



Southern Ecuador: Highland Rarities & Tumbesian Endemics

7 - 25 January 2022

Esmeraldas Woodstar Extension

25 - 28 January 2022

TOUR LEADER: Nick Athanas

Report and photos by Nick Athanas, except where stated otherwise



Jocotoco Antpitta

It had a been a while since I had the opportunity to guide this fantastic tour and I had forgotten how fun it could be. There is a seemingly endless variety of special birds found only in southern Ecuador and neighboring Peru along with several which have only been discovered in recent years. We managed to see seven of the ten bird species considered to be endemic to mainland Ecuador: **Blue-throated Hillstar**, **Violet-throated Metaltail**, **Esmeraldas Woodstar**, **El Oro Parakeet**, **White-necked Parakeet**, **Jocotoco Antpitta**, and **Pale-headed Brushfinch**. Other regional endemics shared with Peru that we managed to find included **White-tailed Jay**, **Pale-browed Tinamou**, **Tumbes Tyrant**, **Elegant Crescentchest**, **Gray-headed Antbird**, **Rainbow Starfrontlet**, **Black-crested Tit-Tyrant**, **Loja Tapaculo**, **Orange-banded Flycatcher**, and **Orange-throated Tanager**. This just scratches the surface of the amazing variety of memorable birds, some common, some rare, some frustratingly hard to see, and some that were easy and enjoyed on multiple occasions. Hummingbirds are worth a special mention as there are not many places where you can see sixty species on one trip! This tour was far more than just a list of birds. The incredible variety of habitats and landscapes we visited was impressive ranging from mangroves, deserts, dry forest, multiple types of humid forest in the Andes, dramatic valleys, and high, grassy plains in the highest reaches of the Andes surrounded by mountain peaks. We mostly stayed in pleasant lodges inside the forest with the target birds in easy reach, and only a few nights were spent in hotels in cities and towns, all of which were decent too. Our tour group was fun, pleasant, and always entertaining, which of course is an important part of the whole experience. This year was a bit unusual in that due to Covid cancelations from the previous year we had two tours running in parallel. My longtime friend Sam Woods was guiding the other tour, and while we mostly birded separately, both groups benefited from being able to share recent sightings of target birds.



Waiting for the endemic and newly described Blue-throated Hillstar

The tour started and ended in Guayaquil, Ecuador's largest city at around 3 million people. Everyone arrived on time, and after meeting our stalwart and amazingly knowledgeable driver Nestor, we loaded up the van and soon escaped the teeming metropolis, driving east and then south along the coastal plain to the Manglares-Churute reserve. The mangroves and semi-humid forest here are home to several birds that we would not see again later in the trip, like the skulking **Jet Antbird**, the rare *occidentalis* subspecies of **Royal Flycatcher**, the red-capped "Mangrove" **Yellow Warbler**, and more mosquitos than anywhere else on the tour by far. Wetlands (both natural and artificial) near the reserve offered up a slew of other species. **Horned Screamer** and two rare **Pinnated Bitterns** were perhaps the most memorable birds out of a long list that also included **Fulvous** and **Black-bellied Whistling-Ducks**, **Limpkin**, **Wattled Jacana**, **Anhinga**, **Roseate Spoonbill**, tons of **herons** and **egrets**, **Snail Kite**, **Savanna Hawk**, and **Peruvian Meadowlark**. After lunch in a local restaurant that offered some tasty shrimp ceviche (among other things), we continued heading south through endless banana plantations before heading up into the foothills of the Andes, where the surroundings changed dramatically to wet, lush cloudforest. We made it to Umbrellabird Lodge in the Buenaventura Reserve in time to enjoy the late afternoon activity at the feeder. Among the first birds to arrive was a photogenic **Rufous-headed Chachalaca**:



It was soon joined by a lone **Red-masked Parakeet** and a horde of **Green Honeycreepers**. The hummer feeders were bringing in plenty of **Green Thorntails**, **Violet-bellied Hummingbirds**, and **White-necked Jacobins** as well as a few others

including the “Emerald-bellied” **Green-crowned Woodnymph**. Our dinner that night was suddenly interrupted when a **Black-and-white Owl** called just outside, and plates were quickly abandoned when Sam located the bird and got it in the spotlight.

Buenaventura is perhaps best known for two species in particular, **Long-wattled Umbrellabird** (after which the lodge is named) and the **El Oro Parakeet**, which was described in 1988 and only known from a tiny area in southern Ecuador. The umbrellabird is found farther north all the way into Colombia and is at the southern limit of its range in Buenaventura, but it is still one of the easiest places to see it displaying, which it usually only does early in the morning and late in the afternoon. We chose to look for it in the afternoon, and had terrific views of a well-endowed male displaying for about ten minutes before the skies opened up and it started pouring:



El Oro Parakeet was easier in a different part of the reserve where the rangers had constructed nest boxes. We hired some pickups to take us up a bumpy road to the nesting area, and a flock came in right on schedule to perch for excellent scope views down below us, before a **Gray-backed Hawk** scared them off. We spent most of our remaining time at Buenaventura birding along the old road that passes through the heart of the reserve, where there was always

something new to see around each bend. A pair of **Scaled Fruiteaters** that perched together on a branch for many minutes was a great find, and everyone enjoyed the displaying **Club-winged Manakins** along with a male **White-bearded Manakin** nearby mixed-species flocks held a plethora of neat birds like **Rufous-throated**, **Silver-throated**, **Bay-headed**, and **Blue-necked Tanagers**, **Black-winged Saltator**, **Ashy-throated Chlorospingus**, **Spotted Woodcreeper**, **Striped (Western) Woodhaunter**, and others. We also had our only **Ochraceous Attila** of the main tour thanks to a tip from Sam's group:



A second set of hummer feeders away from the lodge brought in some different ones like **Brown Inca** and the gorgeous **Velvet-purple Coronet**. A big surprise there was a **Chestnut-breasted Coronet**, which is mainly found on the eastern slopes of the Andes.



After leaving Buenaventura, we drove south towards the Peruvian border. The forest became drier and more deciduous as we went. Normally, the rainy season starts around January, but perhaps due to La Niña it was late this year, and most trees still had not leafed out yet. We had an afternoon stop near El Empalme with its towering *Ceiba* trees, quickly finding a responsive pair of **White-headed Brushfinch** (*left*) as well as several other species typical of this habitat like **Pacific Parrotlet**, **Fulvous-headed Pygmy-Tyrant**, **Long-tailed Mockingbird**, and **Golden Grosbeak**. We continued on and arrived at our next lodge, Urraca Lodge in the Jorupe Reserve, before dark.

Urraca Lodge, where we spent three nights, makes a great base from which to bird this area. It is located within what is often called the Tumbesian region, a center of endemism that stretches from western Ecuador south through western Peru. It mostly consists of dry and semi-humid habitats. A large number of species are found only in this region, and they of course would be the focus of our next few days. We split our time between the dry forest of the middle elevations, the more temperate forest of the higher elevations, with an afternoon excursion to the lowland desert scrub.

Urraca is the local word for **White-tailed Jay**, and this stunning bird was one of the first visitors to the feeders by the lodge during our first morning. It was soon joined by other great birds like **Whooping Motmot**, **White-edged** and **Yellow-tailed Orioles**, and **Plumbeous-backed Thrush**. **Pale-browed Tinamou** did not show that morning, but fortunately came in the following day in the afternoon. Away from the feeders, we spent the better part of two mornings birding the wide dirt entrance track both above and below the lodge which passes through superb dry forest. The dry conditions meant some of the birds were a little unresponsive, but with time and effort we saw nearly everything we were hoping for including **Watkins's Antpitta**, **Blackish-headed Spinetail**, **Rufous-necked** and **Henna-hooded Foliage-gleaner**, **Slaty Becard**, **Ecuadorian Piculet**, **Elegant Crescentchest**, **Black-capped Sparrow**, **Speckle-breasted Wren**, **Gray-breasted Flycatcher**, and more. Our afternoon excursion to Zapotillo was a great success despite searing heat reaching 100°F (38°C); after stopping at the Rio Alamor for **Comb Duck** and **Baird's Flycatcher**, we birded the shadeless scrub just long enough to see **Tumbes Tyrant**, **Tumbes Sparrow**, **Tumbes Hummingbird**, and **Short-tailed Woodstar** before retreating to the revitalizing AC of the van. The cooler temps in the highlands near Utuana the next morning were a relief after this! We started off well with great sightings of **Black-cowled Saltator**, **Chapman's Antshrike**, **Bay-crowned Brushfinch**, and the fantastic **Black-crested Tit-Tyrant**, but then the fog moved in and things got tougher once we reached the reserve itself. After stopping at the feeders to see **Rainbow Starfrontlet** and **Purple-throated Sunangel** (*below*),



we then struggled to see much of anything for the rest of the morning due to poor visibility and lack of responsiveness, but we certainly got some exercise as we braved the very steep trails. Finally, just before giving up and returning to the feeders for our picnic lunch, a **Gray-headed Antbird** started calling in a nearby bamboo thicket and we did manage to see it moving around in the gloom – it was great to encounter this rare and threatened species.

During our last evening at Jorupe, we had success with owling, getting close-up views of both **Peruvian Screech-Owl** and **Spectacled Owl** right behind the lodge, and over the course of the next day we birded our way east towards the town of Vilcabamba, where we spent a single night. A highlight during the journey was seeing a pair of **Plumbeous Rails** at close range as they strutted around the edge of a small pond:



Over the next few days, we shifted our focus to humid temperate forest at higher elevations on and near the eastern slopes of the Andes. We started at Cerro Toledo, where the cold weather and strong winds were quite a shock and also not very conducive to birding! This is the best spot on the tour for the localized Neblina Metaltail, and due in large part to the windy conditions we had zero luck finding it. We were more fortunate with the newly split **Loja Tapaculo**, which came in close and showed well (*see next page*):



Oddly enough, Sam's group had the opposite experience, somehow seeing the metaltail but not the tapaculo... luck sometimes plays a large role in what you see on a birding tour. We spent the rest of the morning birding the stunted forest a bit lower where the wind was less of a problem, finding a few other interesting birds like **Rainbow-bearded Thornbill**, **Mouse-colored Thistletail**, **Black-headed Hemispingus**, a soaring **Black-and-chestnut Eagle**, **Red-crested Cotinga**, and the colorful **Golden-crowned Tanager** which was a big hit with the group. In the afternoon, we drove to Tapichalaca, the flagship reserve of the Jocotoco Foundation, where we spent the next two nights. After watching the feeders for a while for **Little** and **Amethyst-throated Sunangels**, **Collared Inca**, and others we headed up to a nesting site for **Golden-plumed Parakeet** and watched a small flock of birds as they seemed to be going to roost not far from the next boxes.

