

## Central Colombia: Andean Endemics Paradise

23 January – 5 February 2012

Tour leader: Nick Athanas

Report and photos by Nick Athanas



*Black-and-gold Tanager, one of the more colorful of the Colombian endemics*

Colombia has a mind-boggling birdlist of 1820 species, and one gets the feeling that there is still so much more to be discovered. Much of this marvelous country is relatively unexplored, and new birding sites are being discovered all the time. The country hosts over 70 endemics, most of them from the Andes in the central part of the country. The mountain chain splits into three as it traverses Colombia, and each range and valley holds its own special birds. This year we did a nice circuit through some of the best sites in these mountains, packing in a heck of a lot of birding and almost 500 species into a two-week tour. It was a bit rainier than you might expect for this time of year, but that didn't hold us back much, and we had a very nice haul of endemics headlined by the likes of **Gold-ringed**, **Black-and-gold**, and **Multicolored Tanagers**, **Beautiful Woodpecker**, **Chestnut-capped Piha**, **Bogotá Rail**, and **Brown-breasted Parakeet**.

The tour started at Chingaza National Park in the cool, high mountains above the giant metropolis of Bogotá. We birded in misty páramo laden with otherworldly *Espeletia* plants, enjoying views of a very



distinctive subspecies of **Tawny Antpitta** that may deserve to be split as well as a local form of **White-chinned Thistletail**. Two **Bearded Helmetcrests** were chasing each other around, and occasionally perched for a few moments where we could see them. Other small birds like **Andean Siskin** and **Rufous-browed Conebill** (*photo left*) moved energetically through the bushes. We were delayed a little while at the park HQ since the guy in charge was late, but we took advantage of the time and had very nice views of **Pale-bellied Tapaculo** nearby. Finally we were through, and spent the rest of the morning and early afternoon birding the temperate forest. The main target here is the endemic **Brown-breasted Parakeet**, which luckily we found relatively quickly, allowing us to

spend time finding other birds like **Black-billed Mountain-Toucan**, **Rufous Antpitta**, **Black-capped Tyrannulet**, **Rufous-breasted** and **Brown-backed Chat-Tyrants**, **Red-crested Cotinga**, **Rufous Wren**, **Black-crested Warbler**, **Golden-fronted Redstart**, **Blue-and-black Tanager**, **Plumbeous Sierra-Finch**, **Bluish** and **Masked Flowerpiercers**, **Pale-naped** and **Slaty Brush-Finches**, and **Agile Tit-Tyrant**. After lunch, the skies opened up with a truly epic thunderstorm, we made a hasty retreat out to the park entrance. It was still rather early and the skies were looking less ominous, so we made a side trip to a marsh a bit farther north, where we flushed up a **Noble Snipe**, scored a great view of **Bogotá Rail** and saw a few other nice birds before heading back. Traffic in Bogotá is always bad, but today it was an utter nightmare, and what should have been a 1 ½ hour drive turned into three hours of frustration. We arrived a bit late but no worse for the experience, and enjoyed a nice dinner in the hotel.



*White-chinned Thistletail in Chingaza National Park*



Next morning, we left early to avoid the worst traffic, and headed west back towards the airport. Dawn saw us looking out over a misty marsh, where remarkably one of the very first birds we found was a **Striped Owl** sleeping in the reeds! It's a very widespread bird, but rarely encountered. Soon after, the morning's target endemics showed beautifully: an **Apolinar's Wren** singing from among the reeds and a **Silvery-throated Spinetail** that flitted through branches of tree that had fallen into the marsh nearby. Satisfied with those nice views, we leisurely birded the park for another couple of hours, seeing **Ruddy Duck**, **American Coot**, **Subtropical Doradito**, **Mountain Elaenia**, **Brown-bellied Swallow**, **Rusty Flowerpiercer**, **Yellow-hooded Blackbird**, and **Yellow-backed Oriole**, then started a fairly long drive down into the Magdalena Valley. A road closure had forced us to change plans a bit, but luckily there was an alternate route that allowed us to look for the same birds. After a big lunch (portions in Colombia are often huge!), we arrived in some dry forest near Ibagué with two more target endemics in mind, **Apical Flycatcher** and **Velvet-fronted Euphonia**. The flycatcher, with its distinctive white-tipped tail, put in an appearance before long, but there was no sign of the euphonia. Other birds were keeping us occupied, though. A singing **White-bellied Antbird** beckoned to us, and we found away through a fence and into the woods to see this beautiful skulker. While we were there, the deep-throated song of **Black-bellied Wren** drew our attention and we soon found this handsome wren in a tangle above us. Other birds here included **Spectacled Parrotlet**, **Rufous-tailed Jacamar**, **Barred Antshrike**, **Mouse-colored Tyrannulet**, **White-shouldered**, **Crimson-backed**, and **Scrub Tanagers**, **Streaked Saltator**, and **Black-faced Grassquit**. With time running short, we drive a bit farther down the road, but didn't get far before stopping to see a singing **Cinereous Becard**. Just then, we finally heard a calling **Velvet-fronted Euphonia** and after a fairly long search managed to track it down – it was a dull female! Oh well, I was still happy to see it, and knew we would have more chances over the next couple of days. We spent the night in a nice hotel in Ibagué.



*Apical Flycatcher, a Colombian endemic we saw in dry forest near Ibagué*

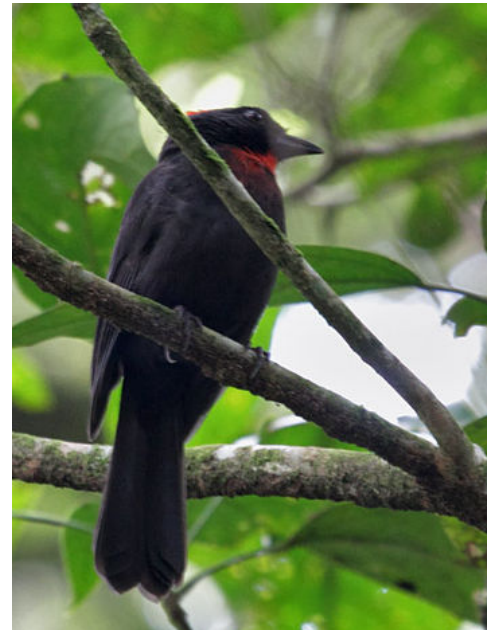
After an early breakfast in a 24 hour roadside café, we hopped into some 4WD jeeps and took a short ride up a steep track just outside the city. Only small patches of forest remain here, but they are surprisingly “birdy”, and our very first sighting of the morning was a beautiful **Moustached Puffbird**, the only one of the tour. It was soon followed by **White-vented Plumeleteer**, **Rufous-capped Warbler**, **Bar-crested Antshrike**, and **Rufous-naped Greenlet**. We kept working the road for the next few hours, but started to get a little nervous that there was no sign of the two target endemics, **Yellow-headed Brush-Finch** and **Tolima Dove**. A strange looking **Eared Dove** caused a brief false alarm



then disappointment, and an odd looking hummer turned out to be a **Buff-winged Starfrontlet** far below its normal elevational range; at 1700 m it could be the lowest documented record of this species (*photo left*). It was great to see two Cerulean Warblers on the wintering grounds, and tanagers were all over the place including **Bay-headed** and **Blue-necked Tanagers**, and **Black-faced Dacnis**. With little time left a pair of **Yellow-headed Brush-Finches** finally took the bait and came chattering in to check us out. Soon after, the low hoots of a **Tolima Dove** could be heard up off the trail. There seemed little chance to see it, but with nothing to lose I started playback and waited. Amazingly it actually came in, walking back and forth along the branches of a fallen tree in the

understory. It was very dark in there and they weren't great views, but *any* view of this shy and scarce endemic is something to be happy about!

