Madagascar Pond-Heron**. Next we were off to try and find one of Kenya’s eight endemic species, the **Sharpe’s Longclaw**. We searched the high elevation grassland of the Kinganop Plateau. It took a bit of searching and walking through some fields but we eventually found our prize target. Satisfied with our clean-up of the mornings targets we were on our way west. On the way **Hildebrant’s Starling**, **Bare-faced Go-way-birds**, and a plethora of weavers broke up the drive. Getting closer to reserve agriculture died off and grass plains opened up. We found out first **Thomson’s** and **Grant’s Gazelles**. Zebra and Giraffe meters away from our vehicle amazed us, and soon after one of the more difficult birds on tour landed right in front of us. A male and female **Yellow-throated Sandgrouse** gave us great looks, while close by **Double-banded Coursers** blended in with its surroundings perfectly. Only when they move can one really get a look at this cryptic species. **Fischer’s Sparrowlarks** came in by the flock as the sun set on our first night in the Mara.



A Masai man and his herd.

July 18 & 19: Masai Mara Reserve

Exploring the Masai Mara is any wildlife enthusiasts dream. This is THE place in the world to see large mammals by the thousands, and each day here we were seeing tens of thousands of mammals. We had timed this tour for the famous Wildebeest migration where great herds of Wildebeest mixed with Zebra make their annual movements from Tanzania and into Masai Mara. With movements of this many herbivores, predators are never far away. On our first morning we found 3 large male Lions, as well as a male and female mating pair. It was incredible to see the Lions at their most intimate, if only for 3 seconds every ten minutes. As **Coqui Francolin**, **Harlequin Quail**, and **Yellow-throated Longclaws** flushed from the road overhead the savannahs aerial apex predator, **Martial Eagle**, dominated the sky. We even found one as it finished off its Banded Mongoose meal. Our driver, Peter, expertly navigated the dirt tracks and got us on to a family of **Cheetah** just as they finished their gazelle breakfast. This was the single mammal highlight for the group. These endangered cats are indeed the fastest in the world, but their elegance has to be seen to believe. It was truly a privilege to watch a strong mother with 3 very large cubs in their grassland element. Indeed for me, the reason to visit Masai Mara. Soon after the Cheetahs we visited an area for **Rufous-bellied Heron** which we quickly found, also finding **Gray Kestrel**, **Kori**, and **Black-bellied Bustards** en route.



Martial Eagle with Banded Mongoose prey, the aerial apex predator.

Driving to another area of the Reserve a huge number of Wildebeest had gathered. As far as the eye could see the grass was littered with mammals. It is a treat to witness this fluid mosaic of life. Amongst the Wildebeest were hundreds of Topi, and Thomson's Gazelle, but we also found 2 separate prides of Lion, numerous Spotted Hyena, and a few Black-backed Jackal. Finding kills, old and fresh, was a regular occurrence, and was great to see the vulture diversity here. **Lappet-faced, White-backed, and Hooded Vultures** were in large numbers literally cleaning up the grasslands. We also did well finding all the small bird species, cleaning up all the Cisticolas needed, including **Trilling Cisticola**.



White Helmetshrikes are common, and travel in noisy flocks, always a favorite



This mother Cheetah and her 3 large cubs were voted top mammal of the tour.

Another great highlight was to witness the Wildebeest and Zebra crossing the Mara River. A well known subject for wildlife documentaries, it is indeed very hard to predict exactly when they will make their crossing, and the timing changes every year. So to see 3 different crossings was indeed very fortunate. This is a very stressful time for these animals as massive Nile Crocodiles also gather at the crossing spots for this seasonal buffet. Indeed the river is strewn with hundreds of carcasses, and we even witnessed a huge croc take out a young Wildebeest. It was amazing to see the raw power of nature, and the annual predator/prey relationships that have gone on in this area for millennia.



Huge Nile Crocodile with young Wildebeest prey. Mara River, Masai Mara.



Thousands of Wildebeest cross the Mara River, where it pays to be cautious.

July 20: Mara to Kisumu (Lake Victoria)

From the savannah of the Mara we headed north-west to the shores of Lake Victoria. Although very urban and populated compared to the Masai Mara there are a whole host of new species to find, namely in the Papyrus swamps bordering the lake. Before getting to the shore though we had great looks at the beautiful **Black-headed Gonolek, Red-chested Sunbird, White-throated Bee-eater, and Black-headed Weavers.**

After checking into our hotel we immediately headed back out to the beautifully named Dunge Swamp. Our main quarry here is Papyrus Gonolek as well as other marsh inhabitants. We tried for some time for the Gonolek, but alas we had to settle for a heard only for this secretive species. Alas we still got some great birds such as **Papyrus Canary, Slender-billed Weaver, and the cute Carruther's Cisticola.**



Young African Savannah Elephant still learning to use its trunk.

July 21: Kisumu to Kakamega

This morning we decided to take one more shot at a different area of Papyrus swamp, but again could not get at look at Papyrus Gonolek, annoyingly only heard deep in the swamp. This being said we had a great morning finding some more new birds we could only get here including; **Greater Swamp-Warbler, Marsh Tchagra, and Blue-headed Coucal.** With our morning success we were off to Kakamega. The Kakamega forest is a relatively small, and increasingly isolated block of Congolese rainforest, the only remnant of its kind in Kenya, and is therefore a crucial stop for any birding circuit of the country. In fact there are about 150 species we can only see here on tour, making these 2 days very important for the trip lists success.



Part of the beautiful Papyrus swamp edging the famous Lake Victoria. Note the Swamp Flycatcher left of center.

We arrived in Kakamega by mid-afternoon and immediately started birding the road. Right away we got into some flock activity, which included some tricky skulkers like **Banded Prinia** and **Black-faced Rufous-Warbler**. Entering our hotel grounds at the beautiful Rondo Retreat it was clear that this was going to be a very “birdy” area. On arrival we were greeted by the weird **Great Blue Turaco**, which was nesting on the hotel grounds. Simply going to our rooms to drop off our luggage we had to stop to see the nearby **Gray-headed Negrofinch**, **White-chinned Prinia**, and **Vieillot’s Weavers**. Our final bird of the day was a **Mackinnosn’s Fiscal**, of which there is a resident pair using the lodge as their feeding ground.



The Equatorial Akalat, a shy species of the forest undergrowth in Kakamega.



Black-billed Weaver in Kakamega Forest collecting nest materials.

July 22 & 23: Kakamega

These two full days in the forest turned out to be very productive for us, with too many highlights to list. We were up before the sun each morning in order to get a head start, rewarding us with one of the best dawn choruses in east Africa. Birds seemed to be everywhere, and singing from every branch, hopefully this spectacle will be around for future generations in this increasingly pressured forest. Still birding close to the lodge grounds we found a very confiding **White-spotted Flufftail, Equatorial Akalat, Brown-chested Alethe, Grey-winged Robin-Chat, White-tailed Ant-Thrush, and Dusky-crested Flycatcher.** We did very well for Barbet species over these 2 days seeing; Yellow-rumped Tinkerbirds, Yellow-spotted, Hairy-breasted, Yellow-billed, and Double-toothed Barbets, indeed a great haul. Birding the road a few kilometres from the lodge we nailed other specialties such as **Oriole Finch, Mountain Wagtail, Red-headed Bluebill, and Red-headed Malimbe.** The Oriole Finch in particular was a real surprise, rarely seen, but we found it feeding on roadside berries 10 feet away. We also did quite a bit of birding from the forest trails, which is always a treat in this stunning forest. Best birds found were; **Least Honeyguide, Turner's Eremomela, Scaly-breasted and Brown Illadopsis, Luehder's and Bocage's Bushshrikes, Brown-throated, Chestnut, Jameson's, and Yellow-bellied Wattle-eyes, Green Hylia, Southern Hylia, Petit's Cuckooshrike, and even Bar-tailed Trogon.** Some real excitement came while watching a troop of Blue Monkey's. While calmly feeding they suddenly burst into deafening screams, no sooner a massive **Crowned Hawk-Eagle** came hurtling through the trees narrowly missing a monkey high in the canopy. This kind of predator prey activity is not simply limited to the savannahs. This being said we also found a couple of Red-tailed Monkey troops, shyly moving through the trees. All of these targets, and many more, make this a truly amazing birding site, and when combined with very comfortable accommodation and great food, it is always a favourite birding location.



The mighty Crowned Hawk-Eagle just after narrowly missing a Blue Monkey in Kakamega.



D'Arnaud's Barbets in full display mode.

July 24: Kakamega to Lake Baringo

Today our drive crosses through many different habitats, and the only way to get a big list is to take advantage of these habitats as it may be the last time you see them. First we birded a highland marsh, finding **Jackson's** and **Fan-tailed Widowbird**, **Yellow Bishop**, and **Tinkling Cisticola**. Stopping for lunch in the Kerio Valley (part of the Great Rift Valley system, we found the voted bird of the trip, the simply stunning **White-crested Turaco**. We had walk away views of a pair courting each other, showing their truly amazing color contrast from deep white to emerald green.



Voted bird of the trip, it is hard to argue when you see these White-crested Turacos.