Optimism was running high next morning as we prepared to go see one of the most famous birds in Ecuador, **Jocotoco Antpitta**. I already used the photo on title page, so I guess there is little point in raising the suspense level about if we saw it or not... in any case, we started the morning with quite a different antpitta, the small yet charismatic **Equatorial Antpitta** (split from Rufous) which was coming into worms along a trail near the lodge (*right*) and was seen again several times later on at the same spot, clearly hoping for another handout. Both groups then split up and birded the loop trail towards the Jocotoco feeding area in opposite



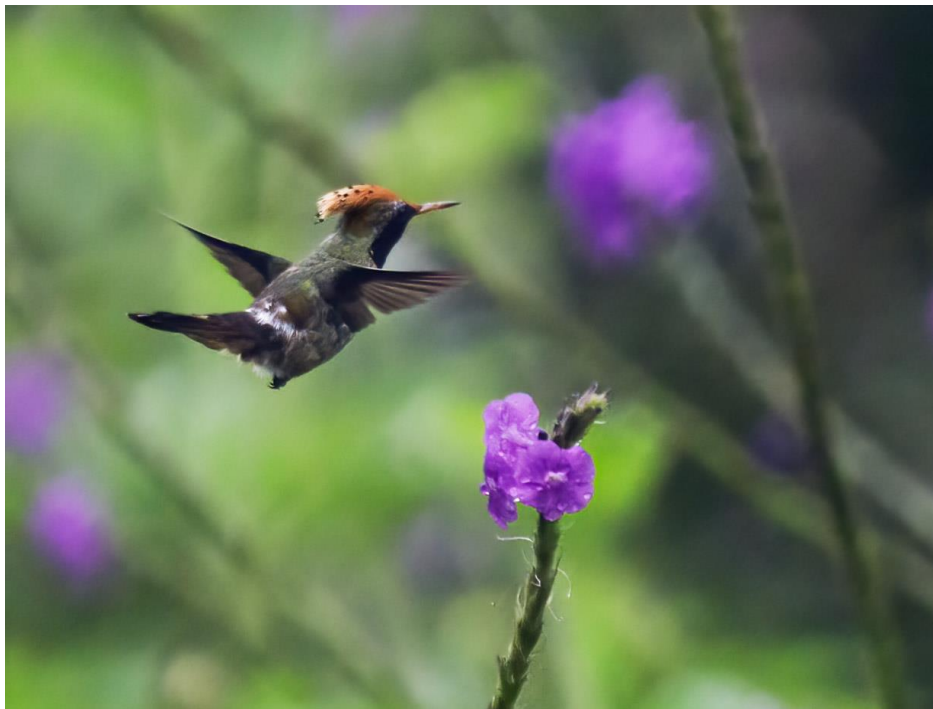
directions. We had good luck seeing **Chusquea Tapaculo** during the hike, but then the rain started just as we all converged on the (thankfully covered) viewing area, and spent the next hour or so watching two adults and one juvenile **Jocotoco Antpittas** coming in to eat the worms. I've also added a short video to youtube: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OGNuH7HSydc>. The rain kept pounding down, so we were in no rush to leave the shelter. Eventually we had to, and it was quite a wet walk back to the lodge, though we did get to see a **White-throated Quail-Dove** and a big flock of **Lacrimose Mountain-Tanagers** along the way before taking a well-deserved break with some fresh hot chocolate. In the afternoon, we joined forces with Sam's group as we drove a long way down the eastern slope to bird patches of foothill forest. The rain has stopped and the birding was fantastic with new birds coming at breakneck speed like **Torrent Duck**, **Red-headed Barbet**, **White-eyed Parakeet**, **Lined Antshrike**, **Rufous-fronted Thornbird**, **Green-backed Becard**, **Mottle-backed Elaenia**, **Marañon Thrush**, "Paynter's" **White-winged Brushfinch**, **Black-faced Dacnis**, **Blue-gray Saltator**, and **Black-faced, Silvery, Blue-necked, Paradise**, and **Bay-headed Tanagers**. We capped the evening off with a nice sighting of **White-throated Screech-Owl** back at the lodge.

We had some final birding at Tapichalaca the next morning where we caught up with some of the birds we had missed due to the rain like **Chestnut-naped Antpitta**, **Plushcap**, **Barred Becard**, **Rufous Spinetail**, and this **Rufous-crowned Tody-Flycatcher**:



Some of the group also got very lucky, seeing a **Highland Tinamou** walk across the trail. We then started the long drive back north through Loja and east down through Zamora, much of it during heavy rain. We had an afternoon stop

planned at a small reserve called Mi Paradise, where we were hoping to see Spangled Coquette coming into the verbena flowers. For a while it was looking like we were going to get skunked, but finally, just before we were going to have to give up, the sun came out and one male **Spangled Coquette** spent several minutes feeding on the flowers, oblivious of the gasps of awe (and relief) from the assembled birders:



Other hummers here were **Little Woodstar**, **Blue-tailed Emerald**, and **Glittering-throated Emerald**, and we also spotted **Duida Woodcreeper**, **Yellow-tufted Woodpecker**, and **Chestnut-eared Aracari**. It was dark by the time we reached Yankuam Lodge in the humid foothills of the eastern Andes, where we spent two nights.

Yankuam is located in the Nangaritza river valley, an incredibly diverse area known as the easiest spot in the world to see the unique **Orange-throated Tanager**. Some of its habitat is protected by a small reserve called Maycu, but the whole area is under threat from deforestation and mining. As everyone was focused on finding the tanager, Sam and I joined forces for part of the morning as we slowly birded down the road looking for the mixed species flocks that the tanagers usually are found in. We started with a nice view of the gaudy **Golden-collared Toucanet**, but then things got a bit quiet and it took quite some time before finding the flock we were hoping for. Once we found it though, wow... I don't think we moved more than around 100 yards for three hours straight! Along with the hoped for **Orange-throated Tanager**, we had a slew of fantastic birds, of which I'll just mention some of them like **Lanceolated Monklet**, **Purplish Jacamar**, **Black-and-white Tody-Flycatcher**, **Fulvous Shrike-Tanager**, **Ocellated Woodcreeper**, **Speckled Spinetail**, **Lemon-throated Barbet**, **Rusty-winged Antwren**, and **Rufous-tailed Foliage-gleaner**. After the manic activity died down, we had a picnic lunch and then carried on towards Nuevo Paraiso, where some of the group were very keen to see a **Hoatzin**. Nestor, our driver, told me that the regular site was being chopped down, so recommended hiring a boat to go see them – we were game though it ended up being a bit of an adventure – the boatman was drunk so sent his son instead who looked to be no more than 15 (but was probably older) in a leaky boat and then didn't know what we were looking for. After explaining we wanted to see “the stinky birds” he knew what to do and we finally got up close to one (*next page*):



We birded our way back to Yankuam during the afternoon, making various stops for **White-bellied Pygmy-Tyrant**, **White-browed Antbird**, **Spot-breasted Woodpecker**, and others, and capped the evening off with a fantastic **Band-bellied Owl** behind the lodge.

During our final morning in the Maycu area, we targeted various birds we had missed the day before, especially **Blackish Pewee**, which we finally saw after a long wait as well as various others like **Olive-chested Flycatcher** and **Slender-billed Xenops**, and not just one, but two **Black-and-white Hawk-Eagles**. We then started the long and bumpy ride back west towards Zamora, making a stop at a small wetland for **Black-billed** and **Chestnut-bellied Seed-Finches** and **Black-capped Donacobius**. We arrived at Copalinga Lodge by late afternoon, just in time to go visit the blind where **Gray Tinamou** usually comes in to feed. We were happy to find out that after being a no-show in recent days for unknown reasons that it was now coming in again. After a short wait, it walked up onto the trail and posed for photos. We spend the rest of the afternoon enjoying the activity at the lodge feeders and at the verbena flowers around the parking lot, which were bringing in **Violet-fronted Brilliant**, **Pale-tailed Barbthroat**, **Green Hermit**, **Many-spotted Hummingbird**, **Violet-headed Hummingbird**, and a female **Wire-crested Thorntail**. The fruit feeders attracted some different birds like **Sickle-winged Guan** and **Red-crested Finch**.



Gray Tinamou at Copalinga Lodge

During our first morning based out of Copalinga, we headed to the lower stretches of the old Loja-Zamora road. This lightly travelled dirt road goes through patches of foothill forest that can be quite birdy at times, though we found it a bit quiet for a lot of the morning. Fortunately, we connected almost immediately with the star bird of the area when a flock of **White-necked Parakeets** flew over and perched where we could scope them, and soon after also found a couple of **Wattled Guans** and the scarce **Chestnut-tipped Toucanet**. **Coppery-chested Jacamar**, another key bird of this region, was singing down off the road and for a while seemed like it was not going to budge, but finally it flew out of its hiding place and landed where we could all enjoy it (*photo next page*). We had some rain and fog to deal with the rest of the morning, which normally is not bad thing for flock activity here, but today activity was rather subdued. Despite this we enjoyed a variety of tanagers including **Orange-eared**, **Golden-eared Tanager**, **Guira**, **Spotted**, and **Swallow Tanagers** as well as the only **Yellow-breasted Antwren** of the tour. We spend the afternoon birding at Copalinga and along the road nearby, though did not see anything different until dusk, when a **Blackish Nightjar** posed for scope views.