At around 10 o'clock we set off south, crossing the mighty Magdalena River (the longest in Colombia) a couple of times before reaching the small town of Victoria. It was a beautiful afternoon, and we immediately headed up to the small forest reserve of Bellavista near town. Birds were everywhere! It was the best afternoon of the trip by far and we enjoyed every minute of it. Endemics and near-endemics came fast and furious with noisy **Sooty Ant-Tanagers** (*photo right*), handsome **White-mantled Barbets**, and **Beautiful Woodpeckers** all seen in quick succession, along with displaying **White-bibbed Manakins**. We also saw an endemic and seriously endangered primate, the beautiful **White-footed Tamarin**; this reserve is one of its strongholds. With most of our targets in the bag, we enjoyed some easy birding the rest of the afternoon, seeing (among others) **Blue-chested Hummingbird**, **Red-rumped Woodpecker**, **Pale-breasted Spinetail**, **Straight-billed Woodcreeper**, **Long-tailed Tyrant**, **Piratic Flycatcher**, **Black-chested Jay**, **White-thighed Swallow**, **Black-faced Tanager**, **Swallow Tanager**, **Orange-billed Sparrow**, as well finally seeing a male **Velvet-fronted Euphonia**. We heard a distant **Tody Motmot**, but sadly we could not locate it.



It was a darn good thing we had such a great afternoon, since next morning dawned misty and rainy. Birding was very quiet and difficult. The **Buff-rumped Warblers** seemed to love the rain and were everywhere, but there was no sign of the motmot or our other few remaining targets. We did manage to see a few birds like **Violet-crowned Woodnymph**, **Red-crowned Woodpecker**, **Plain Xenops**, **Western Slaty-Antshrike**, **Golden-faced Tyrannulet**, and **Scaly-breasted Wren** before the rain got heavier and we decided to bail out and head off early to Rio Claro. All of our targets could be seen there as well, and the weather might be better. Fortunately it was; it was another beautiful afternoon. The Rio Claro area is famous for its Oilbird caves, and after lunch we set off down into a small reserve protected by a local farmer, accompanied by a noisy family of **Band-backed Wrens**. We sloshed our way down a streambed towards the cave, stopping to see a singing **Antioquia Bristle-Tyrant** (*photo left*). This is a very scarce



endemic only described to science in 1988; it usually stays way up in the canopy, and we were lucky to see it so well. Other than the bristle-tyrant, the birding was very quiet on the way to the cave, and we made good time. It was well worth getting our feet wet to be able to go inside and see and hear the **Oilbirds** flying around the cave giving their otherworldly calls and echolocation clicks. There was one active nest in view, but we could only see a very small part of the cave and there were probably many more just out of sight. Oilbird was one of the four birds in a four-way tie for “bird of the trip”.



*Looking out of the oilbird cave towards the forest*

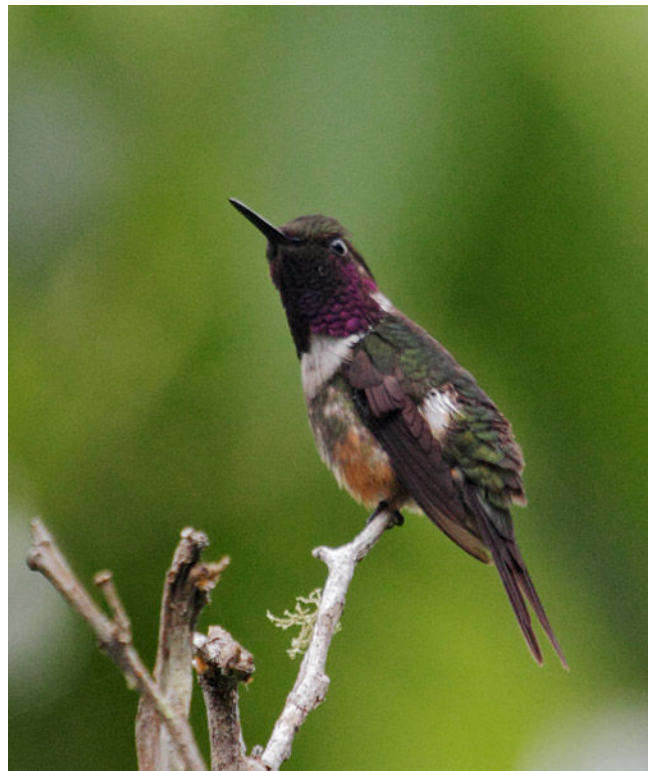
Heading back to van, we found flock of swifts with **White-collared**, **Short-tailed**, and **Band-rumped Swifts** as well as **Channel-billed Toucan**, **Panama Flycatcher**, **Lesser Kiskadee**, **Plain-colored Tanager**, **Spot-breasted Woodpecker**, and **Crested** and **Chestnut-headed Oropendolas**. It was getting late, but we had a bit of time birding near the Rio Claro canyon, seeing **Bay Wren** and **Dusky-faced Tanager** before calling it a day.

Next morning we birded along the scenic Rio Claro Canyon. The beautiful rainforest here was full of birds, and seemed like there was always something to look at. We found one of our last remaining targets for the area without too much trouble, the recently split **Magdalena Antbird** (*photo right*). Other birds included **Double-toothed Kite**, **Rufous-breasted**, **Long-billed**, and **Stripe-throated Hermits**, **White-tailed** and **Gartered Trogons**, **Barred Puffbird**, **Cinnamon Woodpecker**, **Cocoa Woodcreeper**, **Pacific Antwren**, **Chestnut-backed Antbird**, **Sooty-headed Tyrannulet**, **Olivaceous Flatbill** (building a nest), and **Fulvous-vented Euphonia**.



In late morning, we settled in for one of the longest drives of the trip, though luckily we could break it up with a terrific stop at wetlands right along the main Panamerican Highway. Hulking **Northern Screammers** were everywhere, seemingly not bothered by the huge trucks roaring by every minute. Even though we were here less than an hour, we saw a bunch of birds that we had nowhere else on the tour, such as **Cocoi Heron**, **Bare-faced Ibis**, **Yellow-billed** and **Large-billed Terns**, **Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture**, **Black-collared Hawk**, **Crane Hawk**, a very unexpected **Long-winged Harrier**, **Pale-vented Pigeon**, **Chestnut-fronted Macaw** (in a nest hole), **Blue-and-yellow Macaw**, **Yellow-chinned Spinetail**, **White-headed Marsh-Tyrant**, and **Red-breasted Blackbird**. Even our lunch stop was productive, with bold **Bicolored Wrens** coming right into the restaurant and a **Pied Water-Tyrant** at the edge of a little pond. A pair of **Carib Grackles** was very unexpected; they are rapidly expanding their range in Colombia, and this was by far the farthest south in the Magdalena Valley that I had ever seen them. After lunch, we drove up into the northern part of the Central Andes for several more hours on some of the windiest roads in all of Colombia, stopping to see the first of many **Colombian Chachalacas** in late afternoon, and then a **White-tailed Nightjar** at dusk. We arrived at the lodge in the Chestnut-capped Piha reserve a few minutes later to the sounds of a calling **Stygian Owl** – we tried for a few minutes to call it in without success, so decided to leave it for another night.

The Piha reserve protects a very important patch of forest in the northern edge of the Central Andes. There are terrific birds here, but it is tough, forest trail birding targeting shy and secretive birds, which is why we devote two full days here. The forest is very dark early in the morning, so there's no need to get up ridiculously early. Our first morning was very cloudy, so after breakfast, we spent a few minutes watching the feeders, waiting for it to get a little brighter. Hummers included **Black-throated Mango**, **Green-crowned Brilliant**, **Green-crowned Woodnymph**, **Andean Emerald**, **Steely-vented Hummingbird**, and **Purple-throated Woodstar** (*photo right*), while **Yellow-rumped Tanager** and **Black-billed Thrush** feasted on bananas. After about 20 minutes, we walked the short distance to the start of the trail, having our first of several encounters with **Chestnut-capped Brush-Finch** before being distracted by a calling **Parker's Antbird**. A convenient side trail led straight to them, and we enjoyed great views of a pair foraging in a tangle. This species, a Colombian endemic, was only described in 1997 and was named in honor of the late Ted Parker.