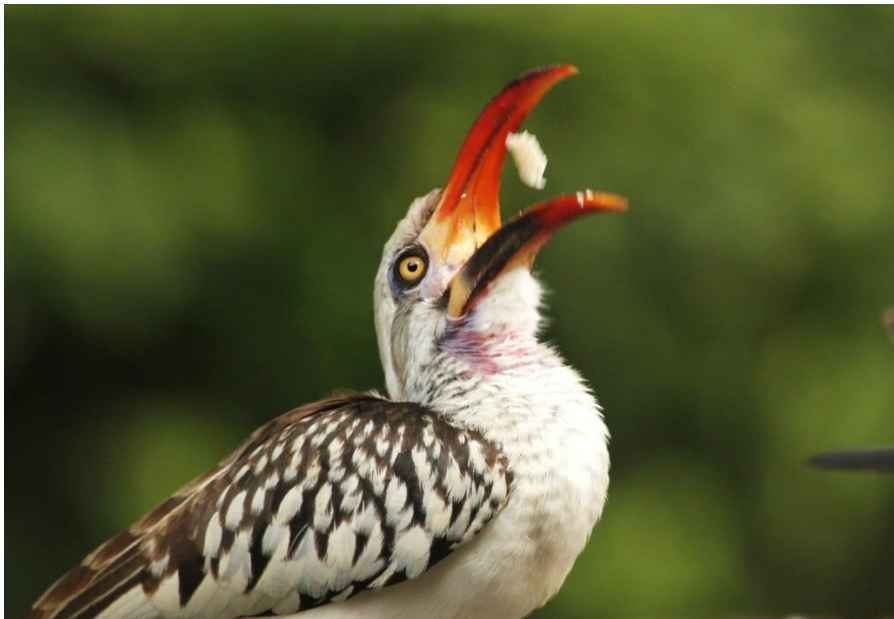
Arriving at Lake Baringo we met up with the famous Baringo Bird Boy's who quickly got us onto some otherwise tough (and time consuming) species. In no more than 30 minutes we saw roosting **Grayish Eagle-Owl**, **Northern White-faced Owl**, **Slender-tailed Nightjar**, **Spotted Thick-Knee**, and **Three-banded Courser**. Other good birds they got us on were **Great Spotted Cuckoo**, **Red-fronted Barbet**, and **Pygmy Batis**. Next we were off to our lodge at the very flooded Lake Baringo, of which all the Rift Valley lakes are. This flooding is very concerning here, since the water strangely will not stop rising. As the sun started to set **Bristle-crowned Starlings** greeted us in the parking lot, while after dinner we went out and tracked down a calling **African Scops-Owl**.



The beautiful Three-banded Courser roosting at Lake Baringo.

July 25: Lake Baringo to Lake Nakuru

Morning birding around the acacia scrub around Lake Baringo was productive, and the cloud cover made it bearable. A small flock held; **Mouse-colored Penduline-Tit**, **Somali Tit**, **Three-streaked Tchagra**, while **Madagascar Bee-eaters** and **Klaas's Cuckoo's** flew overhead. A quick, yet muddy stop for **Brown-tailed Chat** was successful, and another stop for **Black-headed Lapwing** in a soccer field was a win for the group. Back to the lodge for breakfast, the lodge staff put out some food for the birds, so while we ate we watched, **Red-billed Hornbill**, **Golden-backed Weaver**, **White-billed Buffalo-Weaver**, and the range restricted **Northern Masked-Weaver**.



Red-billed Hornbill, which joined us for breakfast at our lodge in Lake Baringo.

After getting all of our targets at Lake Baringo it was time to head south across the equator and into the magical Lake Nakuru National Park. Famous for its million or so flamingos the lake didn't disappoint as we entered the sea of pink. Scouring the shoreline we also had amazing views of **Greater Painted-Snipe** as well as a few migratory shorebirds like **Ruff**, and **Common Greenshank**. The park is also famous for its sizable population of White Rhino, of which we found 8, including a mother and young. We were even lucky enough to find 2 Black Rhinos in the surrounding forest. Another spectacle were the huge numbers of **Great White Pelican**, nearly pink in their breeding plumage it was amazing to see hundreds of these giant glide over the glass water in evening light. Our final surprise of the day came around sunset as the rare Striped Hyena trotted across the road in front of us. A very lucky sighting indeed, as this bone eating specialist is much more shy than the common Spotted Hyena.



Male Lion showing his hardware, Lake Nakuru.

July 26: Lake Nakuru to Lake Naivasha

Continuing on our journey of the Rift Valley Lakes we were on our way south again, but not before stopping to watch the magnificent White Rhinos as they slowly grazed on the lake side grasses. The mix of Rhinos and flamingos has to be seen to believe. On our way to Lake Naivasha we made an afternoon trip to Hell's Gate National Park. Taking advantage of being able to walk around outside of the vehicle, in a park still with big game, we were able to track down the breeding colony of **Rueppell's Griffon**, and even a flyover **Verreaux's Eagle** on the endless search for their Hyrax prey. Birds were a little slow down near the river but we did find **Red-fronted Tinkerbird**, and **Crimson-rumped Waxbill**. On the way out we finally found some **Mottled Swifts** swirling overhead. Now we were off to Lake Naivasha where our lodge grounds are quite birdy,

and well maintained with beautiful yellow Fever Trees with Waterbuck and Bushbuck grazing right outside your door.



Baby White Rhino “shuffelin”, Lake Nakuru.

July 27: Lake Naivasha to Aberdares NP to Mount Kenya

Leaving Naivasha we began to climb high into the Aberdares Mountains in hopes of some high elevation specialties. Nearing the top the vegetation changes to Moorland with Giant Lobelias. A big target at the top was the very range restricted **Aberdare Cisticola**, which we found quite easily. Also at the top were **Moorland Chat**, many **Auger Buzzards**, the plump **Jackson’s Francolin**, and **Mountain Yellow Warbler**. Unfortunately that is when the weather moved in on us making the road quite interesting and the wildlife calm down a bit. That being said we still saw African Forest Elephant, Giant Forest Hog, Spotted Hyena, huge Warthogs, and many Buffalo and Waterbuck. **Kenrick’s, Waller’s, and Slender-billed Starlings, Thick-billed Seedeater**, and the beautiful **Hartlaub’s Turaco** also made an appearance lower down.

Moving along to Naru Moru for the night at the foot of Mt. Kenya, we first had to cross some wide open plains where we found our only **Capped Wheatear** of the trip.

July 28 & 29: Mount Kenya

Our two days exploring the slopes of Mount Kenya’s Afro-mountain forest was very wet but also productive. On our first day **Scaly Francolin** was first to make an appearance as a small family group cross the road in front of us. At our highest point of elevation we had great views of **Abyssinian Ground-Thrush, Crowned Hawk-Eagle**, and the crazy **White-headed Woodhoopoe**, while **Red-fronted Parrots** were constantly flying overhead. During our night at the very posh Mountain Lodge we watched Elephant and Buffalo drinking at the lodges floodlit waterhole. These waterholes can attract anything at any time, so sleeping just didn’t seem right. Late into the night we were all rewarded first with a White-tailed Mongoose, and then a Leopard came in for a drink!! It was amazing to see these higher elevation Leopards with thick fur coats, making them look much larger than their savannah relatives.

Our next full day was also wet but many target birds were still acquired. The stunning **Abyssinian Crimsonwing**, **Black-headed Apalis**, **White-starred Robin**, and **White-browed Crombec** all were found before breakfast. Moving into other areas of the forest towards Castle Lodge we got into a flock containing **Moustached Tinkerbird**, **Tullberg's Woodpecker**, **Brown Woodland-Warbler**, **Black-fronted Bushshrike**, and **Rueppell's Robin-Chat**. Birding around the lodge gardens produced **Tacazze**, **Olive**, and **Eastern Double-collared Sunbirds**, while **Streaky Seedeaters** foraged for seeds. Nearby a group of noisy **Hunter's Cisticola's** definitely made themselves heard. Then, while watching a small party of **Kandt's Waxbills** near the lodge pool we had to move far out of the way as a family group of Elephants came to the pool for a drink! It was amazing to watch these massive beasts from the lodge balcony with a cold beer in hand. As day turned to night for us on Mt Kenya, and after an amazing dinner, we were successful in spotlighting 2 **Montane Nightjars** as they foraged around our bungalows.



A few Speckled Mousebirds hanging out on the slopes of Mt. Kenya.

July 30: Mount Kenya to Nairobi

Our first stop today was to strange cultivation and scrub habitat for the rare and endangered **Hinde's Babbler**, which also happens to be a Kenyan Endemic, needless to say a major target. Clambering around the steep slopes it took some time to find our target, but suddenly we hear the restless chatter of a group of them babblers. After another 30 minutes of effort we eventually got great, prolonged, views of these cool birds. Our next target was at a well known stakeout for **Cape Eagle-Owl**, and with the help of a local guide we had amazing views of a roosting female. We arrived at our hotel in Nairobi with enough time to catch up on some laundry, relaxation, and bird lists, in preparation for our second stage of the tour into the east.



The most photographed bird species in east Africa, the Lilac-breasted Roller.