Coppery-chested Jacamar

Next morning, we headed into Podocarpus National Park along the trail next to Rio Bombuscaro. It was cloudy, gloomy, and threatening rain, though it never really amounted to anything. However it was not conducive to birding and for the first couple of hours we struggled to see anything! After reaching the park HQ, we waited around in the usually birdy clearing for quite some time hoping for things to pick up when an **Amazonian Umbrellabird** (*photo next page*) flew into the clearing and perched, extending its wattle and displaying a few times. The birding improved after that and we ended up finding some other neat birds during the morning walk like **Andean Cock-of-the-rock**, **Fulvous-breasted Flatbill**, **Foothill Elaenia**, **Lemon-browed Flycatcher**, **Lafresnaye's Piculet**, **Montane Foliage-gleaner**, and lots of colorful tanagers like **Green-and-gold**, **Yellow-bellied**, and **Golden**. After returning to Copalinga for lunch, we packed up and continued on the next part of the tour. We stopped in Loja to check a day roost for **Koepcke's Screech-Owl**, which we didn't find until the owner of the property helpfully came out and told exactly where to look, and we got the bird in the scope. This owl was thought to be a Peruvian endemic until a few years ago when it was first found at a nearby university in the city. From Loja, we headed back north into the high Andes towards Saraguro, a small town inhabited mainly by indigenous Kichwa people. We spent two nights there in a small hotel on the edge of the town.



Amazonian Umbrellabird

A large tract of elfin cloud forest southeast of Saraguro is accessible from a rough road that goes up to some radio antennas. It's perhaps best known among Ecuador's birders as one of the best spots to see **Crescent-faced Antpitta**, a rare and beautiful bird that lurks in bamboo. That was our main target for the morning, and luck smiled on us when we found a responsive bird along a short trail that went down off the road. With playback and patience, a pair of birds came in and showed well. Another bird we were hoping for was Chestnut-bellied Cotinga, but there was no sign of it (and none of the other groups I spoke to had seen it there recently). With the antpitta "in the bag", we spent the rest of the morning looking for any other high Andean species we still needed, and some of the more memorable birds included **Barred Fruiteater**, **Ocellated Tapaculo**, **Pale-naped Brushfinch**, **Superciliaried Hemispingus**, and an unusually large flock of **Orange-banded Flycatchers**. Our afternoon outing took us to a different part of the forest, where we walked across a field to a small hill where we scoped a **Gray-breasted Mountain-Toucan**, then headed down a short trail to a different clearing to search for **Red-faced Parrot**. We heard a few and saw a couple in flight before settling down to wait, enjoying a nice flock with **Turquoise Jay**, **Hooded Mountain-Toucan**, and **Mountain Cacique** and finally getting a decent view of **Plain-tailed Wrens** in some nearby bamboo. Sam's crew turned up then, and we decided to split up to give better chances of refinding the parrots. This worked out well when we headed back to the main field and eventually had a

small flock of Red-faced Parrots land in a tree nearby. After getting them in the scope, I rushed back to tell the other group, and we all had “walk-away” views of this rare, shy parrot.

After our last night in Saraguro, we were up super early to begin our excursion up to Cerro de Arcos, home to one of the most fantastic avian discoveries in recent years. **Blue-throated Hillstar** was found by ornithologists in 2017 (though of course local people had known about it for long before that), and they worked quietly and amazingly quickly to describe it as new species the following year. They were almost too late – very little of the bird’s habitat was left by the time it was described due to grazing and burning, but fortunately the Jocotoco Foundation was able to protect much of what remained as a reserve. It was a no-brainer for us to add a day to our tour itinerary to go there, despite the long drive on rough roads. Like some other hillstars, it feeds primarily on *Chuquiraga* flower patches that dot the grassy paramo, and the best way to see **Blue-throated Hillstar** is to simply stake out a patch and wait. Sure enough, before long a beautiful male came in and landed in a bush near the flowers. This proved to be a regular perch and it returned there several times during the morning, where we were able to get some photos:



During our extended vigil, we were able to see a number of other birds typical of the paramo including **Tawny Antpitta**, **Many-striped Canastero**, **Chestnut-winged Cinclodes**, **Brown-backed Chat-Tyrant**, **Black-billed Shrike-Tyrant**, **Plumbeous Sierra-Finch**, **Grass Wren**, **Variable Hawk**, and **Mountain Caracara**. Later on, as we walked towards the refugio where we would have lunch, a massive **Andean Condor** (*right*) sailed in from the distance and circled overhead, banking enough to show off the white panels on its wings. After a bit more birding at Cerro de Arcos for **Viridian Metaltail**, **Great Sapphirewing**, **Paramo Pipit**, and **Streak-backed Canastero**, we began the long drive back down to lower elevations though some very dry valleys with ornate geological formations. Once stop along the way was worthwhile for **Band-tailed Sierra-Finch**, **Short-tailed Field Tyrant**, and a family of very fierce **Burrowing Owls** that glared at us whenever we got too close:



Eventually we reached the bottom of the valley and made it back to an asphalt road, and by late afternoon we had reached our hotel in La Union, tired after the long day but very satisfied by what we had seen.

Another day, another endangered endemic species... This time we were on the trail of **Pale-headed Brushfinch**, which has a miniscule range in and around the nearby Yunguilla reserve. This one was not as easy as the hillstar – at least to start. I had been told by three other guides that the brushfinch was no longer coming to the feeders in the reserve, so I did not rush to the feeders and instead tried to find them along the trail – what a mistake! They were an absolute nightmare to see and after a couple of hours only a few people had gotten quick and unsatisfying views. We ended up at the feeders eventually, and Enrique, the reserve ranger who had been accompanying us, crumbled up a stale bread roll and spread it over the feeder. Immediately a pair of **Gray-browed Brushfinches** came in, and a few minutes later Enrique got very excited just before the **Pale-headed Brushfinch** came in:



I think even he was surprised, and we all felt pretty lucky. Just before leaving, A **Chestnut-crowned Antpitta** also chowed down on some bread, which seemed rather strange to me. Antpittas should eat worms... Some of the other birds we saw at Yunguilla included **Slaty Finch**, **Masked (Black-lored) Yellowthroat**, **Fawn-breasted Tanager**, **Golden-rumped Euphonia**, and a superb male **Purple-collared Woodstar**.

After a night near Cuenca in a very nice hotel with a thermal bath (which was sadly being cleaned that evening, before anyone could use it), we headed up into Cajas National Park for the last full day of the main tour. As usual, we started at the forest-fringed lake of Llaviuco where we saw another **Gray-breasted Mountain-Toucan**, then called an “Ecuadorian” **Virginia Rail** out of the reeds. **Andean Teal**, **Andean Duck**, **Yellow-billed Teal**, **Andean Gull**, and **Slate-colored Coot** were also around the edges of the lake. Later in the morning we headed up to grassy and scrubby paramo above treeline,

easily finding today's endemic, **Violet-throated Metaltail** (*photo below*), along with **Tufted Tit-Tyrant** and **Mouse-colored Thistletail**.



Violet-throated Metaltail

Up at Laguna Torreadora, the main lake in the park, we struggled a bit to see the colorful **Tit-like Dacnis** before trying a different spot for it across the road where it finally came in from a long way off. **Andean Tit-Spinetail** also showed well near the lake along with **White-throated Tyrannulet**, a female **Ecuadorian Hillstar**, and another **Tawny Antpitta** (*photo by Rich Bansberg*):



One last stop on the other side of the 13600 ft. pass got us even better looks at **Tit-like Dacnis** as well as several **Plain-capped Ground-Tyrants** and a long **Stout-billed Cinclodes** before settling in for the three hour drive back to Guayaquil, where we spent the final night of the main tour. Only two of the group were continuing on to the extension, so reminisced over some of favorite sightings during dinner before saying our goodbyes. I always say this, but it is always important – thanks to everyone for coming and for helping to make it such a fun trip!

Woodstar extension

The first day of the extension is unlike anything on the main tour. Dawn saw us in bleak, sparsely vegetated desert, and it was raining as we had our packed breakfast while being serenaded by a horde of **Peruvian Meadowlarks**:



Walking out into the desert, we quickly encountered a flock of seedeaters with several **Sulphur-throated Finches** and a bunch of **Parrot-billed Seedeaters**, then explored for a bit finding several other birds not seen on the main tour like **Gray-and-white Tyrannulet**, **Mouse-colored Tyrannulet**, **Snowy-throated Kingbird**, **Collared Warbling-Finch**, and **Necklaced Spinetail**. At another stop nearby in an oilfield, we flushed up a **Peruvian Thick-knee** which stayed for a minute for some quick photos before scampering off into the bush. After that, we drove to the salt ponds and nearby beach on the Santa Elena Peninsula, and spent much of the rest of the day looking at shorebirds, gulls, terns, and other waterbirds. **Chilean Flamingos** were a big hit and were closer than they often are, along with a large flock of **Roseate Spoonbills**. Following a tip from Andres Vasquez, one of our other guides, we located a flock of five **Surfbirds**, quite a scarce bird in Ecuador. Out near the tip of the peninsula, we watched a colony of **South American Sealions** lounging on the rocks, found a **Wandering Tattler**, and enjoyed a stream of **Blue-footed Boobies** flying past the point. Later in the afternoon we drove up the Pacific Coast along the so-called Spondylus Highway, reaching our lodge for the next two nights by late afternoon.



Peruvian Thick-knee



Chilean Flamingo



Surfbirds and Ruddy Turnstones

The second morning of the extension was devoted to finding the endemic **Esmeraldas Woodstar**. We met up with the Rene, the resident ranger for the Ayampe Reserve and started walking along the road towards the forest. Birds were really active today and we saw plenty of “old friends” from the main tour along with some new ones like the gorgeous **Crimson-breasted Finch**, **Black-striped Sparrow**, **Red-rumped Woodpecker**, and **Plain-browed Woodcreeper**. By late morning Rene finally spotted a female **Esmeraldas Woodstar**, but we really wanted to see a male, so we went to a different site that Rene knew about where they come in to feed in a flower garden. This worked out fantastically well when one came in and fed at close range for several minutes:



That was much more satisfying! Having nailed the main bird of the extension, we spent the rest of the day and the following morning birding a combination of dry forest, scrub, and humid forest. Most of the birds we had seen on the main tour, but we were happy to find many of them again like **Baird’s Flycatcher**, **Golden Grosbeak**, **Speckle-breasted** and **Superciliated Wrens**, **Ochraceous Attila**, **Gartered Trogon**, and **Gray-breasted Flycatcher**. We also had a few “new ones” too including **Scrub Nightjar**, **Saffron Siskin**, **Northern Schiffornis**, **Western Fire-eye**, **Great Antshrike**, **Buff-throated Foliage-gleaner**, and **Slaty Spinetail**. After one last seafood lunch by the beach, we made our way back to Guayaquil though torrential rain, arriving in time for afternoon Covid testing and a final dinner.