Soon after we had our first **Red-bellied Grackle** – this beautiful velvet and scarlet Colombian endemic is one of favorites and I never tire of seeing it. We ended up seeing several more times on the trip. We worked our way slowly up the trail, finding **White-crowned Tapaculo**, **Ochre-breasted Antpitta**, **Wing-barred Piprites**, **Three-striped Warbler**, **Ornate Flycatcher**, **Bronze-olive Pygmy-Tyrant**, and **Sooty-headed Wren**, then found a mixed species flock that had the endemic **Multicolored Tanager**. It was staying high up in the canopy and it took a while before we finally had nice looks at this spectacular endemic. Soon after, a **Chestnut-capped Piha** came in very briefly, but only a couple of the group saw it – more effort would be required! We had more flocks as we went up the trail, with **Red-headed Barbet**, **Red-faced Spinetail**, **Buff-fronted Foliage-gleaner**, **Wedge-billed** and **Olive-backed Woodcreepers**, **Slaty Antwren**, **Plain Antvireo**, **Uniform Antshrike**, and finally a gorgeous **Purplish-mantled Tanager** (we had great luck with this bird on the tour, finding it also at two other sites). After a field lunch, we headed back down the trail. It had gotten quiet in the afternoon, but





we still had one fantastic sighting of an enraged **Chestnut-crowned Gnateater** at very close range – such a good view of this normally skulking bird that it tied as one the top birds of the trip.

An unbelievably thick fog descended in the afternoon, which made it hard to see anything. We did managed to see some more **White-mantled Barbets** and a pair of **Golden-crowned Warblers** before giving up and heading back to the feeders. Luckily, the fog cleared at dusk, and we finally managed to convince the stubborn **Stygian Owl** to come in to where we could see it. Like the Striped, it's a widespread but rarely encountered species that was enjoyed by all!

The next day dawned even cloudier, and we were sure it was going to pour down, but amazingly it never did. We didn't see as much that morning, but did nail down a singing **Chestnut-capped Piha** (*photo left*) for a nice

long view, with **Scaled Fruiteater** and **Brown-billed Scythebill** in the same spot. Birding got a lot slower after that, and we only found a few “new ones” the rest of the morning, such as **Lineated Foliage-gleaner**, **Striped Woodhaunter**, and **Collared Trogon**. **Stiles Tapaculo** was totally unresponsive and we never even had a glimpse of it despite hearing it a dozen times or more, but they can be like that. We birded along the road in the late afternoon, a nice break from the tough trails. We had a few tanagers like **Specked** and **Black-capped Tanagers**, and had some glimpses of an uncooperative **Pale-eyed Thrush** before fog once again ended the session. We returned to the lodge and watched the feeders, seeing more **Scrub Tanagers** and finally locating a distant **Wattled Guan** that was singing in a tree way up the ridge – a nice bird to end the day with.



*Scrub Tanagers were frequent feeder visitors at the Piha reserve.*

The drive from the Piha reserve to the Tangaras Lodge on the west slope of the Andes was the longest of the trip. We started by birding forest patches along the road below the lodge, soon finding **Black-headed Brush-Finch**, a near-endemic that was recently split from Stripe-headed Brush-Finch. We saw a few other birds en route, such as **Olivaceous Piculet**, **Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet**, **Black-winged Saltator**, **Ruddy-breasted Seedeater**, **Black-headed Tody-Flycatcher**, and **Long-billed Starthroat**, but it was mostly a travel day. We arrive at the new lodge in late afternoon, though only had time to see some common birds coming to the feeders such as **Rufous-tailed Hummingbird**, **Hepatic Tanager**, and **Flame-rumped Tanager**.

It poured down with rain all night, and we awoke to darkness as the power had gone out. This region is one of the wettest on the planet; according to NOAA, the nearby town of Lloró currently holds the record with an average annual precipitation of 524 inches (13300 mm)! Even though February is the “driest” month of the year, it still rains most days, and today was certainly no exception. It was a soggy morning, but in areas where rain is so common, the birds just have to deal with it, and we did the same. We first birded along the road finding **Sharpe’s Wren**, **Brown Inca**, a gorgeous pair of **Chestnut-breasted Chlorophonia**, and the first of the many tanagers that the reserve is so known for: **Black-and-gold Tanager**, **Glistening-green Tanager**, **Metallic-green Tanager**, and **Golden Tanager**. We started up the main train trail in the reserve, stopping to see a nesting pair of **White-headed Wrens**, and then found a fruiting tree that was just loaded with birds. **Emerald** and **Crimson-rumped Toucanets** were both sharing the tree, along with **Black** and **Andean Solitaires**, **Orange-breasted Fruiteater**, and **Golden-winged Manakin**. As we went farther up the trail, the rain started again and we heard a low rumble that sounded like a landslide. Soon we reached the source of the noise – a spot where the trail cut across an old landslide. More earth had come down a few minutes before right over the trail. While it looked passable, we thought it was wise to wait until the rain stopped before crossing. We birded back down the trail to the road, stopping for **Handsome Flycatcher**, **Pacific Tuftedcheek**, **Olivaceous Piha**, **Nariño Tapaculo** (which showed well), and an **undescribed tapaculo** (which did not).



*White-headed Wren is one of the most handsome and unique members of the family.*

We had lunch at the feeders which were great, bringing in a bunch of scarce and beautiful hummers like **Violet-tailed Sylph**, **Greenish Puffleg**, **Velvet-purple Coronet**, **Booted Racket-tail**, **Purple-bibbed Whitetip**, **White-tailed Hillstar**, **Fawn-breasted Brilliant**, and **Empress Brilliant**. After lunch,



we hiked up a different trail which was very steep but quite well-built, eventually reaching a canopy platform at the top of a ridge. Fog was coming and going, but finally in a clear patch we had our first views of a **Gold-ringed Tanager** (*photo right*), a very local Colombian endemic and the star bird of the reserve; it was also tied for “bird of the trip”. We ended up seeing them several more times that afternoon, each time closer and better. We had a nice walk through beautiful forest, picking up a few more great birds like **Toucan Barbet**, **Black-chinned Mountain-Tanager**, **Indigo Flowerpiercer**, and **Dusky Bush-Tanager** before heading back to the lodge for the night.



*The rare White-tailed Hillstar was visiting the feeders at the Tangaras reserve*

Next morning was thankfully dry, and we staked out some lights next to the lodge at dawn waiting for the **Crested Ant-Tanagers** to come in. After a while, all we had seen was an **Andean Cock-of-the-rock**, and though it's impossible to be disappointed with that, it was looking as if the tanagers were not going to show. Right as I was about to give up, one did come in and we had great views of this amazing bird – given its appearance, it's not surprising that it has recently been transferred into the cardinals. We rode the jeeps back to the reserve and spent the morning on the trails again, finding **Plumbeous Pigeon**, **Spotted Barbtail**, **Fulvous-dotted Treerunner**, **Marble-faced Bristle-Tyrant**, **Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant**, **Lemon-browed Flycatcher**, **Mountain Wren**, **Chestnut-breasted Wren**, and **Saffron-crowned Tanager**, among others. We had a hot lunch back at the lodge, where we finally saw some **Russet-backed Oropendolas** as well as surprising pair of **Variable Hawks** before driving the rest of the afternoon to the pleasant town Jardín, where we spent the next two nights.



There is fantastic cloudforest above Jardín, and it is the best known site for the endangered **Yellow-eared Parrot**. The parrots are most easily seen very early in the morning, so we got up in the dark and rode jeeps for a bit more than an hour up a very rough track to the reserve. Amazingly, an **Oncilla** was in the road on the way up, but only those in the first jeep were lucky enough to see it. It's one of the rarest and most beautiful of all Neotropical cats, and I have to admit it was my personal favorite sighting of the tour. We reached the pass at dawn, and had a picnic breakfast while

waiting for the parrots. Before too long, a small flock flew right over us, banked to the left, and came back right in front of us, catching the early morning sunlight, almost glowing. It was a remarkable sight and earned them a place with the other three "birds of the trip".