July 31: Nairobi to Tsavo West

This morning we covered a lot of ground, eventually making it to the dry, acacia dominated Tsavo West NP. Great birding was had simply around the entrance gate, where the best birds were; **Pallid Honeyguide, Gray-headed Silverbill, Red-bellied Parrot, Tiny Cisticola, and Hunter's Sunbird**. Starting our game drive we stumbled upon **Black-faced Sandgrouse**, and multiple **Buff-crested Bustards**. While some target sunbirds included; **Black-bellied, Tsavo, and Eastern Violet-backed Sunbirds**. Moving on to our very nice lodge, with a Spotted Hyena near the entrance, we dropped our bags and watched the sunset in hopes of the star attraction here. This lodge is famous for its "Leopard feeder" where they put out a large piece of red meat to see what comes in. After a mere 20 minutes we were watching a Leopard feeding no more than 50 feet away from the bar, a perfect spot. After our dinner a family of South African Porcupine also came into the light. These weird creatures look like an American Porcupine but with quills 5 times longer. Watching the floodlit waterhole only produced a couple of Buffalo, so we called it a night after a long day.



Some people feed finches sunflower seed, some go a little bigger, same principle. Leopard in Tsavo West NP.



Beautifully patterned and confiding, this Black-faced Sandgrouse was a great find.

August 1: Tsavo West through Tsavo East and to Malindi

The drive through Tsavo East was very dry, and it was clear at the large population of Elephant were taking out their anger on the former trees. Birding was tough at times but we still found some great targets. The first **European Bee-eaters** had arrived here but were quickly trumped by the much less common **Somali Bee-eater**. A **Rosy-patched Bushshrike** hopped up to the top of a bush, while a large group of **Vulturine Guineafowl** crossed the road in front of us. Further east, and closer to the coast, we finally found our **Golden Pipit** target. Possibly the best looking in the family, these birds look more like yellow butterflies when in flight.



A Von der Decken's Hornbill in Tsavo East NP.

Arriving at the coast, and a brand new forest type we started right off the bat looking for the prize bird in the area, the very local **Sokoke Scops-Owl**. The use of a local guide here is critical, and we had arranged to meet our guide at a random exit trail on the side of the road. We said our hellos and quickly went into the coastal forest where he had already tracked the Owls to their roosting perch at 4am this morning. All we had to do was walk up to them. This was a simply amazing and efficient sequence of events to get us onto these rarely see owls. Next we carefully birded some nearby agricultural fields where we found the very scarce **Malindi Pipit** foraging around the dirt clumps of a squash field. Now off to the hotel for a well earned dinner.



Voted cutest bird of the trip, these rare and local Sokoke Scops-Owls are a trip highlight.

August 2 & 3: Arabuko-Sokoke Forest, Mida Creek, and Sabaki River Mouth

Our first morning in this isolated patch of coastal forest was one of the most productive birding mornings I have add in Kenya. We nearly got all of our targets in about 3 hours. To start things off we found the endangered and rare Golden-rumped Elephant-Shrew. A strange prehistoric mammal, it is often considered one of the top mammals in the world. Over head a **Lizard Buzzard** perched while a **Green Barbet** was calling from the same tree. Into a great forest road we got into some nice flocks picking up **Eastern Green Tinkerbird, Mombasa Woodpecker, Fischer's, Tiny, and Yellow-bellied Greenbuls, Red-tailed Ant-Thrush, Little Yellow Flycatcher**, and both **Forest and Pale Batis**. Some tougher regional specialties were also found on the first morning, best of which was the very underrated **Sokoke Pipit**, the skulky **East Coast Akalat**, both **Amani and Plain-backed Sunbirds**, and **Peter's Twinspot**. More forest birding the following morning had us finding the beautiful **Fischer's Turaco, Chestnut-fronted Helmetshrike, Four-colored Bushshrike, Easter Nicator**, and even a perched **Southern Banded Snake-Eagle**.



The shy Sokoke Pipit is an odd and beautiful species of the coastal forest floor.

The afternoons were spent along the coastal mangroves and flats of Mida Creek and Sabaki River Mouth. We found some great shorebirds at low tide from the monotypic **Crab Plover**, to the squat **Terek Sandpiper**, and the elongated **Eurasian Curlew**. The coastal scrub held **Zanzibar Bishop**, **Golden Palm Weaver**, and even **Violet-breasted Sunbird**. On the coast we found 6 species of terns plus **Sooty Gulls**. As the light faded on our final day in the area we watched **Collared Pratincoles** flying around us on the sand dunes, a great way to end our time here.

Aug 4: Malindi to Mombasa then flight to Nairobi

Our final day we needed to leave our hotel early to catch flights back to Nairobi connecting to International flights home. This concluded a very productive trip, filled with wildlife spectacles beyond belief, a trip of a life time none of us will soon forget. A big thank you to our driver Peter who not only has great driving skill on some very exciting roads to say the least, but he also has an intimate knowledge of the birds, and is a great spotter as well.

BIRD LIST

Taxonomy and nomenclature for this list largely follow: *The Birds of East Africa* by Terry Stevenson and John Fanshawe.

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|---|----------------------------|---|
| 1 | Ostrich | <i>Struthio camelus</i> |
| 2 | [Somali Ostrich] | <i>[Struthio camelus molybdophanes]</i> |
| 3 | White-faced Whistling-Duck | <i>Dendrocygna viduata</i> |
| 4 | White-backed Duck | <i>Thalassornis leuconotus</i> |

5	Comb Duck	<i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>
6	Egyptian Goose	<i>Alopochen aegyptiaca</i>
7	Spur-winged Goose	<i>Plectropterus gambensis</i>
8	African Black Duck	<i>Anas sparsa</i>
9	Yellow-billed Duck	<i>Anas undulata</i>
10	Red-billed Duck	<i>Anas erythrorhyncha</i>
11	Hottentot Teal	<i>Anas hottentota</i>
12	Cape Teal	<i>Anas capensis</i>
13	Southern Pochard	<i>Netta erythrophthalma</i>
14	Maccoa Duck	<i>Oxyura maccoa</i>
15	Helmeted Guineafowl	<i>Numida meleagris</i>
16	[Kenya Crested Guineafowl]	<i>[Guttera pucherani pucherani]</i>
17	Vulturine Guineafowl	<i>Acryllium vulturinum</i>
18	Coqui Francolin	<i>Francolinus coqui</i>
19	Crested Francolin	<i>Francolinus sephaena</i>
20	Shelley's Francolin	<i>Francolinus shelleyi</i>
21	Scaly Francolin	<i>Francolinus squamatus</i>
22	Hildebrandt's Francolin	<i>Francolinus hildebrandti</i>
23	Yellow-necked Francolin (Spurfowl)	<i>Francolinus leucoscepus</i>
24	Red-necked Francolin (Spurfowl)	<i>Francolinus afer</i>
25	Jackson's Francolin	<i>Francolinus jacksoni</i>
26	Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>
27	Harlequin Quail	<i>Coturnix delegorguei</i>
28	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>
29	Eared (Black-necked) Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>
30	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>
31	Lesser Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus minor</i>
32	African Openbill	<i>Anastomus lamelligerus</i>
33	Woolly-necked Stork	<i>Ciconia episcopus</i>
34	Saddle-billed Stork	<i>Ephippiorhynchus senegalensis</i>
35	Marabou Stork	<i>Leptoptilos crumeniferus</i>
36	Yellow-billed Stork	<i>Mycteria ibis</i>
37	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>
38	Long-tailed Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax africanus</i>
39	African Darter	<i>Anhinga rufa</i>
40	Great White Pelican	<i>Pelecanus onocrotalus</i>
41	Pink-backed Pelican	<i>Pelecanus rufescens</i>
42	Hamerkop	<i>Scopus umbretta</i>
43	Little Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>
44	Gray Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>
45	Black-headed Heron	<i>Ardea melanocephala</i>
46	Goliath Heron	<i>Ardea goliath</i>
47	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>
48	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>
49	Intermediate Egret	<i>Mesophoyx intermedia</i>
50	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>
51	Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>
52	(Common) Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>