A couple more photos from the tour that I added at the last minute



White-throated Screech-Owl by Rich Bansberg



South American Sealions and Kelp Gulls

BIRD LIST

The list includes everything that was seen by at least one of the group, including the guide/tour leader. Taxonomy follows: Clements, J. F., T. S. Schulenberg, M. J. Iliff, D. Roberson, T. A. Fredericks, B. L. Sullivan, and C. L. Wood. 2021. The eBird/Clements checklist of birds of the world: v2021. Downloaded from <http://www.birds.cornell.edu/clementschecklist/download/>

M=Main Tour

X=Extension

h=heard only

g=guide only

(I)=introduced species

(E)=Endemic to Ecuador (following SACC, <https://www.museum.lsu.edu/~Remsen/SACCCountryLists.htm>)

TINAMOUS

- M Highland Tinamou
- M Gray Tinamou
- Mh, Xh Little Tinamou
- M, Xh Pale-browed Tinamou
- Mh Andean Tinamou

SCREAMERS

- M Horned Screamer

DUCKS, GEESE, AND SWANS

- M Black-bellied Whistling-Duck
- M Fulvous Whistling-Duck
- M, X Comb Duck
- M Torrent Duck
- M Blue-winged Teal
- M, X White-cheeked Pintail
- M Yellow-billed Pintail
- M Andean Teal
- M Andean Duck

GUANS, CHACHALACAS, CURASSOWS

- M, Xh Rufous-headed Chachalaca
- M Speckled Chachalaca
- M Bearded Guan
- Mh Andean Guan
- M Wattled Guan
- M Sickle-winged Guan

NEW WORLD QUAIL

- M Rufous-fronted Wood-Quail

FLAMINGOS

- X Chilean Flamingo

GREBES

- M Pied-billed Grebe

PIGEONS AND DOVES

- M, X Rock Pigeon
- M, X Pale-vented Pigeon
- M Band-tailed Pigeon

TINAMIDAE

- Nothocercus bonapartei*
- Tinamus tao*
- Crypturellus soui*
- Crypturellus transfasciatus*
- Nothoprocta pentlandii*

ANHIMIDAE

- Anhima cornuta*

ANATIDAE

- Dendrocygna autumnalis*
- Dendrocygna bicolor*
- Sarkidiornis melanotos*
- Merganetta armata*
- Spatula discors*
- Anas bahamensis*
- Anas georgica*
- Anas andium andium*
- Oxyura ferruginea*

CRACIDAE

- Ortalis erythroptera*
- Ortalis guttata*
- Penelope barbata*
- Penelope montagnii*
- Aburria aburri*
- Chamaepetes goudotii*

ODONTOPHORIDAE

- Odontophorus erythrops*

PHOENICOPTERIDAE

- Phoenicopterus chilensis*

PODICIPEDIDAE

- Podilymbus podiceps*

COLUMBIDAE

- Columba livia*
- Patagioenas cayennensis*
- Patagioenas fasciata*

M Plumbeous Pigeon
 M Ruddy Pigeon
 M Ruddy Ground Dove
 M, X Ecuadorian Ground Dove
 M, X Croaking Ground Dove
 M, Xh Blue Ground Dove
 M, X White-tipped Dove
 M Gray-fronted Dove
 Xh Pallid Dove
 M White-throated Quail-Dove
 M, X West Peruvian Dove
 M, X Eared Dove

CUCKOOS

M Smooth-billed Ani
 M, X Groove-billed Ani
 Mh Striped Cuckoo
 M Squirrel Cuckoo

NIGHTJARS

M Lesser Nighthawk
 M Blackish Nightjar
 M Common Pauraque
 X Scrub (Anthony's) Nightjar

SWIFTS

M White-chinned Swift
 M Chestnut-collared Swift
 M White-collared Swift
 M Short-tailed (Tumbes) Swift
 M Gray-rumped Swift
 M Lesser Swallow-tailed Swift

HUMMINGBIRDS

M White-necked Jacobin
 M White-tipped Sicklebill
 M Buff-tailed Sicklebill
 M Pale-tailed Barbthroat
 Mh White-whiskered Hermit
 M Green Hermit
 M, X Long-billed (Baron's) Hermit
 M Gray-chinned Hermit
 M White-throated Daggerbill (Wedge-billed H.)
 M Sparkling Violetear
 M Brown Violetear
 M Black-eared Fairy
 M Amethyst-throated Sunangel
 M Little (Flame-throated) Sunangel
 M Purple-throated Sunangel
 M Wire-crested Thorntail
 M Green Thorntail
 M Spangled Coquette
 M Speckled Hummingbird
 M Long-tailed Sylph
 M Violet-tailed Sylph

Patagioenas plumbea
Patagioenas subvinacea
Columbina talpacoti
Columbina buckleyi
Columbina cruziana
Claravis pretiosa
Leptotila verreauxi
Leptotila rufaxilla
Leptotila pallida
Zentrygon frenata
Zenaida meloda
Zenaida auriculata

CUCULIDAE

Crotophaga ani
Crotophaga sulcirostris
Tapera naevia
Piaya cayana

CAPRIMULGIDAE

Chordeiles acutipennis
Nyctipolus nigrescens
Nyctidromus albicollis
Nyctidromus anthonyi

APODIDAE

Cypseloides cryptus
Streptoprocne rutila
Streptoprocne zonaris
Chaetura brachyura ocyptetes
Chaetura cinereiventris
Panyptila cayennensis

TROCHILIDAE

Florisuga mellivora
Eutoxeres aquila
Eutoxeres condamini
Threnetes leucurus
Phaethornis yaruqui
Phaethornis guy
Phaethornis longirostris baroni
Phaethornis griseogularis
Schistes albogularis
Colibri coruscans
Colibri delphinae
Heliophryx auritus
Heliangelus amethysticollis
Heliangelus micraster
Heliangelus viola
Discosura popelairii
Discosura conversii
Lophornis stictolophus
Adelomyia melanogenys
Aglaiocercus kingii
Aglaiocercus coelestis

M	Ecuadorian Hillstar	<i>Oreotrochilus chimborazo</i>
M	Blue-throated Hillstar (E)	<i>Oreotrochilus cyanolaemus</i>
M	Black-tailed Trainbearer	<i>Lesbia victoriae</i>
M	Blue-mantled Thornbill	<i>Chalcostigma stanleyi</i>
M	Rainbow-bearded Thornbill	<i>Chalcostigma herrani</i>
M	Tyrian Metaltail	<i>Metallura tyrianthina</i>
M	Viridian Metaltail	<i>Metallura williami</i>
M	Violet-throated Metaltail (E)	<i>Metallura baroni</i>
Mh	Neblina Metaltail	<i>Metallura odomae</i>
M	Glowing Puffleg	<i>Eriocnemis vestita</i>
M	Shining Sunbeam	<i>Aglaeactis cupripennis</i>
M	Brown Inca	<i>Coeligena wilsoni</i>
M	Collared Inca	<i>Coeligena torquata</i>
M	Rainbow Starfrontlet	<i>Coeligena iris</i>
M	Buff-winged Starfrontlet	<i>Coeligena lutetiae</i>
M	Mountain Velvetbreast	<i>Lafresnaya lafresnayi</i>
M	Great Sapphirewing	<i>Pterophanes cyanopterus</i>
M	Chestnut-breasted Coronet	<i>Boissonneaua matthewsii</i>
M	Velvet-purple Coronet	<i>Boissonneaua jardini</i>
Mh	Booted Racket-tail	<i>Ocreatus underwoodii</i>
M	Fawn-breasted Brilliant	<i>Heliodoxa rubinoides</i>
M	Green-crowned Brilliant	<i>Heliodoxa jacula</i>
M	Violet-fronted Brilliant	<i>Heliodoxa leadbeateri</i>
M, X	Long-billed Starthroat	<i>Heliomaster longirostris</i>
M, X	Short-tailed Woodstar	<i>Myrmia micrura</i>
M	Purple-collared Woodstar	<i>Myrtis fanny</i>
M	Little Woodstar	<i>Chaetocercus bombus</i>
X	Esmeraldas Woodstar (E)	<i>Chaetocercus berlepschi</i>
M	Blue-tailed Emerald	<i>Chlorostilbon mellisugus</i>
M	Violet-headed Hummingbird	<i>Klais guimeti</i>
M	White-vented Plumeleteer	<i>Chalybura buffonii intermedia</i>
M	Crowned (Emerald-bellied) Woodnymph	<i>Thalurania colombica hypochlora</i>
M	Fork-tailed Woodnymph	<i>Thalurania furcata</i>
M	Tumbes Hummingbird	<i>Thaumasius baeri</i>
M	Many-spotted Hummingbird	<i>Taphrospilus hypostictus</i>
M	Rufous-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia tzacatl</i>
M, X	Amazilia Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia amazilia</i>
M	Andean Emerald	<i>Uranomitra franciae</i>
M	Golden-tailed Sapphire	<i>Chrysuronia oenone</i>
M	Glittering-throated Emerald	<i>Chionomesa fimbriata</i>
M, X	Violet-bellied Hummingbird	<i>Chlorestes julie</i>
	HOATZIN	OPISTHOCOMIDAE
M	Hoatzin	<i>Opisthocomus hoazin</i>
	RAILS, GALLINULES, COOTS	RALLIDAE
M	Virginia (Ecuadorian) Rail	<i>Rallus limicola aequatorialis</i>
M	Plumbeous Rail	<i>Pardirallus sanguinolentus</i>
M	Common Gallinule	<i>Gallinula galeata</i>
M	Slate-colored (Andean) Coot	<i>Fulica ardesiaca</i>
M	Purple Gallinule	<i>Porphyrio martinica</i>
Mh	Chestnut-headed Crake	<i>Anurolimnas castaneiceps</i>