We stopped at the reserve HQ for few minutes to look at the hummer feeders, seeing **Tourmaline Sunangel**, **Speckled Hummingbird**, and **Collared Inca**. While there, we chatted with the reserve guard, who kindly showed a brand new trail that was supposed to be good for antpittas. There's no way we could turn up that chance! It was muddy and slippery but absolutely amazing. A **Chestnut-naped Antpitta** perched on a railing for us (earning a second-place vote), and a cute **Slate-crowned Antpitta** (*photo above*) came in almost close enough to touch. We also found **Rufous Spinetail**, **Citrine Warbler**, and **Lacrimose Mountain-Tanager** along the trail. We spent the rest of the day walking slowly down the road finding great flocks and seeing a ton of birds new for the trip, and I thought it was one of the best days of the trip. Here's a partial list: **Andean Pygmy-Owl**, **Long-tailed Sylph**, **Masked**

**Trogon**, **Yellow-vented**, **Golden-olive**, and **Crimson-mantled Woodpeckers**, **White-browed Spinetail**, **Pearled Treerunner**, **Streaked Tuftedcheek**, **Montane Woodcreeper**, **White-tailed Tyrannulet**, **Rufous-breasted Flycatcher**, **Ashy-headed Tyrannulet**, **Rufous-crowned Tody-Flycatcher**, **Streak-throated** and **Smoky Bush-Tyrants**, **Yellow-bellied Chat-Tyrant**, **Russet-crowned Warbler**, **Rufous-crested Tanager**, **Black-capped** and **Oleaginous Hemispinguses**, **Gray-hooded Bush Tanager**, **Capped Conebill**, **Blue-capped Tanager**, **Grass-green Tanager**, and **Mountain Cacique**. While driving back to the hotel in late afternoon, we even found an **Andean Motmot** perched on a wire (*photo right*) on the outskirts of town – very unexpected, but it was great to see it so well.

With only one morning left, we had one more endemic to target. We left the hotel early, and reached some dry woodland near the Cauca River by dawn. After another field breakfast, we quickly found our quarry, the localized **Grayish Piculet** along with a **Streak-headed Woodcreeper**. We then





drove a few miles to another site and called in a pair **Speckle-breasted Wrens** – an endemic subspecies that will likely prove to be a separate species. Nearby was our only **Slate-headed Tody-Flycatcher** of the tour. Heading back to Medellín, we had time to visit a small reserve on the edge of the city where Yellow-headed Manakin had been reliable of late. Sadly we had no luck with the manakin, but it was a pleasant place to spend a few hours. We saw more **Red-bellied Grackes**, a noisy flock of **Green Jays**, and our only **Yellow-throated Vireo** before heading down to a great barbecue lunch to finish off a fun and productive tour.

## BIRD LIST

This list includes all the bird species that were recorded by at least one of the group, including the leader. Taxonomy and nomenclature follow **Clements, James F. *The Clements Checklist of Birds of the World. Sixth Edition, 2007, Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press***, including all updates through August 2011.

**Totals:** 445 bird species seen, 44 heard only

**Abbreviations:** H=Heard only, (I)=Introduced species, (E)=Species endemic to Colombia

### TINAMOUS

H Little Tinamou

### SCREAMERS

Northern Screamer

### DUCKS, GEESE, AND WATERFOWL

Black-bellied Whistling-Duck

Blue-winged Teal

Andean Teal

Ruddy Duck (Andean Ruddy-Duck)

### GUANS, CHACHALACAS, AND CURASSOWS

Colombian Chachalaca (E)

H Andean Guan

Wattled Guan

Sickle-winged Guan

### NEW WORLD QUAIL

H Chestnut Wood-Quail (E)

### CORMORANTS AND SHAGS

Neotropic Cormorant

### ANHINGAS

Anhinga

### HERONS, EGRETS, AND BITTERNs

Cocoi Heron

Great Egret

Snowy Egret

Cattle Egret

Green Heron

Striated Heron

Black-crowned Night-Heron

### IBISES AND SPOONBILLS

Bare-faced Ibis

### NEW WORLD VULTURES

Black Vulture

Turkey Vulture

Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture

### OSPREY

Osprey

### TINAMIDAE

*Crypturellus soui*

### ANHIMIDAE

*Chauna chavaria*

### ANATIDAE

*Dendrocygna autumnalis*

*Anas discors*

*Anas andium altipetens*

*Oxyura jamaicensis ferruginea*

### CRACIDAE

*Ortalis columbiana*

*Penelope montagnii*

*Aburria aburri*

*Chamaepetes goudotii*

### ODONTOPHORIDAE

*Odontophorus hyperythrus*

### PHALACROCOCORACIDAE

*Phalacrocorax brasilianus*

### ANHINGIDAE

*Anhinga anhinga*

### ARDEIDAE

*Ardea cocoi*

*Ardea alba*

*Egretta thula*

*Bubulcus ibis*

*Butorides virescens*

*Butorides striata*

*Nycticorax nycticorax*

### THRESKIORNITHIDAE

*Phimosus infuscatus*

### CATHARTIDAE

*Coragyps atratus*

*Cathartes aura*

*Cathartes burrovianus*

### PANDIONIDAE

*Pandion haliaetus*

## **HAWKS, EAGLES, AND KITES**

Swallow-tailed Kite  
White-tailed Kite  
Double-toothed Kite  
Black-collared Hawk  
Long-winged Harrier  
Sharp-shinned (Plain-breasted) Hawk  
Crane Hawk  
Savanna Hawk  
Roadside Hawk  
Broad-winged Hawk  
Gray Hawk  
Variable Hawk  
Black Hawk-Eagle

## **FALCONS AND CARACARAS**

- H Barred Forest-Falcon
- Crested Caracara
- Yellow-headed Caracara
- Laughing Falcon
- American Kestrel

## **RAILS, GALLINULES, AND COOTS**

- H White-throated Crake
- Bogota Rail (E)
- H Russet-crowned Crake
- Sora
- H Blackish Rail
- Purple Gallinule
- Common Gallinule
- Spot-flanked Gallinule
- American Coot

## **PLOVERS AND LAPWINGS**

Southern Lapwing

## **STILTS AND AVOCETS**

Black-necked Stilt

## **JACANAS**

Wattled Jacana

## **SANDPIPERS AND ALLIES**

- Solitary Sandpiper
- H Lesser Yellowlegs
- Noble Snipe

## **TERNS**

Yellow-billed Tern  
Large-billed Tern

## **PIGEONS AND DOVES**

- Rock Pigeon (I)
- Pale-vented Pigeon
- H Scaled Pigeon
- Band-tailed Pigeon
- Plumbeous Pigeon
- H Ruddy Pigeon
- Eared Dove
- Common Ground-Dove
- Ruddy Ground-Dove

## **ACCIPITRIDAE**

*Elanoides forficatus*  
*Elanus leucurus*  
*Harpagus bidentatus*  
*Busarellus nigricollis*  
*Circus buffoni*  
*Accipiter striatus ventalis*  
*Geranospiza caerulescens*  
*Buteogallus meridionalis*  
*Buteo magnirostris*  
*Buteo platypterus*  
*Buteo nitidus*  
*Buteo polyosoma*  
*Spizaetus tyrannus*

## **FALCONIDAE**

*Micrastur ruficollis*  
*Caracara cheriway*  
*Milvago chimachima*  
*Herpetotheres cachinnans*  
*Falco sparverius*

## **RALLIDAE**

*Laterallus albigularis*  
*Rallus semiplumbeus*  
*Anurolimnas viridis*  
*Porzana carolina*  
*Pardirallus nigricans*  
*Porphyrio martinica*  
*Gallinula galeata*  
*Gallinula melanops*  
*Fulica americana*

## **CHARADRIIDAE**

*Vanellus chilensis*

## **RECURVIROSTRIDAE**

*Himantopus mexicanus*

## **JACANIDAE**

*Jacana jacana*

## **SCOLOPACIDAE**

*Tringa solitaria*  
*Tringa flavipes*  
*Gallinago nobilis*

## **LARIDAE: STERNINAE**

*Sternula superciliaris*  
*Phaetusa simplex*

## **COLUMBIDAE**

*Columba livia*  
*Patagioenas cayennensis*  
*Patagioenas speciosa*  
*Patagioenas fasciata*  
*Patagioenas plumbea*  
*Patagioenas subvinacea*  
*Zenaida auriculata*  
*Columbina passerina*  
*Columbina talpacoti*



