

Mexico: Birding Oaxaca & Chiapas

February 25 - March 13 2025

Private/Custom Tour

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Photos and Trip Report by Zac Babbit.

Not all photos were taken on this tour, however they were taken at the same localities



Mexico is well known amongst birders as a “must see” destination. While the country is massive and has many premier birding destinations, the dual trip of Oaxaca and Chiapas is often considered the most essential. The tour runs through two provincial states in southern Mexico, maximizing time in many different habitats, elevations and bioregions. The result is a tour that has the potential of having clients observe species from West Mexico, the Sierra Madres, the Oaxaca valley region, the Isthmus, and Chiapas/Guatemalan bio-región. It truly is an in-depth presentation of Mexico’s overwhelming bird diversity. This tour was a private custom tour, so the pace was different from that of a standard departure tour. However, we were incredibly productive on seeing many of the region's endemic birds and targeting some lifers for the clients. By the end of the tour we found a total of **352 bird species**, as well as several reptiles and mammals along the way. Some of our highlights included getting up close views of both



Green-fronted Hummingbird

Chestnut-sided Shrike-Vireo and **Green Shrike-Vireo**, both endemic “cave wrens”, views of the cryptic **Long-tailed Wood-Partridge** and **Ruddy Foliage-Gleaner**, and seeing all of the five “top targets” for the trip; **Red Warbler**, **Orange-breasted Bunting**, **Rose-bellied Bunting**, **Pink-headed Warbler**, and **Slaty Vireo**.

Day 1: Teotitlán del Valle and Yagul

After arriving in Oaxaca the night before, we were all eager to begin searching for the unique birds in the region. The Central Valleys of Oaxaca are surrounded by the Sierra Madres, creating a “Y” shaped formation of arid thornscrub habitat. The mountains have restricted the movements of lowland species, resulting in a concentration of endemic birds. We started the day by birding the mid-elevation forests of Teotitlán del Valle. The middle elevations of these mountain slopes act as transitional zones between the pine forests and arid thornscrub. We arrived early and headed straight



Golden-cheeked Woodpecker

to our highest elevation of the day, then slowly worked down in elevation.

As we arrived we were greeted by the songs of **Elegant Trogon, Slate-throated Redstart and Rufous-capped Warbler**. We began birding and picked up species like **Gray Silky-Flycatcher, Brown-backed Solitaire, and Greater Pewee**. The mixed flock activity was good, with some highlights including **Hermit Warbler, Cassin's Vireo, Bridled Titmouse, and Black-throated Gray-Warbler**. As we birded, I kept occasionally playing the song for **Chestnut-sided Shrike-Vireo**. After the first hour and a half of birding we heard a response and walked in its direction. Suddenly, the singing came from directly above us. We were all amazed and impressed by the bold colors this massive passerine has. The **Chestnut-sided Shrike-Vireo (pictured below)** is the largest of the vireos in the world, so it was delightful to watch this behemoth sit steadily for several minutes above the road.



After enjoying this epic find we began to descend back towards the thornscrub. As we birded we came across a **Middle American Gopher Snake**, a stunning and unexpected surprise! We managed to see another major target on the way down, the **Oaxaca Sparrow**. This sparrow is very localized to the Oaxaca Valley area. Other birds we saw along the way down were **Woodhouse's Scrub-Jay**, **Rufous-crowned Sparrow**, and **Audubon's Oriole**. We ended the morning birding session at a nearby lake. Here, we saw many new birds for the tour like **Blue-winged Teal**, **Ring-necked Duck**, **Least Grebe**, and **Black-vented Oriole**. We even had a few endemic species at the lake! A pair of **Dusky Hummingbirds** provided great looks as they were in the midst of a heated territorial fight. Then we came across a feeding group of **White-throated Towhees**, another range restricted species. Afterwards we left to have lunch at a local restaurant in town.



We took an afternoon break to avoid the hottest part of the day. Afterwards, we went to search for a few target species at Yagul Archeological Zone. The Yagul site is home to the remnants of an ancient Zapotec city that is over 700 years old. It was an interesting setting for our afternoon birding. We were here for several endemic species. As we searched the surrounding cacti and shrubs we came across two of our biggest targets, the **Gray-breasted Woodpecker** and **Bouchard's Wren (pictured below)**. We continued searching for the **Beautiful Hummingbird**, but we were unsuccessful. Regardless, it was a wonderful afternoon and we returned to the City Center for dinner.



Day 2: La Cumbre

Today we left the hotel at 5:30 am to explore the higher elevation pine forests of the Sierra Madres. The roads were still dark as we drove up the mountain, but the light slowly illuminated the vast forests. We arrived at our first stop and immediately hit the trails. The sounds of the forest revealed **Brown-backed Solitaires, Slate-throated Redstart, and Mountain Trogons (pictured below)**. It didn't take long before we found our top target for the morning, **Dwarf Jays!** Their distinct calls rang out through the forest. We saw several individuals flying near the canopy. Luckily they were interacting with another major target, the **Gray-barred Wren**. They didn't show themselves well, but we saw glimpses as they vanished in the canopy with the **Dwarf Jays** and some **Steller's Jays**.