53	Madagascar Pond-Heron	<i>Ardeola idae</i>
54	Rufous-bellied Heron	<i>Ardeola rufiventris</i>
55	Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>
56	Black-crowned Night-Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>
57	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>
58	Sacred Ibis	<i>Threskiornis aethiopicus</i>
59	Hadada Ibis	<i>Bostrychia hagedash</i>
60	African Spoonbill	<i>Platalea alba</i>
61	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>
62	African Cuckoo-Hawk	<i>Aviceda cuculoides</i>
63	European Honey-buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>
64	Bat Hawk	<i>Macheiramphus alcinus</i>
65	Black-shouldered Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>
66	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>
67	African Fish-Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus vocifer</i>
68	Hooded Vulture	<i>Necrosyrtes monachus</i>
69	White-backed Vulture	<i>Gyps africanus</i>
70	Rueppell's Griffon (Vulture)	<i>Gyps rueppellii</i>
71	Lappet-faced Vulture	<i>Torgos tracheliotus</i>
72	White-headed Vulture	<i>Trigonoceps occipitalis</i>
73	Black-breasted (-chested) Snake-Eagle	<i>Circaetus pectoralis</i>
74	Brown Snake-Eagle	<i>Circaetus cinereus</i>
75	Fasciated (Southern Banded) Snake-Eagle	<i>Circaetus fasciolatus</i>
76	Banded (Western Banded) Snake-Eagle	<i>Circaetus cinerascens</i>
77	Bateleur	<i>Terathopius ecaudatus</i>
78	African Marsh-Harrier	<i>Circus ranivorus</i>
79	African (Gymnogene) Harrier-Hawk	<i>Polyboroides typus</i>
80	Lizard Buzzard	<i>Kaupifalco monogrammicus</i>
81	Dark Chanting-Goshawk	<i>Melierax metabates</i>
82	Eastern Chanting-Goshawk	<i>Melierax poliopterus</i>
83	Gabar Goshawk	<i>Micronisus gabar</i>
84	African Goshawk	<i>Accipiter tachiro</i>
85	Shikra	<i>Accipiter badius</i>
86	Little Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter minullus</i>
87	Black (Great) Goshawk	<i>Accipiter melanoleucus</i>
88	Mountain Buzzard	<i>Buteo oreophilus</i>
89	Augur Buzzard	<i>Buteo augur</i>
90	Tawny Eagle	<i>Aquila rapax</i>
91	Verreaux's (Black) Eagle	<i>Aquila verreauxii</i>
92	African Hawk-Eagle	<i>Aquila spilogaster</i>
93	Wahlberg's Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus wahlbergi</i>
94	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>
95	Martial Eagle	<i>Polemaetus bellicosus</i>
96	Long-crested Eagle	<i>Lophaetus occipitalis</i>
97	Crowned (African Crowned) Hawk-Eagle	<i>Stephanoaetus coronatus</i>
98	Secretary-bird	<i>Sagittarius serpentarius</i>
99	Pygmy Falcon	<i>Polihierax semitorquatus</i>
100	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>

101	Eurasian (Common) Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>
102	Gray Kestrel	<i>Falco ardosiaceus</i>
103	Lanner Falcon	<i>Falco biarmicus</i>
104	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
105	White-spotted Flufftail	<i>Sarothrura pulchra</i>
106	African (Water) Rail	<i>Rallus caerulescens</i>
107	Black Crake	<i>Amaurornis flavirostra</i>
108	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>
109	Lesser Moorhen	<i>Gallinula angulata</i>
110	Red-knobbed Coot	<i>Fulica cristata</i>
111	Kori Bustard	<i>Ardeotis kori</i>
112	White-bellied Bustard	<i>Eupodotis senegalensis</i>
113	Buff-crested Bustard	<i>Eupodotis gindiana</i>
114	Black-bellied Bustard	<i>Lissotis melanogaster</i>
115	Gray Crowned-Crane	<i>Balearica regulorum</i>
116	Water Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus vermiculatus</i>
117	Spotted Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus capensis</i>
118	Long-toed Lapwing	<i>Vanellus crassirostris</i>
119	Blacksmith Plover (Lapwing)	<i>Vanellus armatus</i>
120	Spur-winged Plover (Lapwing)	<i>Vanellus spinosus</i>
121	Black-headed Lapwing	<i>Vanellus tectus</i>
122	Senegal Lapwing	<i>Vanellus lugubris</i>
123	Black-winged Lapwing	<i>Vanellus melanopterus</i>
124	Crowned Lapwing	<i>Vanellus coronatus</i>
125	(African) Wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus senegallus</i>
126	Lesser Sand-Plover	<i>Charadrius mongolus</i>
127	Greater Sand-Plover	<i>Charadrius leschenaultii</i>
128	Kittlitz's Plover	<i>Charadrius pecuarius</i>
129	Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>
130	Three-banded Plover	<i>Charadrius tricollaris</i>
131	White-fronted Plover	<i>Charadrius marginatus</i>
132	Chestnut-banded Plover	<i>Charadrius pallidus</i>
133	Crab Plover	<i>Dromas ardeola</i>
134	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>
135	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>
136	African Jacana	<i>Actophilornis africanus</i>
137	Terek Sandpiper	<i>Xenus cinereus</i>
138	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>
139	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>
140	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>
141	Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>
142	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>
143	Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>
144	Eurasian Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>
145	Bar-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa lapponica</i>
146	Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>
147	Little Stint	<i>Calidris minuta</i>
148	Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>

149	Ruff	<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>
150	African Snipe	<i>Gallinago nigripennis</i>
151	Temminck's Courser	<i>Cursorius temminckii</i>
152	Double- (Two-) banded Courser	<i>Smutsornis africanus</i>
153	Three-banded (Heuglin's) Courser	<i>Rhinoptilus cinctus</i>
154	Collared Pratincole	<i>Glareola pratincola</i>
155	Greater Painted-snipe	<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>
156	Gray-hooded (-headed) Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus</i>
157	Sooty Gull	<i>Ichthyaetus hemprichii</i>
158	Saunders's Tern	<i>Sternula saundersi</i>
159	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>
160	Caspian Tern	<i>Hydroprogne caspia</i>
161	White-winged Tern	<i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i>
162	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>
163	Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>
164	Great Crested (Swift) Tern	<i>Thalasseus bergii</i>
165	Sandwich Tern	<i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i>
166	Lesser Crested Tern	<i>Thalasseus bengalensis</i>
167	Yellow-throated Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles gutturalis</i>
168	Black-faced Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles decoratus</i>
169	Rock Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>
170	Speckled Pigeon	<i>Columba guinea</i>
171	Rameron Pigeon	<i>Columba arquatrix</i>
172	Lemon Dove	<i>Columba larvata</i>
173	Dusky Turtle-Dove	<i>Streptopelia lugens</i>
174	African Mourning Dove	<i>Streptopelia decipiens</i>
175	Red-eyed Dove	<i>Streptopelia semitorquata</i>
176	Ring-necked Dove	<i>Streptopelia capicola</i>
177	Laughing Dove	<i>Streptopelia senegalensis</i>
178	Emerald-spotted Wood-Dove	<i>Turtur chalcospilos</i>
179	Blue-spotted Wood-Dove	<i>Turtur afer</i>
180	Tambourine Dove	<i>Turtur tympanistria</i>
181	Namaqua Dove	<i>Oena capensis</i>
182	African Green-Pigeon	<i>Treron calvus</i>
183	Fischer's Lovebird	<i>Agapornis fischeri</i>
184	Red-fronted Parrot	<i>Poicephalus gulielmi</i>
185	Meyer's (Brown) Parrot	<i>Poicephalus meyeri</i>
186	Brown-headed Parrot	<i>Poicephalus cryptoxanthus</i>
187	Red-bellied (African Orange-bellied) Parrot	<i>Poicephalus rufiventris</i>
188	Great Blue Turaco	<i>Corythaeola cristata</i>
189	Schalow's Turaco	<i>Tauraco schalowi</i>
190	Black-billed Turaco	<i>Tauraco schuettii</i>
191	White-crested Turaco	<i>Tauraco leucolophus</i>
192	Fischer's Turaco	<i>Tauraco fischeri</i>
193	Hartlaub's Turaco	<i>Tauraco hartlaubi</i>
194	Purple-crested Turaco	<i>Tauraco porphyreolophus</i>
195	Ross's Turaco	<i>Musophaga rossae</i>
196	Bare-faced Go-away-bird	<i>Corythaixoides personatus</i>

197	White-bellied Go-away-bird	<i>Corythaixoides leucogaster</i>
198	Eastern Plantain-eater	<i>Crinifer zonurus</i>
199	Pied (Jacobin) Cuckoo	<i>Clamator jacobinus</i>
200	Levaillant's Cuckoo	<i>Clamator levaillantii</i>
201	Great Spotted Cuckoo	<i>Clamator glandarius</i>
202	Red-chested Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus solitarius</i>
203	Black Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus clamosus</i>
204	African Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus gularis</i>
205	Klaas's Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx klaas</i>
206	African Emerald Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx cupreus</i>
207	Dideric Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx caprius</i>
208	Yellowbill	<i>Ceuthmochares aereus</i>
209	Blue-headed Coucal	<i>Centropus monachus</i>
210	White-browed Coucal	<i>Centropus superciliosus</i>
211	Barn Owl	<i>Tyto alba</i>
212	Sokoke Scops-Owl	<i>Otus ireneae</i>
213	African Scops-Owl	<i>Otus senegalensis</i>
214	Northern White-faced Owl	<i>Ptilopsis leucotis</i>
215	Cape [Mackinder's] Eagle-Owl	<i>Bubo capensis [mackinderi]</i>
216	Spotted Eagle-Owl	<i>Bubo africanus</i>
217	Grayish Eagle-Owl	<i>Bubo cinerascens</i>
218	Verreaux's Eagle-Owl	<i>Bubo lacteus</i>
219	Pearl-spotted Owlet	<i>Glaucidium perlatum</i>
220	African Wood-Owl	<i>Strix woodfordii</i>
221	Fiery-necked Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus pectoralis</i>
222	Abyssinian (Montane) Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus poliocephalus</i>
223	Slender-tailed Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus clarus</i>
224	Square-tailed Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus fossii</i>
225	Bat-like (Böhm's) Spinetail	<i>Neafrapus boehmi</i>
226	Scarce Swift	<i>Schoutedenapus myoptilus</i>
227	Alpine Swift	<i>Apus melba</i>
228	Mottled Swift	<i>Apus aequatorialis</i>
229	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>
230	Nyanza Swift	<i>Apus niansae</i>
231	African (Black) Swift	<i>Apus barbatus</i>
232	Little Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>
233	Horus Swift	<i>Apus horus</i>
234	White-rumped Swift	<i>Apus caffer</i>
235	African Palm-Swift	<i>Cypsiurus parvus</i>
236	Speckled Mousebird	<i>Colius striatus</i>
237	Blue-naped Mousebird	<i>Urocolius macrourus</i>
238	Narina Trogon	<i>Apaloderma narina</i>
239	Bar-tailed Trogon	<i>Apaloderma vittatum</i>
240	Shining-blue Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo quadribrachys</i>
241	Malachite Kingfisher	<i>Corythornis cristatus</i>
242	African Pygmy-Kingfisher	<i>Ispidina picta</i>
243	Gray-headed (-hooded) Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon leucocephala</i>
244	Woodland Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon senegalensis</i>