Blue Ground-Dove  
 White-tipped Dove  
 Tolima Dove (E)  
**H** Lined Quail-Dove  
**PARROTS**  
 Brown-breasted (Flame-winged) Parakeet (E)  
 Scarlet-fronted Parakeet  
 Chestnut-fronted Macaw  
 Blue-and-yellow Macaw  
 Yellow-eared Parrot  
 Spectacled Parrotlet  
 Orange-chinned Parakeet  
**H** Blue-fronted Parrotlet  
 Blue-headed Parrot  
 Speckle-faced Parrot  
 Bronze-winged Parrot  
**CUCKOOS**  
 Squirrel Cuckoo  
**H** Pavonine Cuckoo  
 Smooth-billed Ani  
**BARN-OWLS**  
 Barn Owl  
**OWLS**  
**H** Tropical Screech-Owl  
 Andean Pygmy-Owl  
**H** Mottled Owl  
 Stygian Owl  
 Striped Owl  
**NIGHTJARS AND ALLIES**  
**H** Common Pauraque  
 White-tailed Nightjar  
**OILBIRD**  
 Oilbird  
**SWIFTS**  
 White-collared Swift  
 Short-tailed Swift  
 Band-rumped Swift  
 Gray-rumped Swift  
**HUMMINGBIRDS**  
 Rufous-breasted Hermit  
 Green Hermit  
 Tawny-bellied Hermit  
 Long-billed (W. Long-tailed) Hermit  
 Stripe-throated Hermit  
 Green Violetear  
 Black-throated Mango  
 Tourmaline Sunangel  
 Speckled Hummingbird  
 Long-tailed Sylph  
 Violet-tailed Sylph  
 Black-tailed Trainbearer  
 Bearded Helmetcrest  
 Tyrian Metaltail

*Claravis pretiosa*  
*Leptotila verreauxi*  
*Leptotila conoveri*  
*Geotrygon linearis*  
**PSITTACIDAE**  
*Pyrrhura calliptera*  
*Aratinga wagleri*  
*Ara severus*  
*Ara ararauna*  
*Ognorhynchus icterotis*  
*Forpus conspicillatus*  
*Brotogeris jugularis*  
*Touit dilectissimus*  
*Pionus menstruus*  
*Pionus tumultuosus*  
*Pionus chalcopterus*  
**CUCULIDAE**  
*Piaya cayana*  
*Dromococcyx pavoninus*  
*Crotophaga ani*  
**TYTONIDAE**  
*Tyto alba*  
**STRIGIDAE**  
*Megascops choliba*  
*Glaucidium jardiini*  
*Ciccaba virgata*  
*Asio stygius*  
*Pseudoscops clamator*  
**CAPRIMULGIDAE**  
*Nyctidromus albicollis*  
*Caprimulgus cayennensis*  
**STEATORNITHIDAE**  
*Steatornis caripensis*  
**APODIDAE**  
*Streptoprocne zonaris*  
*Chaetura brachyura*  
*Chaetura spinicaudus*  
*Chaetura cinereiventris*  
**TROCHILIDAE**  
*Glaucis hirsutus*  
*Phaethornis guy*  
*Phaethornis syrmatophorus*  
*Phaethornis longirostris*  
*Phaethornis striigularis*  
*Colibri thalassinus*  
*Anthracothorax nigricollis*  
*Heliangelus exortis*  
*Adelomyia melanogenys*  
*Aglaiocercus kingi*  
*Aglaiocercus coelestis*  
*Lesbia victoriae*  
*Oxygogon guerinii*  
*Metallura tyrianthina*

Greenish Puffleg  
 Glowing Puffleg  
 Bronzy Inca  
 Brown Inca  
 Collared Inca  
 Buff-winged Starfrontlet  
 Velvet-purple Coronet  
 Booted Racket-tail  
 White-tailed Hillstar  
 Purple-bibbed Whitetip  
 Fawn-breasted Brilliant  
 Green-crowned Brilliant  
 Empress Brilliant  
 Long-billed Starthroat  
 White-bellied Woodstar  
 Purple-throated Woodstar  
 Western Emerald  
 White-vented Plumeteer  
 Violet-crowned Woodnymph  
 Green-crowned Woodnymph  
 Andean Emerald  
 Blue-chested Hummingbird  
 Steely-vented Hummingbird  
 Rufous-tailed Hummingbird  
**TROGONS**  
**H** Golden-headed Quetzal  
 (Western) White-tailed Trogon  
 Gartered (N. Violaceous) Trogon  
 Collared Trogon  
 Masked Trogon  
**MOTMOTS**  
**H** Tody Motmot  
 Andean (Highland) Motmot  
**KINGFISHERS**  
 Ringed Kingfisher  
**PUFFBIRDS**  
 Barred Puffbird  
 Moustached Puffbird  
**JACAMARS**  
 Rufous-tailed Jacamar  
**NEW WORLD BARBETS**  
 White-mantled Barbet (E)  
 Red-headed Barbet  
**TOUCAN-BARBETS**  
 Toucan Barbet  
**TOUCANS**  
 Emerald Toucanet  
 Crimson-rumped Toucanet  
 Black-billed Mountain-Toucan  
 Collared Aracari  
 Channel-billed (Citron-throated) Toucan  
**WOODPECKERS**  
 Olivaceous Piculet

*Haplophaedia aureliae*  
*Eriocnemis vestita*  
*Coeligena coeligena*  
*Coeligena wilsoni*  
*Coeligena torquata*  
*Coeligena lutetiae*  
*Boissonneaua jardini*  
*Ocreatus underwoodii*  
*Urochroa bougueri*  
*Urosticte benjamini*  
*Heliodoxa rubinoides*  
*Heliodoxa jacula*  
*Heliodoxa imperatrix*  
*Heliomaster longirostris*  
*Chaetocercus mulsant*  
*Calliphlox mitchellii*  
*Chlorostilbon melanorhynchus*  
*Chalybura buffonii*  
*Thalurania colombica*  
*Thalurania fannyi*  
*Amazilia franciae*  
*Amazilia amabilis*  
*Amazilia saucerrottei*  
*Amazilia tzacatl*  
**TROGONIDAE**  
*Pharomachrus auriceps*  
*Trogon viridis*  
*Trogon caligatus*  
*Trogon collaris*  
*Trogon personatus*  
**MOMOTIDAE**  
*Hylomanes momotula*  
*Momotus aequatorialis*  
**ALCEDINIDAE**  
*Megaceryle torquata*  
**BUCCONIDAE**  
*Nystalus radiatus*  
*Malacoptila mystacalis*  
**GALBULIDAE**  
*Galbula ruficauda*  
**CAPITONIDAE**  
*Capito hypoleucus*  
*Eubucco bourcierii*  
**SEMNORNITHIDAE**  
*Semnornis ramphastinus*  
**RAMPHASTIDAE**  
*Aulacorhynchus prasinus*  
*Aulacorhynchus haematopygus*  
*Andigena nigrirostris*  
*Pteroglossus torquatus*  
*Ramphastos vitellinus citreolaemus*  
**PICIDAE**  
*Picumnus olivaceus*



Grayish Piculet (E)  
Beautiful Woodpecker (E)  
Red-crowned Woodpecker  
Red-rumped Woodpecker  
Yellow-vented Woodpecker  
Golden-olive Woodpecker  
Crimson-mantled Woodpecker  
Spot-breasted Woodpecker  
Cinnamon Woodpecker  
Lineated Woodpecker