	LIMPKIN
M	Limpkin
	THICK-KNEES
X	Peruvian Thick-knee
	STILTS AND AVOCETS
M, X	Black-necked Stilt
	OYSTERCATCHERS
M, X	American Oystercatcher
	PLOVERS AND LAPWINGS
Xh	Black-bellied (Gray) Plover
X	Semipalmated Plover
Mh	Killdeer
	JACANAS
M	Wattled Jacana
	SANDPIPERS
M, X	Whimbrel
X	Ruddy Turnstone
X	Surfbird
X	Sanderling
X	Least Sandpiper
X	Semipalmated Sandpiper
X	Western Sandpiper
M, X	Spotted Sandpiper
X	Wandering Tattler
M, X	Greater Yellowlegs
M, X	Willet
M	Lesser Yellowlegs
	GULLS, TERNS, & SKIMMERS
M	Andean Gull
X	Gray-hooded Gull
X	Gray Gull
X	Laughing Gull
X	Kelp Gull
M	Gull-billed Tern
X	Royal Tern
X	Sandwich Tern
	STORKS
M	Wood Stork
	FRIGATEBIRDS
M, X	Magnificent Frigatebird
	BOOBIES AND GANNETS
X	Blue-footed Booby
	ANHINGAS
M	Anhinga
	CORMORANTS AND SHAGS
M, X	Neotropic Cormorant
	PELICANS
M, X	Brown Pelican
X	Peruvian Pelican
	HERONS, EGRETS, BITTERNS

ARAMIDAE*Aramus guarauna***BURHINIDAE***Burhinus superciliaris***RECURVIROSTRIDAE***Himantopus mexicanus***HAEMATOPODIDAE***Haematopus palliatus***CHARADRIIDAE***Pluvialis squatarola**Charadrius semipalmatus**Charadrius vociferus***JACANIDAE***Jacana jacana***SCOLOPACIDAE***Numenius phaeopus**Arenaria interpres**Calidris virgata**Calidris alba**Calidris minutilla**Calidris pusilla**Calidris mauri**Actitis macularius**Tringa incana**Tringa melanoleuca**Tringa semipalmata**Tringa flavipes***LARIDAE***Chroicocephalus serranus**Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus**Leucophaeus modestus**Leucophaeus atricilla**Larus dominicanus**Gelochelidon nilotica**Thalasseus maximus**Thalasseus sandvicensis***CICONIIDAE***Mycteria americana***FREGATIDAE***Fregata magnificens***SULIDAE***Sula neboxii***ANHINGIDAE***Anhinga anhinga***PHALACROCORACIDAE***Nannopterum brasilianum***PELECANIDAE***Pelecanus occidentalis**Pelecanus thagus***ARDEIDAE**

M Pinnated Bittern
M, X Cooi Heron
M, X Great Egret
M, X Snowy Egret
M Little Blue Heron
X Tricolored Heron
M Cattle Egret
M, X Striated Heron
M Black-crowned Night-Heron
M Yellow-crowned Night-Heron
IBIS AND SPOONBILLS
M, X White Ibis
M, X Roseate Spoonbill
NEW WORLD VULTURES
M Andean Condor
M, X King Vulture
M, X Black Vulture
M, X Turkey Vulture
M Greater Yellow-headed Vulture
OSPREY
M Osprey
HAWKS, EAGLES, KITES
M White-tailed Kite
M, X Hook-billed Kite
M Swallow-tailed Kite
M Black-and-white Hawk-Eagle
M Black-and-chestnut Eagle
M Snail Kite
M Plumbeous Kite
M Bicolored Hawk
M Savanna Hawk
M Barred Hawk
M Roadside Hawk
M Harris's Hawk
M, X Variable Hawk
M Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle
M Gray-backed Hawk
X Gray-lined (Gray) Hawk
Mg Short-tailed Hawk
OWLS
M White-throated Screech-Owl
M Koepcke's Screech-Owl
M Peruvian Screech-Owl
M Spectacled Owl
M Band-bellied Owl
M, X Peruvian (Pacific) Pygmy-Owl
M, X Burrowing Owl
M Black-and-white Owl
TROGONS
M, X Ecuadorian Trogon
M, X Gartered (N. Violaceous) Trogon

Botaurus pinnatus
Ardea cocoi
Ardea alba
Egretta thula
Egretta caerulea
Egretta tricolor
Bubulcus ibis
Butorides striata
Nycticorax nycticorax
Nyctanassa violacea
THRESKIORNITHIDAE
Eudocimus albus
Platalea ajaja
CATHARTIDAE
Vultur gryphus
Sarcoramphus papa
Coragyps atratus
Cathartes aura
Cathartes melambrotus
PANDIONIDAE
Pandion haliaetus
ACCIPITRIDAE
Elanus leucurus
Chondrohierax uncinatus
Elanoides forficatus
Spizaetus melanoleucus
Spizaetus isidori
Rostrhamus sociabilis
Ictinia plumbea
Accipiter bicolor
Buteogallus meridionalis
Morphnarchus princeps
Rupornis magnirostris
Parabuteo unicinctus
Geranoaetus polyosoma
Geranoaetus melanoleucus
Pseudastur occidentalis
Buteo nitidus
Buteo brachyurus
STRIGIDAE
Megascops albogularis
Megascops koepckeae
Megascops roboratus
Pulsatrix perspicillata
Pulsatrix melanota
Glaucidium peruanum
Athene cunicularia
Ciccaba nigrolineata
TROGONIDAE
Trogon mesurus
Trogon caligatus

Mh	Blue-crowned Trogon	<i>Trogon curucui</i>
M, X	Collared Trogon	<i>Trogon collaris</i>
	MOTMOTS	MOMOTIDAE
M, Xh	Whooping (Blue-crowned) Motmot	<i>Momotus subrufescens argenticinctus</i>
Xh	Andean (Highland) Motmot	<i>Momotus aequatorialis aequatorialis</i>
	KINGFISHERS	ALCEDINIDAE
M, X	Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle torquata</i>
M	Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>
	PUFFBIRDS	BUCCONIDAE
M	White-necked Puffbird	<i>Notharchus hyperrhynchus</i>
M	White-whiskered Puffbird	<i>Malacoptila panamensis</i>
M	Lanceolated Monklet	<i>Micromonacha lanceolata</i>
Mh	White-fronted Nunbird	<i>Monasa morphoeus</i>
	JACAMARS	GALBULIDAE
M	Coppery-chested Jacamar	<i>Galbula pastazae</i>
M	Purplish Jacamar	<i>Galbula chalcothorax</i>
	NEW WORLD BARBETS	CAPITONIDAE
Mg	Gilded Barbet	<i>Capito auratus</i>
M	Lemon-throated Barbet	<i>Eubucco richardsoni</i>
M	Red-headed Barbet	<i>Eubucco bourcierii</i>
	TOUCANS	RAMPHASTIDAE
M	Chestnut-tipped Toucanet	<i>Aulacorhynchus derbianus</i>
M	Gray-breasted Mountain-Toucan	<i>Andigena hypoglauca</i>
M	Collared (Pale-mandibled) Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus torquatus erythroptygus</i>
M	Chestnut-eared Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus castanotis</i>
M	Golden-collared Toucanet	<i>Selenidera reinwardtii</i>
Mh, X	Yellow-throated Toucan (Chest.-mandibled) Toucan	<i>Ramphastos ambiguus swainsonii</i>
Mh, Xh	Choco Toucan	<i>Ramphastos brevis</i>
Mh	Channel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos vitellinus</i>
	WOODPECKERS	PICIDAE
M	Lafresnaye's Piculet	<i>Picumnus lafresnayi</i>
M, X	Ecuadorian Piculet	<i>Picumnus sclateri</i>
M	Olivaceous Piculet	<i>Picumnus olivaceus</i>
M	Yellow-tufted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes cruentatus</i>
M	Black-cheeked Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes pucherani</i>
M	Smoky-brown Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates fumigatus</i>
X	Red-rumped Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates kirkii</i>
M	Little Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates passerinus</i>
M, X	Scarlet-backed Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates callonotus</i>
M	Bar-bellied Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates nigriceps</i>
M	Guayaquil Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus gayaquilensis</i>
Mh	Scale-breasted Woodpecker	<i>Celeus grammicus</i>
M	Golden-olive Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes rubiginosus</i>
M	Crimson-mantled Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes rivolii</i>
M	Spot-breasted Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes punctigula</i>
	FALCONS AND CARACARAS	FALCONIDAE
M	Black Caracara	<i>Daptrius ater</i>
M	Mountain Caracara	<i>Phalcoboenus megalopterus</i>
M, X	Crested Caracara	<i>Caracara plancus</i>
Mh, Xh	Laughing Falcon	<i>Herpetotheres cachinnans</i>
M, X	American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>