245	Mangrove Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon senegaloides</i>
246	Brown-hooded Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon albiventris</i>
247	Striped Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon chelicuti</i>
248	Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>
249	Blue-headed Bee-eater	<i>Merops muelleri</i>
250	White-fronted Bee-eater	<i>Merops bullockoides</i>
251	Little Bee-eater	<i>Merops pusillus</i>
252	Cinnamon-chested Bee-eater	<i>Merops oreobates</i>
253	Somali Bee-eater	<i>Merops revoilii</i>
254	White-throated Bee-eater	<i>Merops albicollis</i>
255	Madagascar (Olive) Bee-eater	<i>Merops superciliosus</i>
256	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>
257	Northern Carmine Bee-eater	<i>Merops nubicus</i>
258	Lilac-breasted Roller	<i>Coracias caudatus</i>
259	Rufous-crowned Roller	<i>Coracias naevius</i>
260	Broad-billed Roller	<i>Eurystomus glaucurus</i>
261	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>
262	Green Woodhoopoe	<i>Phoeniculus purpureus</i>
263	White-headed Woodhoopoe	<i>Phoeniculus bollei</i>
264	Common Scimitar-bill	<i>Rhinopomastus cyanomelas</i>
265	Abyssinian Scimitar-bill	<i>Rhinopomastus minor</i>
266	Red-billed Hornbill	<i>Tockus erythrorhynchus</i>
267	Eastern Yellow-billed Hornbill	<i>Tockus flavirostris</i>
268	Jackson's Hornbill	<i>Tockus jacksoni</i>
269	Von der Decken's Hornbill	<i>Tockus deckeni</i>
270	Crowned Hornbill	<i>Tockus alboterminatus</i>
271	Hemprich's Hornbill	<i>Tockus hemprichii</i>
272	African Gray Hornbill	<i>Tockus nasutus</i>
273	Trumpeter Hornbill	<i>Ceratogymna bucinator</i>
274	Silvery-cheeked Hornbill	<i>Ceratogymna brevis</i>
275	Black-and-white-casqued Hornbill	<i>Ceratogymna subcylindrica</i>
276	Southern Ground-Hornbill	<i>Bucorvus leadbeateri</i>
277	Yellow-billed Barbet	<i>Trachyphonus purpuratus</i>
278	Red-and-yellow Barbet	<i>Trachyphonus erythrocephalus</i>
279	D'Arnaud's Barbet	<i>Trachyphonus darnaudii</i>
280	Gray-throated Barbet	<i>Gymnobucco bonapartei</i>
281	Green Barbet	<i>Stactolaema olivacea</i>
282	(Eastern) Green Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus simplex</i>
283	Moustached Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus leucomystax</i>
284	Yellow-rumped Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus bilineatus</i>
285	Red-fronted Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus pusillus</i>
286	Yellow-fronted Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus chrysoconus</i>
287	Yellow-spotted Barbet	<i>Buccanodon duchaillui</i>
288	Hairy-breasted Barbet	<i>Tricholaema hirsuta</i>
289	Red-fronted Barbet	<i>Tricholaema diademata</i>
290	Spot-flanked Barbet	<i>Tricholaema lacrymosa</i>
291	Black-throated Barbet	<i>Tricholaema melanocephala</i>
292	White-headed Barbet	<i>Lybius leucocephalus</i>

293	Black-collared Barbet	<i>Lybius torquatus</i>
294	Double-toothed Barbet	<i>Lybius bidentatus</i>
295	Pallid Honeyguide	<i>Indicator meliphilus</i>
296	Least Honeyguide	<i>Indicator exilis</i>
297	Lesser Honeyguide	<i>Indicator minor</i>
298	Scaly-throated Honeyguide	<i>Indicator variegatus</i>
299	Greater Honeyguide	<i>Indicator indicator</i>
300	Rufous-necked Wryneck	<i>Jynx ruficollis</i>
301	Nubian Woodpecker	<i>Campethera nubica</i>
302	Golden-tailed Woodpecker	<i>Campethera abingoni</i>
303	Mombasa Woodpecker	<i>Campethera mombassica</i>
304	Tullberg's Woodpecker	<i>Campethera tullbergi</i>
305	Buff-spotted Woodpecker	<i>Campethera nivosa</i>
306	Brown-eared Woodpecker	<i>Campethera caroli</i>
307	Cardinal Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos fuscescens</i>
308	Bearded Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos namaquus</i>
	Golden-crowned (Yellow-crested)	
309	Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos xantholophus</i>
310	Gray Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos goertae</i>
311	Gray-headed Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos spodocephalus</i>
312	African Broadbill	<i>Smithornis capensis</i>
313	Brown-throated (Common) Wattle-eye	<i>Platysteira cyanea</i>
314	Jameson's Wattle-eye	<i>Platysteira jamesoni</i>
315	Yellow-bellied Wattle-eye	<i>Platysteira concreta</i>
316	Short-tailed (Forest) Batis	<i>Batis mixta</i>
317	Chinspot Batis	<i>Batis molitor</i>
318	Pale Batis	<i>Batis soror</i>
319	Black-headed Batis	<i>Batis minor</i>
320	Pygmy Batis	<i>Batis perkeo</i>
321	White (-crested) Helmetshrike	<i>Prionops plumatus</i>
322	Gray-crested Helmetshrike	<i>Prionops poliulophus</i>
323	Retz's Helmetshrike	<i>Prionops retzii</i>
324	Chestnut-fronted Helmetshrike	<i>Prionops scopifrons</i>
325	Brubru	<i>Nilaus afer</i>
326	Northern Puffback	<i>Dryoscopus gambensis</i>
327	Black-backed Puffback	<i>Dryoscopus cubla</i>
328	Pink-footed Puffback	<i>Dryoscopus angolensis</i>
329	Marsh Tchagra	<i>Tchagra minutus</i>
330	Black-crowned Tchagra	<i>Tchagra senegalus</i>
331	Brown-crowned (Three-streaked) Tchagra	<i>Tchagra australis</i>
332	Three-streaked Tchagra	<i>Tchagra jamesi</i>
333	Red-naped Bushshrike	<i>Laniarius ruficeps</i>
334	Luehder's Bushshrike	<i>Laniarius luehderi</i>
335	Tropical Boubou	<i>Laniarius aethiopicus</i>
336	Black-headed Gonolek	<i>Laniarius erythrogaster</i>
337	Slate-colored Boubou	<i>Laniarius funebris</i>
338	Rosy-patched Bushshrike	<i>Rhodophoneus cruentus</i>
339	Gray-green (Bocage's) Bushshrike	<i>Telophorus bocagei</i>

340	Sulphur-breasted Bushshrike	<i>Telophorus sulfureopectus</i>
341	Black-fronted Bushshrike	<i>Telophorus nigrifrons</i>
342	Four-colored Bushshrike	<i>Telophorus viridis</i>
343	Gray-headed Bushshrike	<i>Malaconotus blanchoti</i>
344	Gray Cuckoo-shrike	<i>Coracina caesia</i>
345	Petit's Cuckoo-shrike	<i>Campephaga petiti</i>
346	Black Cuckoo-shrike	<i>Campephaga flava</i>
347	Gray-backed Fiscal	<i>Lanius excubitoroides</i>
348	Long-tailed Fiscal	<i>Lanius cabanisi</i>
349	Taita Fiscal	<i>Lanius dorsalis</i>
350	Somali Fiscal	<i>Lanius somalicus</i>
351	Mackinnon's Shrike	<i>Lanius mackinnoni</i>
352	Common Fiscal	<i>Lanius collaris</i>
353	Magpie Shrike	<i>Corvinella melanoleuca</i>
354	White-rumped (N. White-crowned) Shrike	<i>Eurocephalus rueppelli</i>
355	African Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus auratus</i>
356	Western Black-headed Oriole	<i>Oriolus brachyrhynchus</i>
357	African Black-headed Oriole	<i>Oriolus larvatus</i>
258	Black-tailed (Montane) Oriole	<i>Oriolus percivali</i>
359	Square-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus ludwigii</i>
360	Fork-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus adsimilis</i>
361	(Little) Yellow Flycatcher	<i>Erythrocercus holochlorus</i>
362	African (Blue-mantled) Crested-Flycatcher	<i>Trochocercus cyanomelas</i>
363	African Paradise-Flycatcher	<i>Terpsiphone viridis</i>
364	House Crow	<i>Corvus splendens</i>
365	Cape Crow	<i>Corvus capensis</i>
366	Pied Crow	<i>Corvus albus</i>
367	Fan-tailed Raven	<i>Corvus rhipidurus</i>
368	White-necked Raven	<i>Corvus albicollis</i>
369	Eastern (Yellow-spotted) Nicator	<i>Nicator gularis</i>
370	Singing Bushlark	<i>Mirafraga cantillans</i>
371	Rufous-naped Lark	<i>Mirafraga africana</i>
372	Flappet Lark	<i>Mirafraga rufocinnamomea</i>
373	Pink-breasted Lark	<i>Calendulauda poecilosterna</i>
374	Foxy (Fawn-colored) Lark	<i>Calendulauda (africanoides) alopex</i>
375	Chestnut-headed Sparrow-Lark	<i>Eremopterix signatus</i>
376	Fischer's Sparrow-Lark	<i>Eremopterix leucopareia</i>
377	Red-capped Lark	<i>Calandrella cinerea</i>
378	Somali [Athi] Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella somalica [athensis]</i>
379	Plain Martin	<i>Riparia paludicola</i>
380	Bank (Sand Martin) Swallow	<i>Riparia riparia</i>
381	Banded Martin	<i>Riparia cincta</i>
382	Rock Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne fuligula</i>
383	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>
384	Ethiopian Swallow	<i>Hirundo aethiopica</i>
385	Angola Swallow	<i>Hirundo angolensis</i>
386	Wire-tailed Swallow	<i>Hirundo smithii</i>
387	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>