#### **OVENBIRDS**

Tawny-throated Leaf-tosser  
Silvery-throated Spinetail (E)  
Azara's Spinetail  
Pale-breasted Spinetail  
Rufous Spinetail  
Slaty Spinetail  
White-browed Spinetail  
Red-faced Spinetail  
Yellow-chinned Spinetail  
White-chinned Thistletail  
Spotted Barbtail  
Fulvous-dotted Treerunner  
Pearled Treerunner  
Buffy (Pacific) Tuftedcheek  
Streaked Tuftedcheek  
Scaly-throated Foliage-gleaner  
Lineated Foliage-gleaner  
Striped (Western) Woodhaunter  
Buff-fronted Foliage-gleaner  
Uniform Treehunter

**H** Ruddy Foliage-gleaner

Plain Xenops

#### **WOODCREEPERS**

Tyrannine Woodcreeper  
**H** Olivaceous Woodcreeper  
Wedge-billed Woodcreeper  
Straight-billed Woodcreeper  
Cocoa Woodcreeper  
Olive-backed Woodcreeper  
Streak-headed Woodcreeper  
Montane Woodcreeper  
Brown-billed Scythebill

#### **TYPICAL ANTBIRDS**

Barred Antshrike  
Bar-crested Antshrike  
Western Slaty-Antshrike  
Uniform Antshrike  
Plain Antwren  
Pacific Antwren  
Slaty Antwren

**H** Yellow-breasted Antwren

**H** Long-tailed Antbird

*Picumnus granadensis*  
*Melanerpes pulcher*  
*Melanerpes rubricapillus*  
*Veniliornis kirkii*  
*Veniliornis dignus*  
*Colaptes rubiginosus*  
*Colaptes rivolii*  
*Colaptes punctigula*  
*Celeus loricatus*  
*Dryocopus lineatus*

#### **FURNARIIDAE: FURNARIINAE**

*Sclerurus mexicanus*  
*Synallaxis subpudica*  
*Synallaxis azarae*  
*Synallaxis albescens*  
*Synallaxis unirufa*  
*Synallaxis brachyura*  
*Hellmayrea gularis*  
*Cranioleuca erythroptus*  
*Certhiaxis cinnamomeus*  
*Asthenes fuliginosa*  
*Premnoplex brunnescens*  
*Margarornis stellatus*  
*Margarornis squamiger*  
*Pseudocolaptes lawrencii johnsoni*  
*Pseudocolaptes boissonneautii*  
*Anabacerthia variegaticeps*  
*Syndactyla subalaris*  
*Hyloctistes subulatus assimilis*  
*Philydor rufum*  
*Thripadectes ignobilis*  
*Automolus rubiginosus*  
*Xenops minutus*

#### **FURNARIIDAE: DENDROCOLAPTINAE**

*Dendrocincla tyrannina*  
*Sittasomus griseicapillus*  
*Glyphorhynchus spirurus*  
*Dendroplex picus*  
*Xiphorhynchus susurrans*  
*Xiphorhynchus triangularis*  
*Lepidocolaptes souleyetii*  
*Lepidocolaptes lacrymiger*  
*Campylorhamphus pusillus*

#### **THAMNOPHILIDAE**

*Thamnophilus doliatus*  
*Thamnophilus multistriatus*  
*Thamnophilus atrinucha*  
*Thamnophilus unicolor*  
*Dysithamnus mentalis*  
*Myrmotherula pacifica*  
*Myrmotherula schisticolor*  
*Herpsilochmus axillaris*  
*Drymophila caudata*

- H Rufous-rumped Antwren
- Parker's Antbird (E)
- White-bellied Antbird
- Chestnut-backed Antbird
- Dull-mantled (Magdalena) Antbird

#### **ANTPITTAS**

- H Chestnut-crowned Antpitta
- Chestnut-naped Antpitta
- H Yellow-breasted Antpitta
- H White-bellied Antpitta
- Rufous Antpitta
- Tawny Antpitta
- Ochre-breasted Antpitta
- Slate-crowned Antpitta

#### **GNATEATERS**

- Chestnut-crowned Gnateater

#### **TAPACULOS**

- H Ocellated Tapaculo
- H Blackish Tapaculo
- White-crowned Tapaculo
- H Stiles's Tapaculo (E)
- Nariño Tapaculo
- H Spillmann's Tapaculo
- Pale-bellied (Matorral) Tapaculo (E)
- "Alto de Pisones" Tapaculo

#### **TYRANT FLYCATCHERS**

- Brown-capped Tyrannulet
- Southern Beardless-Tyrannulet
- White-tailed Tyrannulet
- H White-banded Tyrannulet
- White-throated Tyrannulet
- Agile Tit-Tyrant
- Mouse-colored Tyrannulet
- Subtropical Doradito
- Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet
- Forest Elaenia
- Yellow-bellied Elaenia
- Mountain Elaenia
- H Streak-necked Flycatcher
- Ochre-bellied Flycatcher
- H Sepia-capped Flycatcher
- H Slaty-capped Flycatcher
- Rufous-breasted Flycatcher
- Marble-faced Bristle-Tyrant
- Antioquia Bristle-Tyrant (E)
- Sooty-headed Tyrannulet
- Black-capped Tyrannulet
- Ashy-headed Tyrannulet
- Golden-faced Tyrannulet
- Ornate Flycatcher
- Bronze-olive Pygmy-Tyrant
- Rufous-headed Pygmy-Tyrant
- Scale-crested Pygmy-Tyrant

- Terenura callinota*
- Cercomacra parkeri*
- Myrmeciza longipes*
- Myrmeciza exsul*
- Myrmeciza laemosticta palliata*

#### **GRALLARIIDAE**

- Grallaria ruficapilla*
- Grallaria nuchalis*
- Grallaria flavotincta*
- Grallaria hypoleuca*
- Grallaria rufula*
- Grallaria quitensis alticola*
- Grallaricula flavirostris*
- Grallaricula nana*

#### **CONOPOPHAGIDAE**

- Conopophaga castaneiceps*

#### **RHINOCRYPTIDAE**

- Acropternis orthonyx*
- Scytalopus latrans*
- Scytalopus atratus*
- Scytalopus stilesi*
- Scytalopus vicinior*
- Scytalopus spillmanni*
- Scytalopus griseicollis*
- Scytalopus sp. nov.*

#### **TYRANNIDAE**

- Ornithion brunneicapillus*
- Camptostoma obsoletum*
- Mecocerculus poecilocercus*
- Mecocerculus stictopterus*
- Mecocerculus leucophrys*
- Anairetes agilis*
- Phaeomyias murina*
- Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis*
- Tyrannulus elatus*
- Myiopagis gaimardii*
- Elaenia flavogaster*
- Elaenia frantzii*
- Mionectes striaticollis*
- Mionectes oleagineus*
- Leptopogon amaurocephalus*
- Leptopogon superciliaris*
- Leptopogon rufipectus*
- Phylloscartes ophthalmicus*
- Phylloscartes lanyoni*
- Phyllomyias griseiceps*
- Phyllomyias nigrocapillus*
- Phyllomyias cinereiceps*
- Zimmerius chrysops*
- Myiotriccus ornatus*
- Pseudotriccus pelzelni*
- Pseudotriccus ruficeps*
- Lophotriccus pileatus*

Pearly-vented Tody-Tyrant  
Rufous-crowned Tody-Flycatcher  
Slate-headed Tody-Flycatcher  
Common Tody-Flycatcher  
Black-headed Tody-Flycatcher  
Olivaceous Flatbill  
Yellow-olive Flycatcher  
Cinnamon Flycatcher  
Handsome Flycatcher  
Olive-sided Flycatcher  
Smoke-colored Pewee  
Tropical Pewee  
Acadian Flycatcher  
Black Phoebe  
Vermilion Flycatcher  
Streak-throated Bush-Tyrant  
Smoky Bush-Tyrant  
Pied Water-Tyrant  
White-headed Marsh Tyrant  
Yellow-bellied Chat-Tyrant  
Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant  
Rufous-breasted Chat-Tyrant  
Brown-backed Chat-Tyrant  
Long-tailed Tyrant  
Cattle Tyrant