M	Bat Falcon	<i>Falco ruficularis</i>
	PARROTS	PSITTACIDAE
M	Gray-cheeked Parakeet	<i>Brotogeris pyrrhoptera</i>
M	Cobalt-winged Parakeet	<i>Brotogeris cyanoptera</i>
M	Red-faced Parrot	<i>Hapalopsittaca pyrrhops</i>
M	Red-billed Parrot	<i>Pionus sordidus</i>
M	Blue-headed Parrot	<i>Pionus menstruus</i>
M, X	Bronze-winged Parrot	<i>Pionus chalcopterus</i>
M	Scaly-naped Parrot (Amazon)	<i>Amazona mercenarius</i>
M, X	Pacific Parrotlet	<i>Forpus coelestis</i>
M	El Oro Parakeet (E)	<i>Pyrrhura orcesi</i>
M	White-necked Parakeet (E)	<i>Pyrrhura albipectus</i>
M	Golden-plumed Parakeet	<i>Leptosittaca branickii</i>
M, X	Red-masked Parakeet	<i>Psittacara erythrogenys</i>
M	White-eyed Parakeet	<i>Psittacara leucophthalmus</i>
	TYPICAL ANTIBIRDS	THAMNOPHILIDAE
Mh	Fasciated Antshrike	<i>Cymbilaimus lineatus</i>
Mh, X	Great Antshrike	<i>Taraba major</i>
M	Chapman's Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus zarumae</i>
M	Lined Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus tenuipunctatus</i>
M, X	Collared Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus bernardi</i>
M, Xh	Black-crowned (Western Slaty) Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus atrinucha</i>
M	Plain-winged Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus schistaceus</i>
M	Uniform Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus unicolor</i>
M, X	Plain Antvireo	<i>Dysithamnus mentalis</i>
M	Foothill Stipplethroat	<i>Epinecrophylla spodionota</i>
Mh	White-flanked Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula axillaris</i>
M	Slaty Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula schisticolor</i>
M	Yellow-breasted Antwren	<i>Herpsilochmus axillaris</i>
M	Rusty-winged (Rufous-winged) Antwren	<i>Herpsilochmus frater</i>
Mg	Peruvian Warbling-Antbird	<i>Hypocnemis peruviana</i>
Mh	Black Antbird	<i>Cercomacroides serva</i>
Mh	Blackish Antbird	<i>Cercomacroides nigrescens</i>
M	Jet Antbird	<i>Cercomacra nigricans</i>
X	Western (White-backed) Fire-eye	<i>Pyriglena maura</i>
M	White-browed Antbird	<i>Myrmoborus leucophrys</i>
Mh	Black-faced Antbird	<i>Myrmoborus myotherinus</i>
Mh	Chestnut-backed Antbird	<i>Poliocrania exsul</i>
M	Gray-headed Antbird	<i>Ampelornis griseiceps</i>
M	Esmeraldas Antbird	<i>Sipia nigricauda</i>
Mg	Zimmer's (Chestnut-tailed) Antbird	<i>Sciaphylax castanea</i>
M	Zeledon's (Immaculate) Antbird	<i>Hafferia zeledoni</i>
	CRESCENTCHESTS	MELANOPAREIIDAE
M, Xh	Elegant Crescentchest	<i>Melanopareia elegans</i>
	ANTPITTAS	GRALLARIIDAE
Mh	Undulated Antpitta	<i>Grallaria squamigera</i>
Mh	Plain-backed Antpitta	<i>Grallaria haplonota</i>
M	Chestnut-crowned Antpitta	<i>Grallaria ruficapilla</i>
M	Watkins's Antpitta	<i>Grallaria watkinsi</i>
M	Jocotoco Antpitta	<i>Grallaria ridgelyi</i>
M	Chestnut-naped Antpitta	<i>Grallaria nuchalis</i>

M Equatorial (Rufous) Antpitta
 M Tawny Antpitta
 Mh Thrush-like Antpitta
 Mh Leymebamba (Rusty-breasted) Antpitta
 M Crescent-faced Antpitta
TAPACULOS
 M Ocellated Tapaculo
 Mh Ash-colored Tapaculo
 M Loja (Paramo) Tapaculo
 Mh (Northern) White-crowned Tapaculo
 Mh Blackish (Unicolored) Tapaculo
 M Chusquea Tapaculo
ANTTHRUSHES
 Mh Black-faced Antthrush
 Xh Black-headed Antthrush
 Mh Short-tailed Antthrush
OVENBIRDS & WOODCREEPERS
 Mh South American (Tawny-throated) Leaf-tosser
 M, X Olivaceous Woodcreeper (west)
 M Olivaceous Woodcreeper (east)
 X Plain-brown Woodcreeper
 M Wedge-billed Woodcreeper
 M Ocellated Woodcreeper
 M Buff-throated Woodcreeper
 M Spotted Woodcreeper
 M Red-billed Scythebill
 M, X Streak-headed Woodcreeper
 M Montane Woodcreeper
 M Duida (Lineated) Woodcreeper
 M Slender-billed Xenops
 M Plain Xenops
 X Streaked Xenops
 M, X Pale-legged (Pacific) Hornero
 M Chestnut-winged (Bar-winged) Cinclodes
 M Stout-billed Cinclodes
 Mh Dusky-cheeked (Bamboo) Foliage-gleaner
 Mh Scaly-throated Foliage-gleaner
 M Montane Foliage-gleaner
 M Rufous-tailed Foliage-gleaner
 M Rufous-necked Foliage-gleaner
 M Henna-hooded Foliage-gleaner
 Mh Black-billed Treehunter
 X Buff-throated Foliage-gleaner
 Mg Striped (Eastern) Woodhaunter
 M Striped (Western) Woodhaunter
 M Pearled Treerunner
 M Andean Tit-Spinetail
 M Rufous-fronted Thornbird
 M Many-striped Canastero
 M Streak-backed Canastero
 M Mouse-colored Thistletail

Grallaria saturata
Grallaria quitensis
Myrmothera campanisona
Grallaricula leymebambae
Grallaricula lineifrons
RHINOCRYPTIDAE
Acropternis orthonyx
Myornis senilis
Scytalopus androstictus
Scytalopus atratus
Scytalopus latrans
Scytalopus parkeri
FORMICARIIDAE
Formicarius analis
Formicarius nigricapillus
Chamaeza campanisona
FURNARIIDAE
Sclerurus obscurus
Sittasomus griseicapillus aequatorialis
Sittasomus griseicapillus amazonus
Dendrocincla fuliginosa
Glyphorhynchus spirurus
Xiphorhynchus ocellatus napensis
Xiphorhynchus guttatus guttatoides
Xiphorhynchus erythrogygius
Campylorhamphus trochillostris
Lepidocolaptes souleyetii
Lepidocolaptes lacrymiger
Lepidocolaptes duidae
Xenops tenuirostris
Xenops minutus
Xenops rutilans
Furnarius leucopus cinnamomeus
Cinclodes albidiventris
Cinclodes excelsior
Anabazenops dorsalis
Anabacerthia variegaticeps
Anabacerthia striaticollis
Anabacerthia ruficaudata
Syndactyla ruficollis
Clibanornis erythrocephalus
Thripadectes melanorhynchus
Automolus ochrolaemus
Automolus subulatus subulatus
Automolus subulatus assimilis
Margarornis squamiger
Leptasthenura andicola
Phacellodomus rufifrons
Asthenes flammulata
Asthenes wyatti
Asthenes griseomurina

M Ash-browed Spinetail
 M Line-cheeked Spinetail
 M Speckled Spinetail
 X Necklaced Spinetail
 X Slaty Spinetail
 Mh Dark-breasted Spinetail
 M Azara's Spinetail
 M, Xh Blackish-headed Spinetail
 M Rufous Spinetail

MANAKINS

Mh Dwarf Tyrant-Manakin
 M White-bearded Manakin
 M Club-winged Manakin
 Mg Striolated (Striped) Manakin

COTINGAS

M Green-and-black Fruiteater
 M Barred Fruiteater
 M Scaled Fruiteater
 M Red-crested Cotinga
 M Andean Cock-of-the-rock
 Mh Gray-tailed Piha
 M Amazonian Umbrellabird
 M Long-wattled Umbrellabird

TITYRAS AND ALLIES

M Black-crowned Tityra
 M Masked Tityra
 X Northern (Thrush-like) Schiffornis
 M Green-backed (Yellow-cheeked) Becard
 M Barred Becard
 M Slaty Becard
 M White-winged Becard
 M Black-and-white Becard
 M One-colored Becard

SHARPBILL, ROYAL FLY., & ALLIES

M (Pacific) Royal Flycatcher
 M Ruddy-tailed Flycatcher
 M, X Black-tailed Flycatcher

TYRANT FLYCATCHERS

M Wing-barred Piprites
 Mh White-throated Spadebill
 M Streak-necked Flycatcher
 M Olive-striped Flycatcher
 M Ochre-bellied Flycatcher
 M Slaty-capped Flycatcher
 M Ecuadorian Tyrannulet
 Mh Bronze-olive Pygmy-Tyrant
 M Rufous-headed Pygmy-Tyrant
 M White-bellied Pygmy-Tyrant
 M, Xh Scale-crested Pygmy-Tyrant
 M Black-throated Tody-Tyrant
 M Rufous-crowned Tody-Flycatcher

Cranioleuca curtata
Cranioleuca antisiensis
Cranioleuca gutturata
Synallaxis stictothorax
Synallaxis brachyura
Synallaxis albicularis
Synallaxis azarae
Synallaxis tithys
Synallaxis unirufa

PIPRIDAE

Tyranneutes stolzmanni
Manacus manacus
Machaeropterus deliciosus
Machaeropterus striolatus

COTINGIDAE

Pipreola riefferii
Pipreola arcuata
Ampelioides tschudii
Ampelion rubrocristatus
Rupicola peruvianus
Snowornis subalaris
Cephalopterus ornatus
Cephalopterus penduliger

TITYRIDAE

Tityra inquisitor
Tityra semifasciata
Schiffornis veraepacis rosenbergi
Pachyramphus viridis xanthogenys
Pachyramphus versicolor
Pachyramphus spodiurus
Pachyramphus polychropterus nigriventris
Pachyramphus albogriseus
Pachyramphus homochrous

OXYRUNCIDAE

Onychorhynchus coronatus occidentalis
Terentotriccus erythrurus
Myiobius atricaudus

TYRANNIDAE

Piprites chloris
Platyrinchus mystaceus
Mionectes striaticollis
Mionectes olivaceus
Mionectes oleagineus
Leptopogon superciliaris
Phylloscartes gualaquiza
Pseudotriccus pelzelni
Pseudotriccus ruficeps
Myiornis albiventris
Lophotriccus pileatus
Hemitriccus granadensis
Poecilotriccus ruficeps