388	Lesser Striped-Swallow	<i>Cecropis abyssinica</i>
389	Rufous-chested Swallow	<i>Cecropis semirufa</i>
390	Mosque Swallow	<i>Cecropis senegalensis</i>
391	White-headed Sawwing	<i>Psalidoprocne albiceps</i>
392	Black Sawwing	<i>Psalidoprocne pristoptera</i>
393	Gray-rumped Swallow	<i>Pseudhirundo griseopyga</i>
394	African Blue-Flycatcher	<i>Elminia longicauda</i>
395	White-tailed Crested-Flycatcher	<i>Elminia albonotata</i>
396	White-bellied Tit	<i>Melaniparus albiventris</i>
397	Dusky Tit	<i>Melaniparus funereus</i>
398	Red-throated Tit	<i>Melaniparus fringillinus</i>
399	Somali (Northern Gray) Tit	<i>Melaniparus thruppi</i>
400	Mouse-colored Penduline-Tit	<i>Anthoscopus musculus</i>
401	Common Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus barbatus</i>
402	[Dodson's Bulbul]	<i>[Pycnonotus barbatus dodsoni]</i>
403	Shelley's [Kakamega] Greenbul	<i>Andropadus masukuensis</i>
404	Little Greenbul	<i>[kakamegae]</i>
405	(Little) Gray Greenbul	<i>Andropadus virens</i>
406	Ansorge's Greenbul	<i>Andropadus gracilis</i>
407	Plain (Cameroon Sombre) Greenbul	<i>Andropadus ansorgei</i>
408	Slender-billed Greenbul	<i>Andropadus curvirostris</i>
409	(Zanzibar) Sombre Greenbul	<i>Andropadus gracilirostris</i>
410	Yellow-whiskered Greenbul	<i>Andropadus importunus</i>
411	Eastern Mountain-Greenbul	<i>Andropadus latirostris</i>
412	Honeyguide Greenbul	<i>Andropadus nigriceps</i>
413	Yellow-bellied Greenbul	<i>Baeopogon indicator</i>
414	Joyful Greenbul	<i>Chlorocichla flaviventris</i>
415	Cabanis's Greenbul	<i>Chlorocichla laetissima</i>
416	Fischer's Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus cabanisi</i>
417	Northern Brownbul	<i>Phyllastrephus fischeri</i>
418	Gray-olive Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus strepitans</i>
419	Tiny Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus cerviniventris</i>
420	Common (Red-tailed) Bristlebill	<i>Phyllastrephus debilis</i>
421	Uganda Wood-Warbler	<i>Bleda syndactylus</i>
422	Brown Woodland-Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus budongoensis</i>
423	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus umbrovirens</i>
424	Icterine Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>
425	African (Dark-capped) Yellow Warbler	<i>Hippolais icterina</i>
426	Mountain Yellow Warbler	<i>Chloropeta natalensis</i>
427	African Reed-Warbler	<i>Chloropeta similis</i>
428	Great Reed-Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus baeticatus</i>
429	Greater Swamp-Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>
430	Lesser Swamp- (Cape Reed) Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus rufescens</i>
431	African Bush- (Little Rush) Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus gracilirostris</i>
432	Cinnamon Bracken-Warbler	<i>Bradypterus baboecala</i>
433	Fan-tailed (Broad-tailed Warbler) Grassbird	<i>Bradypterus cinnamomeus</i>
434	Black-collared Apalis	<i>Schoenicola brevirostris</i>
		<i>Apalis pulchra</i>

435	Black-throated Apalis	<i>Apalis jacksoni</i>
436	Yellow-breasted Apalis	<i>Apalis flavida</i>
437	Buff-throated Apalis	<i>Apalis rufogularis</i>
438	Chestnut-throated Apalis	<i>Apalis porphyrolaema</i>
439	Black-headed Apalis	<i>Apalis melanocephala</i>
440	Gray Apalis	<i>Apalis cinerea</i>
441	Green-backed Camaroptera	<i>Camaroptera brachyura</i>
442	[Gray-backed Camaroptera]	<i>[Camaroptera brachyura brevicaudata]</i>
443	Olive-green Camaroptera	<i>Camaroptera chloronota</i>
444	Red-fronted Warbler	<i>Urorhipis rufifrons</i>
445	Miombo [Pale] Wren-Warbler	<i>Calamonastes undosus [undosus]</i>
446	Gray Wren-Warbler	<i>Calamonastes simplex</i>
447	White-chinned Prinia	<i>Schistolais leucopogon</i>
448	Red-faced Cisticola	<i>Cisticola erythrops</i>
449	Singing Cisticola	<i>Cisticola cantans</i>
450	Trilling Cisticola	<i>Cisticola woosnami</i>
451	Chubb's Cisticola	<i>Cisticola chubbi</i>
452	Hunter's Cisticola	<i>Cisticola hunteri</i>
453	Boran Cisticola	<i>Cisticola bodessa</i>
454	Rattling Cisticola	<i>Cisticola chiniana</i>
455	Ashy Cisticola	<i>Cisticola cinereolus</i>
456	Winding (Black-backed) Cisticola	<i>Cisticola galactotes</i>
457	Carruthers's Cisticola	<i>Cisticola carruthersi</i>
458	Tinkling (Levillant's) Cisticola	<i>Cisticola tinniensi</i>
459	Stout Cisticola	<i>Cisticola robustus</i>
460	Croaking Cisticola	<i>Cisticola natalensis</i>
461	Aberdare Cisticola	<i>Cisticola aberdare</i>
462	Siffling Cisticola	<i>Cisticola brachypterus</i>
463	Tiny Cisticola	<i>Cisticola nana</i>
464	Zitting (Fan-tailed) Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>
465	Desert Cisticola	<i>Cisticola aridulus</i>
466	Pectoral-patch Cisticola	<i>Cisticola brunnescens</i>
467	Wing-snapping (Ayers's) Cisticola	<i>Cisticola ayresii</i>
468	Gray-capped Warbler	<i>Eminia lepida</i>
469	Black-faced Rufous-Warbler	<i>Bathmocercus rufus</i>
470	Buff-bellied Warbler	<i>Phyllolais pulchella</i>
471	Tawny-flanked Prinia	<i>Prinia subflava</i>
472	Pale Prinia	<i>Prinia somalica</i>
473	Yellow-vented Eremomela	<i>Eremomela flavicrissalis</i>
474	Yellow-bellied Eremomela	<i>Eremomela icteropygialis</i>
475	Green-cap Eremomela	<i>Eremomela scotops</i>
476	Turner's Eremomela	<i>Eremomela turneri</i>
477	Banded Warbler (Parisoma)	<i>Parisoma boehmi</i>
478	White-browed Crombec	<i>Sylvietta leucophrys</i>
479	Northern Crombec	<i>Sylvietta brachyura</i>
480	Red-faced Crombec	<i>Sylvietta whytii</i>
481	Green Hylia	<i>Hylia prasina</i>