**H** Bright-rumped Attila  
Dusky-capped Flycatcher  
Panama Flycatcher  
Apical Flycatcher (E)  
Pale-edged Flycatcher  
Great Crested Flycatcher  
Lesser Kiskadee  
Great Kiskadee  
Boat-billed Flycatcher  
Rusty-margined Flycatcher  
Social Flycatcher  
Lemon-browed Flycatcher  
Golden-crowned Flycatcher  
Streaked Flycatcher  
Piratic Flycatcher  
Tropical Kingbird  
Fork-tailed Flycatcher

#### **COTINGAS**

**H** Green-and-black Fruiteater  
Golden-breasted Fruiteater  
Orange-breasted Fruiteater  
Scaled Fruiteater  
Red-crested Cotinga  
Andean Cock-of-the-rock  
Olivaceous Piha  
Chestnut-capped Piha (E)

#### **MANAKINS**

Golden-winged Manakin

*Hemitriccus margaritaceiventer*  
*Poecilotriccus ruficeps*  
*Poecilotriccus sylvia*  
*Todirostrum cinereum*  
*Todirostrum nigriceps*  
*Rhynchocyclus olivaceus*  
*Tolmomyias sulphureus exortivus*  
*Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus*  
*Nephelomyias pulcher*  
*Contopus cooperi*  
*Contopus fumigatus*  
*Contopus cinereus*  
*Empidonax virescens*  
*Sayornis nigricans*  
*Pyrocephalus rubinus*  
*Myiotheretes striaticollis*  
*Myiotheretes fumigatus*  
*Fluvicola pica*  
*Arundinicola leucocephala*  
*Ochthoeca diadema*  
*Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris*  
*Ochthoeca rufipectoralis*  
*Ochthoeca fumicolor*  
*Colonia colonus*  
*Machetornis rixosa*  
*Attila spadiceus*  
*Myiarchus tuberculifer*  
*Myiarchus panamensis*  
*Myiarchus apicalis*  
*Myiarchus cephalotes*  
*Myiarchus crinitus*  
*Pitangus lictor*  
*Pitangus sulphuratus*  
*Megarynchus pitangua*  
*Myiozetetes cayanensis*  
*Myiozetetes similis*  
*Conopias cinchoneti*  
*Myiodynastes chrysocephalus*  
*Myiodynastes maculatus*  
*Legatus leucophaeus*  
*Tyrannus melancholicus*  
*Tyrannus savana*

#### **COTINGIDAE**

*Pipreola riefferii*  
*Pipreola aureopectus*  
*Pipreola jucunda*  
*Ampelioides tschudii*  
*Ampelion rubrocristatus*  
*Rupicola peruvianus*  
*Snowornis cryptolophus*  
*Lipaugus weberi*

#### **PIPRIDAE**

*Masius chrysopterus*



White-bibbed Manakin  
White-bearded Manakin  
Golden-headed Manakin  
Wing-barred Piprites

**TITYRAS AND ALLIES**

Barred Becard  
Cinereous Becard  
Cinnamon Becard  
White-winged Becard

**H** One-colored Becard

**VIREOS**

Yellow-throated Vireo  
Brown-capped Vireo

**H** Red-eyed Vireo  
Rufous-naped Greenlet  
Scrub Greenlet

Rufous-browed Peppershrike

**CROWS, JAYS, AND MAGPIES**

**H** Beautiful Jay  
Black-chested Jay  
Green Jay

**SWALLOWS**

Blue-and-white Swallow  
Brown-bellied Swallow  
White-thighed Swallow  
Southern Rough-winged Swallow  
Gray-breasted Martin  
White-winged Swallow

**WRENS**

White-headed Wren  
Band-backed Wren  
Bicolored Wren  
Rufous Wren  
Sharpe's Wren  
Sooty-headed Wren  
Black-bellied Wren

**H** Whiskered Wren  
Speckle-breasted Wren  
Bay Wren

**H** Buff-breasted Wren  
House Wren  
Mountain Wren  
Apolinar's Wren (E)

**H** White-breasted Wood-Wren  
Gray-breasted Wood-Wren  
Scaly-breasted Wren  
Chestnut-breasted Wren

**GNATCATCHERS**

Long-billed Gnatwren  
Tropical Gnatcatcher

**THRUSHES AND ALLIES**

Andean Solitaire  
Swainson's Thrush

*Corapipo leucorrhoa*  
*Manacus manacus*  
*Pipra erythrocephala*  
*Piprites chloris*

**TITYRIDAE**

*Pachyramphus versicolor*  
*Pachyramphus rufus*  
*Pachyramphus cinnamomeus*  
*Pachyramphus polychopterus*  
*Pachyramphus homochrous*

**VIREONIDAE**

*Vireo flavifrons*  
*Vireo leucophrys*  
*Vireo olivaceus*  
*Hylophilus semibrunneus*  
*Hylophilus flavipes*  
*Cyclarhis gujanensis*

**CORVIDAE**

*Cyanolyca pulchra*  
*Cyanocorax affinis*  
*Cyanocorax yncas*

**HIRUNDINIDAE**

*Pygochelidon cyanoleuca*  
*Orochelidon murina*  
*Atticora tibialis*  
*Stelgidopteryx ruficollis*  
*Progne chalybea*  
*Tachycineta albiventer*

**TROGLODYTIDAE**

*Campylorhynchus albobrunneus*  
*Campylorhynchus zonatus*  
*Campylorhynchus griseus*  
*Cinnycerthia unirufa*  
*Cinnycerthia olivascens*  
*Pheugopedius spadix*  
*Pheugopedius fasciatoventris*  
*Pheugopedius mystacalis*  
*Pheugopedius sclateri*  
*Cantorchilus nigricapillus*  
*Cantorchilus leucotis*  
*Troglodytes aedon*  
*Troglodytes solstitialis*  
*Cistothorus apolinari*  
*Henicorhina leucosticta*  
*Henicorhina leucophrys*  
*Microcerculus marginatus*  
*Cyphorhinus thoracicus*

**POLIOPTILIDAE**

*Ramphocaenus melanurus*  
*Polioptila plumbea*

**TURDIDAE**

*Myadestes ralloides*  
*Catharus ustulatus*

Black Solitaire  
Pale-eyed Thrush  
Pale-breasted Thrush  
Black-billed Thrush  
Great Thrush  
Glossy-black Thrush

#### **MOCKINGBIRDS AND THRASHERS**

Tropical Mockingbird

#### **NEW WORLD WARBLERS**

Northern Waterthrush  
Black-and-white Warbler  
Tennessee Warbler  
Mourning Warbler  
Cerulean Warbler  
Tropical Parula  
Bay-breasted Warbler  
Blackburnian Warbler  
Yellow Warbler  
Rufous-capped Warbler  
Golden-crowned Warbler  
Three-striped Warbler  
Citrine Warbler  
Black-crested Warbler  
Buff-rumped Warbler  
Russet-crowned Warbler  
Canada Warbler  
Slate-throated Redstart  
Golden-fronted Redstart

#### **BANANAQUIT**

Bananaquit

#### **TANAGERS AND ALLIES**

Black-faced Tanager  
Rufous-crested Tanager  
Black-capped Hemispingus  
Oleaginous Hemispingus  
Gray-hooded Bush Tanager  
Blue-backed Conebill  
Capped Conebill  
Rufous-browed Conebill  
Guira Tanager  
Rosy Thrush-Tanager  
Dusky-faced Tanager  
White-shouldered Tanager  
White-lined Tanager  
Crimson-backed Tanager  
Flame-rumped Tanager  
Flame-rumped (Yellow-rumped) Tanager  
Blue-gray Tanager  
Palm Tanager  
Blue-capped Tanager  
Black-and-gold Tanager (E)  
Gold-ringed Tanager (E)  
Lacrimose Mountain-Tanager

*Entomodestes coracinus*  
*Turdus leucops*  
*Turdus leucomelas*  
*Turdus ignobilis*  
*Turdus fuscater*  
*Turdus serranus*