M	Black-and-white Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Poecilatriccus capitalis</i>
M, X	Common Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum cinereum</i>
M	Brownish Twistwing	<i>Cnipodectes subbrunneus</i>
M	Fulvous-breasted Flatbill	<i>Rhynchocyclus fulvipectus</i>
M	Yellow-olive Flycatcher (Flatbill) (southeast)	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens peruvianus</i>
M, Xh	Yellow-olive Flycatcher (Flatbill) (west)	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens aequatorialis</i>
M	Yellow-breasted Flycatcher (Olive-faced Flatbill)	<i>Tolmomyias flaviventris</i>
M	Cinnamon Flycatcher	<i>Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus</i>
M	Cliff Flycatcher	<i>Hirundinea ferruginea</i>
M	Ornate Flycatcher	<i>Myiotriccus ornatus</i>
M	Orange-banded Flycatcher	<i>Nephelomyias lintoni</i>
M	Brown-capped Tyrannulet	<i>Ornithion brunneicapillus</i>
Mh	White-lored Tyrannulet	<i>Ornithion inermis</i>
M, X	Southern Beardless-Tyrannulet	<i>Camptostoma obsoletum</i>
M	White-tailed Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus poecilocercus</i>
M	White-banded Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus stictopterus</i>
M	White-throated Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus leucophrys</i>
M	Black-crested Tit-Tyrant	<i>Anairetes nigrocristatus</i>
M	Tufted Tit-Tyrant	<i>Anairetes parulus</i>
X	Mouse-colored (Tumbesian) Tyrannulet	<i>Phaeomyias murina tumbezana</i>
M	Yellow Tyrannulet	<i>Capsiempis flaveola</i>
M	Foothill Elaenia	<i>Myiopagis olallai</i>
M, X	Pacific Elaenia	<i>Myiopagis subplacens</i>
X	Greenish Elaenia	<i>Myiopagis viridicata</i>
M	Mottle-backed Elaenia	<i>Elaenia gigas</i>
M, X	Yellow-bellied Elaenia	<i>Elaenia flavogaster</i>
Mh	Lesser Elaenia	<i>Elaenia chiriquensis</i>
M	White-crested Elaenia	<i>Elaenia albiceps</i>
M	Sierran Elaenia	<i>Elaenia pallatangae</i>
Mh	Rough-legged (White-fronted) Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias burmeisteri leucogonys</i>
M, X	Sooty-headed Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias griseiceps</i>
M	Black-capped Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias nigrocapillus</i>
M	Tawny-rumped Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias uropygialis</i>
M	Red-billed Tyrannulet	<i>Zimmerius cinereicapilla</i>
M	Golden-faced Tyrannulet	<i>Zimmerius chrysops chrysops</i>
M	Peruvian (Loja) Tyrannulet	<i>Zimmerius viridiflavus flavidifrons</i>
M, X	Fulvous-headed (Tawny-crowned) Pygmy-Tyrant	<i>Euscarthmus fulviceps</i>
X	Gray-and-white Tyrannulet	<i>Pseudelaenia leucospodia</i>
M	Olive-chested Flycatcher	<i>Myiophobus cryptoxanthus</i>
M, X	Bran-colored Flycatcher	<i>Myiophobus fasciatus</i>
Mh	Euler's Flycatcher	<i>Lathrotriccus euleri</i>
M, X	Gray-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Lathrotriccus griseipectus</i>
M	Smoke-colored Pewee	<i>Contopus fumigatus</i>
M	Western Wood-Pewee	<i>Contopus sordidulus</i>
M, X	Tropical (Tumbes) Pewee	<i>Contopus cinereus punensis</i>
M	Blackish Pewee	<i>Contopus nigrescens</i>
Xh	Acadian Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax virescens</i>
M	Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>
M, X	Vermilion Flycatcher	<i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i>
M	Plain-capped (Páramo) Ground-Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola alpinus</i>
M	Black-billed Shrike-Tyrant	<i>Agriornis montanus</i>

Mg	Masked Water-Tyrant	<i>Fluvicola nengeta</i>
M	Tumbes Tyrant	<i>Tumbezia salvini</i>
M	Crowned Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca frontalis</i>
M	Jelski's Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca jelskii</i>
M	Yellow-bellied Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca diadema</i>
M	Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris</i>
M	Rufous-breasted Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca rufipectoralis</i>
M	Brown-backed Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca fumicolor</i>
M	Long-tailed Tyrant	<i>Colonia colonus</i>
M	Short-tailed Field Tyrant	<i>Muscigralla brevicauda</i>
M, X	Ochraceous Attila	<i>Attila torridus</i>
M, Xh	Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>
M, X	Sooty-crowned Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus phaeocephalus</i>
Mh	Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>
M, X	Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>
M, X	Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>
M	Lemon-browed Flycatcher	<i>Conopias cinchoneti</i>
M, X	Baird's Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes bairdii</i>
Mh, X	Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>
M, X	Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucophaius</i>
X	Snowy-throated Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus niveigularis</i>
M, X	Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>
	VIREOS AND ALLIES	VIREONIDAE
M, Xh	Rufous-browed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>
M	Olivaceous Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus olivaceus</i>
M	Slaty-capped Shrike-Vireo	<i>Vireolanius leucotis</i>
Mh	Tawny-crowned Greenlet	<i>Tunchiornis ochraceiceps</i>
M, X	Lesser Greenlet	<i>Pachysylvia decurtata</i>
M	Dusky-capped Greenlet	<i>Pachysylvia hypoxantha</i>
M	Brown-capped Vireo	<i>Vireo leucophrys</i>
M, X	Chivi (Red-eyed) Vireo	<i>Vireo chivi</i>
	CROWS, JAYS, AND MAGPIES	CORVIDAE
M	Turquoise Jay	<i>Cyanolyca turcosa</i>
M	Green (Inca) Jay	<i>Cyanocorax yncas yncas</i>
M	Violaceous Jay	<i>Cyanocorax violaceus</i>
M	White-tailed Jay	<i>Cyanocorax mystacalis</i>
	DONACOBIUS	DONACOBIIDAE
M	Black-capped Donacobius	<i>Donacobius atricapilla</i>
	SWALLOWS	HIRUNDINIDAE
M, X	Blue-and-white Swallow	<i>Pygochelidon cyanoleuca</i>
M	Brown-bellied Swallow	<i>Orochelidon murina</i>
M, X	Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>
M, X	Gray-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>
M	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>
M	Chestnut-collared Swallow	<i>Petrochelidon rufocollaris</i>
	GNATCATCHERS	POLIOPTILIDAE
Mg	Tawny-faced Gnatwren	<i>Microbates cinereiventris</i>
Xg	Long-billed Gnatwren	<i>Ramphocaenus melanurus</i>
M, X	White-browed (Tropical) Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila bilineata</i>
	WRENS	TROGLODYTIDAE
Mh, Xh	Scaly-breasted (Southern Nightingale) Wren	<i>Microcerculus marginatus</i>

M, X	House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>
M	Mountain Wren	<i>Troglodytes solstitialis</i>
M	Grass (Sedge) Wren	<i>Cistothorus platensis</i>
M, Xh	Fasciated Wren	<i>Campylorhynchus fasciatus</i>
M	Thrush-like Wren	<i>Campylorhynchus turdinus</i>
M	Plain-tailed Wren	<i>Pheugopedius euophrys</i>
Mg	Coraya Wren	<i>Pheugopedius coraya</i>
M, X	Speckle-breasted Wren	<i>Pheugopedius sclateri</i>
M, X	Bay Wren	<i>Cantorchilus nigricapillus</i>
M, X	Superciliated Wren	<i>Cantorchilus superciliosus</i>
M	Rufous Wren	<i>Cinnycerthia unirufa</i>
Mh	White-breasted Wood-Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucosticta</i>
M	Gray-breasted Wood-Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucophrys</i>
M	Song Wren	<i>Cyphorhinus phaeocephalus</i>
Mh	Musician Wren	<i>Cyphorhinus arada</i>
	MOCKINGBIRDS AND THRASHERS	MIMIDAE
M, X	Long-tailed Mockingbird	<i>Mimus longicaudatus</i>
	THRUSHES AND ALLIES	TURDIDAE
Mh	Slaty-backed Nightingale-Thrush	<i>Catharus fuscater</i>
Mh	Speckled (Spotted) Nightingale-Thrush	<i>Catharus maculatus</i>
M	Swainson's Thrush	<i>Catharus ustulatus</i>
Mg	White-necked Thrush	<i>Turdus albicollis</i>
M, X	Ecuadorian Thrush	<i>Turdus maculirostris</i>
M, X	Plumbeous-backed Thrush	<i>Turdus reevei</i>
M	Black-billed Thrush	<i>Turdus ignobilis</i>
M	Marañon Thrush	<i>Turdus maranonicus</i>
M	Great Thrush	<i>Turdus fuscater</i>
M	Chiguanco Thrush	<i>Turdus chiguanco</i>
M	Andean Slaty Thrush	<i>Turdus nigriceps</i>
	WAGTAILS AND PIPITS	MOTACILLIDAE
M	Paramo Pipit	<i>Anthus bogotensis</i>
	SISKINS AND ALLIES	FRINGILLIDAE
M	Golden-rumped Euphonia	<i>Chlorophonia cyanocephala</i>
Mg	Purple-throated Euphonia	<i>Euphonia chlorotica</i>
M	Golden-bellied (White-lored) Euphonia	<i>Euphonia chrysopasta</i>
M, X	Thick-billed Euphonia	<i>Euphonia laniirostris</i>
M	Orange-bellied Euphonia	<i>Euphonia xanthogaster</i>
Mh	Bronze-green Euphonia	<i>Euphonia mesochrysa</i>
M	Yellow-bellied Siskin	<i>Spinus xanthogastrus</i>
M	Hooded Siskin	<i>Spinus magellanicus</i>
X	Saffron Siskin	<i>Spinus siemiradzkii</i>
M	Olivaceous Siskin	<i>Spinus olivaceus</i>
	SPARROWS AND ALLIES	PASSERELLIDAE
M	Yellow-throated Chlorospingus (Bush-Tanager)	<i>Chlorospingus flavigularis</i>
M	Ashy-throated Chlorospingus (Bush-Tanager)	<i>Chlorospingus canigularis</i>
M	Common Chlorospingus (Bush-Tanager)	<i>Chlorospingus flavopectus</i>
M	Tumbes Sparrow	<i>Rhynchospiza stolzmanni</i>
M	Yellow-browed Sparrow	<i>Ammodramus aurifrons</i>
X	Black-striped Sparrow	<i>Arremonops conirostris</i>
M	Gray-browed (Stripe-headed) Brushfinch	<i>Arremon assimilis</i>
M	Orange-billed Sparrow	<i>Arremon aurantirostris</i>