482	Southern Hyliota	<i>Hyliota australis</i>
483	Silverbird	<i>Empidonis semipartitus</i>
484	Pale Flycatcher	<i>Bradornis pallidus</i>
485	African Gray Flycatcher	<i>Bradornis microrhynchus</i>
486	White-eyed Slaty-Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis fischeri</i>
487	Northern Black-Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis edolioides</i>
488	Southern Black-Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis pammelaina</i>
489	Swamp Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa aquatica</i>
490	African Dusky Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa adusta</i>
491	Ashy Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa caerulescens</i>
492	Gray Tit- (Lead-colored) Flycatcher	<i>Myioparus plumbeus</i>
493	White-starred Robin	<i>Pogonocichla stellata</i>
494	Equatorial Akalat	<i>Sheppardia aequatorialis</i>
495	East Coast Akalat	<i>Sheppardia gunningi</i>
496	Cape Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha caffra</i>
497	Blue-shouldered Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha cyanocampter</i>
498	Gray-winged Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha polioptera</i>
499	Rueppell's Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha semirufa</i>
500	White-browed Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha heuglini</i>
501	Red-capped Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha natalensis</i>
502	Snowy-crowned Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha niveicapilla</i>
503	Spotted Morning-Thrush	<i>Cichladusa guttata</i>
504	(Eastern) Bearded Scrub-Robin	<i>Cercotrichas quadrivirgata</i>
505	Red-backed (White-browed) Scrub-Robin	<i>Cercotrichas leucophrys</i>
506	Mourning [Schalow's] Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe lugens [schalowi]</i>
507	Capped Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe pileata</i>
508	(African) Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquatus</i>
509	Familiar Chat	<i>Cercomela familiaris</i>
510	Brown-tailed Chat	<i>Cercomela scotocerca</i>
511	Moorland (Alpine) Chat	<i>Cercomela sordida</i>
512	Northern Anteater-Chat	<i>Myrmecocichla aethiops</i>
513	Sooty Chat	<i>Myrmecocichla nigra</i>
514	Mocking Cliff-Chat	<i>Thamnolaea cinnamomeiventris</i>
515	Red-tailed Ant-Thrush	<i>Neocossyphus rufus</i>
516	White-tailed Ant-Thrush	<i>Neocossyphus poensis</i>
517	Little Rock-Thrush	<i>Monticola rufocinereus</i>
518	Abyssinian Ground-Thrush	<i>Zoothera piaggiae</i>
519	Olive Thrush	<i>Turdus olivaceus</i>
520	African Thrush	<i>Turdus pelios</i>
521	African Bare-eyed Thrush	<i>Turdus tephronotus</i>
522	Brown-chested Alethe	<i>Alethe poliocephala</i>
523	Scaly-breasted Illadopsis	<i>Illadopsis albipectus</i>
524	Brown Illadopsis	<i>Illadopsis fulvescens</i>
525	Mountain Illadopsis	<i>Illadopsis pyrrhoptera</i>
526	Gray-chested Illadopsis	<i>Kakamega poliothorax</i>
527	African Hill Babbler	<i>Pseudoalcippe abyssinica</i>
528	Scaly Chatterer	<i>Turdoides aylmeri</i>
529	Rufous Chatterer	<i>Turdoides rubiginosa</i>

530	Black-lored Babbler	<i>Turdoides sharpei</i>
531	Scaly Babbler	<i>Turdoides squamulata</i>
532	Northern Pied-Babbler	<i>Turdoides hypoleuca</i>
533	Hinde's Pied-Babbler	<i>Turdoides hindei</i>
534	Brown Babbler	<i>Turdoides plebejus</i>
535	Arrow-marked Babbler	<i>Turdoides jardineii</i>
536	African Yellow White-eye	<i>Zosterops senegalensis</i>
537	Broad-ringed (Montane) White-eye	<i>Zosterops poliogastrus</i>
538	White-breasted (Abyssinian) White-eye	<i>Zosterops abyssinicus</i>
539	Wattled Starling	<i>Creatophora cinerea</i>
540	Greater Blue-eared Glossy-Starling	<i>Lamprotornis chalybaeus</i>
541	Rueppell's Glossy-Starling	<i>Lamprotornis purpuroptera</i>
542	Golden-breasted Starling	<i>Lamprotornis regius</i>
543	Black-bellied Glossy-Starling	<i>Lamprotornis corruscus</i>
544	Superb Starling	<i>Lamprotornis superbus</i>
545	Hildebrandt's Starling	<i>Lamprotornis hildebrandti</i>
546	Shelley's Starling	<i>Lamprotornis shelleyi</i>
547	Violet-backed Starling	<i>Cinnyricinclus leucogaster</i>
548	Fischer's Starling	<i>Spreo fischeri</i>
549	Red-winged Starling	<i>Onychognathus morio</i>
550	Slender-billed Starling	<i>Onychognathus tenuirostris</i>
551	Waller's Starling	<i>Onychognathus walleri</i>
552	Bristle-crowned Starling	<i>Onychognathus salvadorii</i>
553	Stuhlmann's Starling	<i>Poeoptera stuhlmanni</i>
554	Kenrick's Starling	<i>Poeoptera kenricki</i>
555	Magpie Starling	<i>Speculipastor bicolor</i>
556	Red-billed Oxpecker	<i>Buphagus erythrorhynchus</i>
557	Yellow-billed Oxpecker	<i>Buphagus africanus</i>
558	Plain-backed Sunbird	<i>Anthreptes reichenowi</i>
559	Kenya Violet-backed Sunbird	<i>Anthreptes orientalis</i>
560	Green Sunbird	<i>Anthreptes rectirostris</i>
561	Collared Sunbird	<i>Hedydipna collaris</i>
562	Amani Sunbird	<i>Hedydipna pallidigaster</i>
563	Green-headed Sunbird	<i>Cyanomitra verticalis</i>
564	Eastern Olive Sunbird	<i>Cyanomitra olivacea</i>
565	Western Olive Sunbird	<i>Cyanomitra obscura</i>
566	Green-throated Sunbird	<i>Chalcomitra rubescens</i>
567	Amethyst Sunbird	<i>Chalcomitra amethystina</i>
568	Scarlet-chested Sunbird	<i>Chalcomitra senegalensis</i>
569	Hunter's Sunbird	<i>Chalcomitra hunteri</i>
570	Tacazze Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia tacazze</i>
571	Bronze Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia kilimensis</i>
572	Malachite Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia famosa</i>
573	Golden-winged Sunbird	<i>Drepanorhynchus reichenowi</i>
574	Northern Double-collared Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris reichenowi</i>
575	Eastern Double-collared Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris mediocris</i>
576	Beautiful Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris pulchellus</i>
577	Mariqua Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris mariquensis</i>

578	Red-chested Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris erythrocerus</i>
579	Black-bellied Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris nectarinioides</i>
580	Purple-banded Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris bifasciatus</i>
581	Tsavo Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris tsavoensis</i>
582	Violet-breasted Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris chalcomelas</i>
583	Variable Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris venustus</i>
584	Cape Wagtail	<i>Motacilla capensis</i>
585	Mountain Wagtail	<i>Motacilla clara</i>
586	African Pied Wagtail	<i>Motacilla aguimp</i>
587	African (Grassland) Pipit	<i>Anthus cinnamomeus</i>
588	Long-billed Pipit	<i>Anthus similis</i>
589	Plain-backed Pipit	<i>Anthus leucophrys</i>
590	Malindi Pipit	<i>Anthus melindae</i>
591	Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>
592	Sokoke Pipit	<i>Anthus sokokensis</i>
593	Golden Pipit	<i>Tmetothylacus tenellus</i>
594	Sharpe's Longclaw	<i>Hemimacronyx sharpei</i>
595	Yellow-throated Longclaw	<i>Macronyx croceus</i>
596	Pangani Longclaw	<i>Macronyx aurantiigula</i>
597	Rosy-throated Longclaw	<i>Macronyx ameliae</i>
598	Cinnamon-breasted Bunting	<i>Emberiza tahapisi</i>
599	Golden-breasted Bunting	<i>Emberiza flaviventris</i>
600	Somali Bunting	<i>Emberiza poliopleura</i>
601	Oriole Finch	<i>Linurgus olivaceus</i>
602	Yellow-crowned (Cape) Canary	<i>Serinus (canicollis) flavivertex</i>
603	Yellow-fronted Canary	<i>Serinus mozambicus</i>
604	African (Western) Citril	<i>Serinus citrinelloides kikuyuensis</i>
605	Papyrus Canary	<i>Serinus koliensis</i>
606	Black-throated Canary	<i>Serinus atrogularis</i>
607	Reichenow's (Yellow-rumped) Seedeater	<i>Serinus reichenowi</i>
608	White-bellied Canary	<i>Serinus dorsostriatus</i>
609	Southern Grosbeak-Canary	<i>Serinus buchanani</i>
610	Brimstone Canary	<i>Serinus sulphuratus</i>
611	Streaky Seedeater	<i>Serinus striolatus</i>
612	Thick-billed Seedeater	<i>Serinus burtoni</i>
613	Streaky-headed Seedeater	<i>Serinus gularis</i>
614	Reichard's (Stripe-breasted) Seedeater	<i>Serinus reichardi</i>
615	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>
616	Kenya Rufous Sparrow	<i>Passer rufocinctus</i>
617	Gray-headed Sparrow	<i>Passer griseus</i>
618	Parrot-billed Sparrow	<i>Passer gongonensis</i>
619	Swahili Sparrow	<i>Passer suahelicus</i>
620	Chestnut Sparrow	<i>Passer eminibey</i>
621	Yellow-spotted Petronia	<i>Petronia pyrgita</i>
622	White-billed Buffalo-Weaver	<i>Bubalornis albirostris</i>
623	Red-billed Buffalo-Weaver	<i>Bubalornis niger</i>
624	White-headed Buffalo-Weaver	<i>Dinemellia dinemelli</i>
625	Speckle-fronted Weaver	<i>Sporopipes frontalis</i>