#### **MIMIDAE**

*Mimus gilvus*

#### **PARULIDAE**

*Parkesia noveboracensis*  
*Mniotilta varia*  
*Oreothlypis peregrina*  
*Geothlypis philadelphia*  
*Setophaga cerulea*  
*Setophaga pitiayumi*  
*Setophaga castanea*  
*Setophaga fusca*  
*Setophaga petechia*  
*Basileuterus rufifrons*  
*Basileuterus culicivorus*  
*Basileuterus tristriatus*  
*Myiothlypis luteoviridis*  
*Myiothlypis nigrocristatus*  
*Myiothlypis fulvicauda*  
*Myiothlypis coronatus*  
*Wilsonia canadensis*  
*Myioborus miniatus*  
*Myioborus ornatus*

#### **COEREBIDAE**

*Coereba flaveola*

#### **THRAUPIDAE**

*Schistochlamys melanopsis*  
*Creurgops verticalis*  
*Hemispingus atropileus*  
*Hemispingus frontalis*  
*Cnemoscopus rubrirostris*  
*Conirostrum sitticolor*  
*Conirostrum albifrons*  
*Conirostrum rufum*  
*Hemithraupis guira*  
*Rhodinocichla rosea*  
*Mitrospingus cassinii*  
*Tachyphonus luctuosus*  
*Tachyphonus rufus*  
*Ramphocelus dimidiatus*  
*Ramphocelus flammigerus flammigerus*  
*Ramphocelus flammigerus icteronotus*  
*Thraupis episcopus*  
*Thraupis palmarum*  
*Thraupis cyanocephala*  
*Bangsia melanochlamys*  
*Bangsia aureocincta*  
*Anisognathus lacrymosus*

Scarlet-bellied Mountain-Tanager  
 Blue-winged Mountain-Tanager  
 Black-chinned Mountain-Tanager  
 Grass-green Tanager  
 Buff-breasted Mountain-Tanager  
 Purplish-mantled Tanager  
 Glistening-green Tanager  
 Multicolored Tanager (E)  
 Plain-colored Tanager  
 Golden Tanager  
 Silver-throated Tanager  
 Saffron-crowned Tanager  
 Speckled Tanager  
 Bay-headed Tanager  
 Scrub Tanager  
 Metallic-green Tanager  
 Blue-necked Tanager  
 Golden-hooded Tanager  
 Beryl-spangled Tanager  
 Blue-and-black Tanager  
 Black-capped Tanager  
 Black-faced (Yellow-tufted) Dacnis  
 Blue Dacnis  
 Swallow Tanager  
 Streaked Saltator  
 Buff-throated Saltator  
 Black-winged Saltator  
 Slate-colored Grosbeak  
**BUNTINGS, SPARROWS, SEEDEATERS, ALLIES**  
 Plumbeous Sierra-Finch  
 Blue-black Grassquit  
 Yellow-bellied Seedeater  
 Ruddy-breasted Seedeater  
 Thick-billed Seed-Finch  
 Band-tailed Seedeater  
 Yellow-faced Grassquit  
 Black-faced Grassquit  
 Glossy Flowerpiercer  
 Black Flowerpiercer  
 White-sided Flowerpiercer  
 Indigo Flowerpiercer  
 Rusty Flowerpiercer  
 Bluish Flowerpiercer  
 Masked Flowerpiercer  
 Saffron Finch  
**H** Olive Finch  
 Chestnut-capped Brush-Finch  
 Orange-billed Sparrow  
 Black-headed (Stripe-headed) Brush-Finch  
 Black-striped Sparrow  
 Pale-naped Brush-Finch  
 Yellow-headed (Olive-headed) Brush-Finch (E)  
 Tricolored Brush-Finch

*Anisognathus igniventris*  
*Anisognathus somptuosus*  
*Anisognathus notabilis*  
*Chlorornis riefferii*  
*Dubusia taeniata*  
*Iridosornis porphyrocephalus*  
*Chlorochrysa phoenicotis*  
*Chlorochrysa nitidissima*  
*Tangara inornata*  
*Tangara arthus*  
*Tangara icterocephala*  
*Tangara xanthocephala*  
*Tangara guttata*  
*Tangara gyrola*  
*Tangara vitriolina*  
*Tangara labradorides*  
*Tangara cyanicollis*  
*Tangara larvata*  
*Tangara nigroviridis*  
*Tangara vassorii*  
*Tangara heinei*  
*Dacnis lineata egregia*  
*Dacnis cayana*  
*Tersina viridis*  
*Saltator striatipectus*  
*Saltator maximus*  
*Saltator atripennis*  
*Saltator grossus*  
**EMBERIZIDAE**  
*Phrygilus unicolor*  
*Volatinia jacarina*  
*Sporophila nigricollis*  
*Sporophila minuta*  
*Oryzoborus funereus*  
*Catamenia analis*  
*Tiaris olivaceus*  
*Tiaris bicolor*  
*Diglossa lafresnayii*  
*Diglossa humeralis*  
*Diglossa albilatera*  
*Diglossa indigotica*  
*Diglossa sittoides*  
*Diglossa caerulescens*  
*Diglossa cyanea*  
*Sicalis flaveola*  
*Arremon castaneiceps*  
*Arremon brunneinucha*  
*Arremon aurantiirostris*  
*Arremon atricapillus*  
*Arremonops conirostris*  
*Atlapetes pallidinucha*  
*Atlapetes flaviceps*  
*Atlapetes tricolor*



Slaty Brush-Finch  
Rufous-collared Sparrow  
Common Bush-Tanager  
Dusky Bush-Tanager  
Yellow-throated Bush-Tanager

**SALTATORS, CARDINALS, AND ALLIES**

Hepatic Tanager  
Summer Tanager  
Scarlet Tanager  
White-winged Tanager  
Sooty Ant-Tanager (E)  
Crested Ant-Tanager (E)  
Rose-breasted Grosbeak

**TROUPIALS AND ALLIES**

Red-breasted Blackbird  
Eastern Meadowlark  
Carib Grackle  
Red-bellied Grackle (E)  
Yellow-hooded Blackbird  
Shiny Cowbird  
Giant Cowbird  
Yellow-backed Oriole  
Yellow Oriole  
Mountain Cacique  
Yellow-rumped Cacique  
Russet-backed Oropendola  
Crested Oropendola  
Chestnut-headed Oropendola

**SISKINS, CROSSBILLS, AND ALLIES**

Velvet-fronted Euphonia (E)  
Thick-billed Euphonia  
Fulvous-vented Euphonia  
Orange-bellied Euphonia  
**H** Blue-naped Chlorophonia  
Chestnut-breasted Chlorophonia  
Lesser Goldfinch  
Andean Siskin

*Atlapetes schistaceus*  
*Zonotrichia capensis*  
*Chlorospingus ophthalmicus*  
*Chlorospingus semifuscus*  
*Chlorospingus flavigularis*

**CARDINALIDAE**

*Piranga flava*  
*Piranga rubra*  
*Piranga olivacea*  
*Piranga leucoptera*  
*Habia gutturalis*  
*Habia cristata*  
*Pheucticus ludovicianus*

**ICTERIDAE**

*Sturnella militaris*  
*Sturnella magna*  
*Quiscalus lugubris*  
*Hypopyrrhus pyrohypogaster*  
*Chrysomus icterocephalus*  
*Molothrus bonariensis*  
*Molothrus oryzivorus*  
*Icterus chrysater*  
*Icterus nigrogularis*  
*Cacicus chrysonotus*  
*Cacicus cela*  
*Psarocolius angustifrons*  
*Psarocolius decumanus*  
*Psarocolius wagleri*

**FRINGILLIDAE**

*Euphonia concinna*  
*Euphonia laniirostris*  
*Euphonia fulvicrissa*  
*Euphonia xanthogaster*  
*Chlorophonia cyanea*  
*Chlorophonia pyrrhophrys*  
*Spinus psaltria*  
*Spinus spinescens*

**MAMMALS**

White-footed Tamarin *Saguinus leucopis*  
Oncilla *Leopardus tigrinus*  
Santander Dwarf Squirrel *Microsciurus santanderensis*  
Red-tailed Squirrel *Sciurus granatensis*