M, X Black-capped Sparrow
 M Chestnut-capped Brushfinch
 Mh Olive Finch
 M Rufous-collared Sparrow
 M White-headed Brushfinch
 M Pale-naped Brushfinch
 M Yellow-breasted (Rufous-naped) Brushfinch
 M White-winged Brushfinch
 M White-winged Brushfinch (Paynter's)
 M Pale-headed Brushfinch (E)
 M Bay-crowned Brushfinch

TROUPIALS AND ALLIES

M, X Peruvian Meadowlark
 Mh, X Yellow-billed Caciue
 M Russet-backed Oropendola
 M Crested Oropendola
 Mh Solitary Black Caciue
 M, X Yellow-rumped Caciue
 M (Northern) Mountain Caciue
 M White-edged Oriole
 M, X Yellow-tailed Oriole
 M, X Shiny Cowbird
 M Giant Cowbird
 M, X Scrub Blackbird
 M, X Great-tailed Grackle

NEW WORLD WARBLERS

M, X Masked (Black-lored) Yellowthroat
 M Olive-crowned Yellowthroat
 M, X Tropical Parula
 M Blackburnian Warbler
 M Yellow (Mangrove) Warbler
 M Three-striped Warbler
 M Three-banded Warbler
 M Citrine Warbler
 M Black-crested Warbler
 M Buff-rumped Warbler
 M, X Gray-and-gold Warbler
 M Russet-crowned Warbler
 M Canada Warbler
 M Slate-throated Redstart (Whitestart)
 M Spectacled Redstart (Whitestart)

GROSBEAKS AND ALLIES

M, X (Highland) Hepatic Tanager
 M Summer Tanager
 M Scarlet Tanager
 M Ochre-breasted Tanager
 M, X Golden (Southern Yellow) Grosbeak
 Mh Blue-black Grosbeak

TANAGERS AND ALLIES

M Black-faced Tanager
 M Magpie Tanager

Arremon abeillei
Arremon brunneinucha
Arremon castaneiceps
Zonotrichia capensis
Atlapetes albiceps
Atlapetes pallidinucha
Atlapetes latinuchus
Atlapetes leucopterus dresseri
Atlapetes leucopterus paynteri
Atlapetes pallidiceps
Atlapetes seebohmi

ICTERIDAE

Leistes bellicosus
Amblycercus holosericeus
Psarocolius angustifrons
Psarocolius decumanus
Cacicus solitarius
Cacicus cela
Cacicus chrysonotus leucoramphus
Icterus graceannae
Icterus mesomelas
Molothrus bonariensis
Molothrus oryzivorus
Dives waczewiczi
Quiscalus mexicanus

PARULIDAE

Geothlypis aequinoctialis auricularis
Geothlypis semiflava
Setophaga pitayumi
Setophaga fusca
Setophaga petechia peruviana
Basileuterus tristriatus
Basileuterus trifasciatus
Myiothlypis luteoviridis
Myiothlypis nigrocristata
Myiothlypis fulvicauda
Myiothlypis fraseri
Myiothlypis coronata
Cardellina canadensis
Myioborus miniatus
Myioborus melanocephalus

CARDINALIDAE

Piranga flava lutea
Piranga rubra
Piranga olivacea
Chlorothraupis stolzmanni
Pheucticus chrysogaster
Cyanoloxia cyanooides

THRAUPIDAE

Schistochlamys melanopsis
Cissopis leverianus

M	Black-capped Hemispingus	<i>Kleinothraupis atropileus</i>
Mh	Black-eared (Piura) Hemispingus	<i>Sphenopsis melanotis piurae</i>
M	Superciliaried Hemispingus	<i>Thlypopsis superciliaris</i>
M	Rufous-chested Tanager	<i>Thlypopsis ornata</i>
M	Flame-crested Tanager	<i>Loriotus cristatus</i>
M, X	White-shouldered Tanager	<i>Loriotus luctuosus</i>
M	White-lined Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus rufus</i>
M	Fulvous Shrike-Tanager	<i>Lanio fulvus</i>
M, X	Flame-rumped (Lemon-rumped) Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus flammigerus icteronotus</i>
M	Silver-beaked Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus carbo</i>
M	Orange-throated Tanager	<i>Wetmorethraupis sterrhopteran</i>
M	Hooded Mountain-Tanager	<i>Buthraupis montana</i>
Mg	Blue-capped Tanager	<i>Sporathraupis cyanocephala</i>
Mh	Grass-green Tanager	<i>Chlorornis riefferii</i>
M	Lacrimose Mountain Tanager	<i>Anisognathus lacrymosus</i>
M	Scarlet-bellied Mountain Tanager	<i>Anisognathus igniventris</i>
M	Black-chinned Mountain Tanager	<i>Anisognathus notabilis</i>
M	Buff-breasted Mountain Tanager	<i>Dubusia taeniata</i>
M	Golden-crowned Tanager	<i>Iridosornis rufivertex</i>
M	Fawn-breasted Tanager	<i>Pipraeidea melanonota</i>
M	Orange-eared Tanager	<i>Chlorochrysa calliparaea</i>
M, X	Blue-gray Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>
M, X	Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>
M	Rufous-throated Tanager	<i>Ixothraupis rufigula</i>
M	Yellow-bellied Tanager	<i>Ixothraupis xanthogastra</i>
M	Spotted Tanager	<i>Ixothraupis punctata</i>
M	Silvery (Silver-backed) Tanager	<i>Stilpnia viridicollis</i>
Mg	Masked Tanager	<i>Stilpnia nigrocincta</i>
M	Blue-necked Tanager	<i>Stilpnia cyanicollis</i>
M	Blue-and-black Tanager	<i>Tangara vassorii</i>
M	Beryl-spangled Tanager	<i>Tangara nigroviridis</i>
M	Turquoise Tanager	<i>Tangara mexicana</i>
M	Paradise Tanager	<i>Tangara chilensis</i>
M	Opal-rumped Tanager	<i>Tangara velia</i>
M	Bay-headed Tanager	<i>Tangara gyrola</i>
M	Golden-eared Tanager	<i>Tangara chrysotis</i>
M	Green-and-gold Tanager	<i>Tangara schrankii</i>
M	Golden Tanager	<i>Tangara arthus</i>
M	Silver-throated Tanager	<i>Tangara icterocephala</i>
M	Swallow Tanager	<i>Tersina viridis</i>
M	Black-faced Dacnis	<i>Dacnis lineata lineata</i>
M, X	Black-faced (Yellow-tufted) Dacnis	<i>Dacnis lineata aequatorialis</i>
M	Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cayana</i>
M	Purple Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes caeruleus</i>
M	Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>
M, X	Guira Tanager	<i>Hemithraupis guira</i>
M	Blue-backed Conebill	<i>Conirostrum sitticolor</i>
M	Glossy Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa lafresnayii</i>
M	Black Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa humeralis</i>
M	White-sided Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa albilatera</i>
M	Bluish Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa caerulescens</i>

M	Masked Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa cyanea</i>
M	Plushcap	<i>Catamblyrhynchus diadema</i>
M	Tit-like Dacnis	<i>Xenodacnis parina</i>
M	Plumbeous Sierra Finch	<i>Geospizopsis unicolor</i>
M	Ash-breasted Sierra Finch	<i>Geospizopsis plebejus</i>
M	Slaty Finch	<i>Spodiornis rusticus</i>
M	Band-tailed Sierra Finch	<i>Rhopospina alaudina</i>
M	Black-headed Hemispingus	<i>Pseudospingus verticalis</i>
M	Gray-hooded Bush Tanager	<i>Cnemoscopus rubrirostris</i>
X	Collared Warbling Finch	<i>Poospiza hispaniolensis</i>
M, X	Saffron Finch	<i>Sicalis flaveola</i>
X	Sulphur-throated Finch	<i>Sicalis taczanowskii</i>
M, X	Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>
X	Parrot-billed Seedeater	<i>Sporophila peruviana</i>
M, X	Chestnut-throated Seedeater	<i>Sporophila telasco</i>
M	Chestnut-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila castaneiventris</i>
M	Thick-billed (Lesser) Seed-Finch	<i>Sporophila funerea</i>
M	Chestnut-bellied (Lesser) Seed-Finch	<i>Sporophila angolensis</i>
M	Black-billed Seed-Finch	<i>Sporophila atrirostris</i>
M, X	Variable Seedeater	<i>Sporophila corvina</i>
M, X	Yellow-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila nigricollis</i>
M	Red-crested Finch (Red Pileated-Finch)	<i>Coryphospingus cucullatus</i>
X	Crimson-breasted Finch	<i>Rhodospingus cruentus</i>
M, X	Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>
M, X	Buff-throated Saltator	<i>Saltator maximus</i>
M	Black-winged Saltator	<i>Saltator atripennis</i>
M	Blue-gray (Grayish) Saltator	<i>Saltator coerulescens</i>
M, X	Streaked Saltator	<i>Saltator striatipectus</i>
M	Black-cowled Saltator	<i>Saltator nigriceps</i>
M	Slate-colored Grosbeak	<i>Saltator grossus</i>

MAMMALS

M	White-fronted Capuchin	<i>Cebus albifrons</i>
M	Mantled Howler	<i>Alouatta palliata</i>
M	Amazon Dwarf Squirrel	<i>Microsciurus flaviventer</i>
M	Amazon Red Squirrel sp.	<i>Sciurus igniventris/spadiceus</i>
M	Guayaquil Squirrel	<i>Sciurus stramineus</i>
M	Northern Ghost Bat	<i>Diclidurus albus</i>
Mg	Lowland Paca	<i>Cuniculus paca</i>
M	Tapeti (Brazilian Rabbit)	<i>Sylvilagus brasiliensis</i>
M	Tayra	<i>Eira barbara</i>
X	South American Sealion	<i>Otaria flavescens</i>
M	South American Coati	<i>Nasua nasua</i>
M	White-tailed Deer	<i>Odocoileus virginianus</i>