626	White-browed Sparrow-Weaver	<i>Plocepasser mahali</i>
627	Gray-headed (-capped) Social-Weaver	<i>Pseudonigrita arnaudi</i>
628	Black-capped Social-Weaver	<i>Pseudonigrita cabanisi</i>
629	Red-headed Malimbe	<i>Malimbus rubricollis</i>
630	Red-headed Weaver	<i>Anaplectes rubriceps</i>
631	Baglafecht Weaver	<i>Ploceus baglafecht</i>
632	Little Weaver	<i>Ploceus luteolus</i>
633	Slender-billed Weaver	<i>Ploceus pelzelni</i>
634	Black-necked Weaver	<i>Ploceus nigricollis</i>
635	Spectacled Weaver	<i>Ploceus ocularis</i>
636	Black-billed Weaver	<i>Ploceus melanogaster</i>
637	Holub's Golden-Weaver	<i>Ploceus xanthops</i>
638	Golden Palm Weaver	<i>Ploceus bojeri</i>
639	Northern Brown-throated Weaver	<i>Ploceus castanops</i>
640	Northern Masked-Weaver	<i>Ploceus taeniopterus</i>
641	Lesser Masked-Weaver	<i>Ploceus intermedius</i>
642	Vitelline Masked-Weaver	<i>Ploceus vitellinus</i>
643	Speke's Weaver	<i>Ploceus spekei</i>
644	Vieillot's (Black) Weaver	<i>Ploceus nigerrimus</i>
645	Village (Black-headed) Weaver	<i>Ploceus cucullatus</i>
646	Black-headed (Yellow-backed) Weaver	<i>Ploceus melanocephalus</i>
647	Golden-backed Weaver	<i>Ploceus jacksoni</i>
648	Chestnut Weaver	<i>Ploceus rubiginosus</i>
649	Forest (Dark-backed) Weaver	<i>Ploceus bicolor</i>
650	Cardinal Quelea	<i>Quelea cardinalis</i>
651	Red-headed Quelea	<i>Quelea erythrops</i>
652	(Southern) Red Bishop	<i>Euplectes orix</i>
653	Zanzibar (Red) Bishop	<i>Euplectes nigroventris</i>
654	Black Bishop	<i>Euplectes gierowii</i>
655	Yellow-crowned Bishop	<i>Euplectes afer</i>
656	Yellow Bishop	<i>Euplectes capensis</i>
657	White-winged Widowbird	<i>Euplectes albonotatus</i>
658	Yellow-shouldered Widowbird	<i>Euplectes macroura</i>
659	Red-collared Widowbird	<i>Euplectes ardens</i>
660	Fan-tailed Widowbird	<i>Euplectes axillaris</i>
661	Long-tailed Widowbird	<i>Euplectes progne</i>
662	Jackson's Widowbird	<i>Euplectes jacksoni</i>
663	Grosbeak (Thick-billed) Weaver	<i>Amblyospiza albifrons</i>
664	Gray-headed Negrofinch	<i>Nigrita canicapillus</i>
665	Yellow-bellied Waxbill	<i>Coccygia quartinia</i>
666	Abyssinian Crimson-wing	<i>Cryptospiza salvadorii</i>
667	Fawn-breasted Waxbill	<i>Estrilda paludicola</i>
668	Common Waxbill	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>
669	Black-crowned Waxbill	<i>Estrilda nonnula</i>
670	Kandt's (Black-headed) Waxbill	<i>Estrilda (atricapilla) kandti</i>
671	Black-cheeked (-faced) Waxbill	<i>Estrilda erythronotos</i>
672	Red-headed Bluebill	<i>Spermophaga ruficapilla</i>
673	Red-cheeked Cordonbleu	<i>Uraeginthus bengalus</i>

674	Blue-capped Cordonbleu	<i>Uraeginthus cyanocephalus</i>
675	Purple Grenadier	<i>Granatina ianthinogaster</i>
676	Peters's Twinspot	<i>Hypargos niveoguttatus</i>
677	Green-winged Pytilia	<i>Pytilia melba</i>
678	Red-billed Firefinch	<i>Lagonosticta senegala</i>
679	African Firefinch	<i>Lagonosticta rubricata</i>
680	Jameson's Firefinch	<i>Lagonosticta rhodopareia</i>
681	Cut-throat	<i>Amadina fasciata</i>
682	African Quailfinch	<i>Ortygospiza (atricollis) fuscocrissa</i>
683	Gray-headed Silverbill	<i>Odontospiza griseicapilla</i>
684	Bronze Mannikin	<i>Spermestes cucullatus</i>
685	Black-and-white Mannikin	<i>Spermestes bicolor</i>
686	African Silverbill	<i>Euodice cantans</i>
687	Pin-tailed Whydah	<i>Vidua macroura</i>
688	Steel-blue Whydah	<i>Vidua hypocherina</i>
690	Straw-tailed Whydah	<i>Vidua fischeri</i>
691	Village Indigobird	<i>Vidua chalybeata</i>
692	Variable Indigobird	<i>Vidua funerea</i>

MAMMAL LIST

This list follows the *Kingdon Field Guide to African Mammals (2003)* by Jonathan Kingdon.

1	Guereza Pied Colobus	<i>Colobus guereza</i>
2	Olive Baboon	<i>Papio anubis</i>
3	Yellow Baboon	<i>Papio cyanocephalus</i>
4	Vervet Monkey	<i>Cercopithecus aethiops pygerythrus</i>
5	Sykes Blue Gentle Monkey	<i>Cercopithecus nictitans stuhlmanni</i>
6	Red-tailed Monkey	<i>Cercopithecus ascanius schmidtii</i>
7	Northern Greater Galago	<i>Otolemur garnettii</i>
8	Hairy Slit-faced Bat	<i>Nycteris hispida</i>
9	East African Epauletted Fruit Bat	<i>Epomophorus minimus</i>
10	Yellow-winged Bat	<i>Lavia frons</i>
11	Golden-rumped Elephant-Shrew	<i>Rhynchocyon chrysopygus</i>
12	Scrub Hare	<i>Lepus saxatilis</i>
13	Cape Hare	<i>Cercopithecus ascanius</i>
14	Striped Ground Squirrel	<i>Euxerus erythropus</i>
15	Unstriped Ground Squirrel	<i>Xerus rutilus</i>
16	Ochre Bush Squirrel	<i>Paraxerus ochraceus</i>
17	Red-legged Sun Squirrel	<i>Heliosciurus rufobrachium</i>
18	Springhare	<i>Pedetes capensis</i>
19	South African Porcupine	<i>Hystrix africaeaustralis</i>
20	Black-backed Jackal	<i>Canis mesomelas</i>
21	Side-striped Jackal	<i>Canis adustus</i>
22	Bat-eared Fox	<i>Otocyon megalotis</i>
23	Egyptian Mongoose	<i>Herpestes ichneumon</i>
24	Banded Mongoose	<i>Mungos mungo</i>

25	White-tailed Mongoose	<i>Ichneumia albicauda</i>
26	Slender Mongoose	<i>Herpestes sanguinea</i>
27	Dwarf Mongoose	<i>Helogale parvula</i>
28	Striped Hyena	<i>Hyaena hyaena</i>
29	Spotted Hyena	<i>Crocuta crocuta</i>
30	Common Genet	<i>Genetta genetta</i>
31	African Civet	<i>Civetticus civetta</i>
32	Wild Cat	<i>Felis sylvestris</i>
33	Serval	<i>Felis serval</i>
34	Leopard	<i>Panthera pardus</i>
35	Lion	<i>Panthera leo</i>
36	Cheetah	<i>Acinonyx jubatus</i>
37	Yellow-spotted Hyrax	<i>Heterohyrax brucei</i>
38	Black-necked Rock Hyrax	<i>Procavia johnstoni</i>
39	Eastern Tree Hyrax	<i>Dendrohyrax validus</i>
40	African Savannah Elephant	<i>Loxodonta africana</i>
41	African Forest Elephant	<i>Loxodonta cyclotis</i>
42	Common Zebra	<i>Equus quagga boehmi</i>
43	Black Rhinoceros	<i>Diceros bicornis</i>
44	White Rhinoceros	<i>Ceratotherium simum</i>
45	Hippopotamus	<i>Hippopotamus amphibious</i>
46	Common Warthog	<i>Phacochoerus africanus</i>
47	Giant Forest Hog	<i>Hylochoerus meinertzhageni</i>
48	Giraffe	<i>Giraffa camelopardalis</i>
49	African Buffalo	<i>Syncerus caffer</i>
50	Bushbuck	<i>Tragelaphus scriptus</i>
51	Lesser Kudu	<i>Tragelaphus imberbis</i>
52	Eland	<i>Taurotragus oryx</i>
53	Bush Duiker	<i>Sylvicapra grimmia</i>
54	Suni	<i>Nesotragus moschatus</i>
55	Bohor Reedbuck	<i>Redunca redunca</i>
56	Steinbuck	<i>Raphicerus campestris</i>
57	Kirk's Dikdik	<i>Madoqua kirkii</i>
58	Common Waterbuck	<i>Kobus e. ellipsiprymnus</i>
59	Thompson's Gazelle	<i>Gazella rufifrons</i>
60	Grant's Gazelle	<i>Gazella granti</i>
61	Gerenuk	<i>Litocranius walleri</i>
62	Impala	<i>Aepyceros melampus</i>
63	Topi	<i>Damaliscus lunatus topi</i>
64	Coke's Hartebeest (Kongoni)	<i>Alcelaphus buselaphus cokei</i>
65	Blue Wildebeest	<i>Connochaetes taurinus</i>
66	Beisa Oryx	<i>Oryx beisa</i>