We continued up the trail towards a clearing, where we saw **White-eared Hummingbirds, Band-tailed Pigeons** and an endemic **Collared Towhee**. As we were enjoying the quick glimpses of the **Collared Towhee** one of the best endemic birds of the tour appeared like magic before our eyes. The captivating **Red Warbler (pictured below)** is perhaps the most beautiful of the New World Warblers. Its ruby red colors are complimented stunningly by its large bright white cheek patches. As a Mexican endemic, this **Red Warbler** is one of the top targets of the trip. We marveled as this “gemstone” flew and posed for several minutes at eye level, leaving us all in a veil of astonishment. After this phenomenal encounter we began meandering back to the car to try a new spot. On our way we came across even more birds like the **Spot-crowned Woodcreeper, Black Thrush, Mexican Chickadee** and several **Olive Warblers**. We



spent the remainder of the morning traveling around the pine forests; with the highlights including **Crescent-chested Warbler**, **Golden-browed Warbler** and even more **Red Warblers**.

We left the forest around 12 but on our way out we stopped for some photos of the local **Pulque Agave** (*Agave atrovirens*) population, a Mexican endemic agave which is the largest in the world! Then we had lunch at Restaurant Colibri. Oaxaca has almost no feeder setups available to the public, but this restaurant is one of the few exceptions! While this feeder setup is only a poorly placed bowl of water and two hummingbird feeders, it is better than nothing. As we enjoyed some delicious food we saw **Rufous-capped Brushfinch** and **Blue-throated Mountain-Gem**. Afterwards we returned to the hotel for a mid-afternoon break.



After our afternoon break we returned to do some bird watching in the local thornscrub habitat. As we birded the open arid environment we detected **Canyon Wren, Thick-billed Kingbird, and White-throated Towhee**. After a little bit of focused effort we managed to find another sought after endemic, the **Bridled Sparrow (pictured on previous page)**. This stunning sparrow perched on top of a nearby shrub, allowing us to get some epic looks. As we continued down the trail we got brief but good looks of **West Mexican Chachalaca**. Then, we heard the song of an **Ocellated Thrasher** from far away. It took me well over 20 minutes, but eventually I managed to spot the male **Ocellated Thrasher** singing from a tree. An epic find to end the day.

Day 3: Oaxaca to Tuxtepec

After a successful past few days we decided to focus on one of the region's best endemic birds, the **Slaty Vireo**. We left for Monte Alban and arrived by 6:30am. The



activity was low but we were thrilled to find **Blue Mockingbird** and **White-throated Towhees**. As we continued our morning walk we heard the familiar song of **Ocellated Thrasher (pictured on previous page)**. Unlike yesterday's encounter, this bird perched up 15 feet away allowed us to get some epic views. The time was getting late and we were getting ready to leave. However, we continued on a little further and were thrilled to hear the call of a **Slaty Vireo!** We went over to the source of the sound and after some focused effort, we all saw this dazzling and secretive endemic. Overjoyed with the success of our morning walk we returned to the hotel and had breakfast.

We had a long day of driving ahead of us since we were driving to Tuxtepec. With over 6 hours of driving ahead of us we left quickly and began the journey north. Along the drive we made several stops of different birds. The most memorable encounters from the drive were **Bumblebee Hummingbird** and **Slate-colored Solitaire**. We arrived and enjoyed our dinner before heading to bed for the night.

Day 4: Santa Maria Jacatepac.

We started the day early to try for our major endemic target, the **Sumichrast's Wren**. This wren is endemic to the limestone formations in lowland forests around Veracruz and northern Oaxaca. Seeing this wren was the number one priority for the day. Once we arrived we began walking along the road to see what species were active. The songs of **Gartered Trogons, Lesson's Motmot and Green Shrike-Vireo** caught our attention as **Red-lored Amazons, Brown Jays and Olive-throated Parakeets** flew over our heads. After the first 30 minutes of our birding I heard the song I had been waiting for. The beautiful song of the **Sumichrast's Wren** interrupted our focus on any other birds, and we rushed towards the source of this song.

We weaved up a small muddy trail and found ourselves surrounded by thick broadleaf forest and large limestone boulders. After some playback the wren began to show itself, appearing more like a small shy mammal than a bird. Eventually it appeared

before us and sat in the open, granting us the rare experience of seeing this elusive bird clearly. Overjoyed that we saw the **Sumichrast's Wren** (pictured below) so well, we returned to the road and continued birding there for the rest of the morning. Flocks of migrating warblers passed by, showcasing classic North American warblers like **Magnolia Warbler, Northern Parula, Prairie Warbler, American Redstart and Black-and-white Warbler**. An impressive array of flycatchers were also present; **Vermillion Flycatcher, Yellow-bellied Flycatcher, Eastern Phoebe, and Boat-billed Flycatcher**. We also got our fill of fantastic Neotropical species like **Keel-billed Toucan, Rufous-breasted Spinetail, Bare-throated Tiger-Heron, Green-breasted Mango, and White-bellied Emerald**. We reluctantly returned to the hotel for lunch.

After a delicious lunch we took an afternoon break and met back up around 3pm. The afternoon birding was slower but we birded on Camino Camelia Roja. Almost



immediately after arriving we heard **Ferruginous Pygmy Owl**, and saw a group of **Yellow-throated and Scrub Euphonias**. As we walked the road we found **Altamira Oriole, Black-cowled Oriole, Ladder-backed Woodpecker, Collared Aracari, Gray Hawk and Spot-breasted Wren**. It was getting late but as we were returning to the vehicle we heard **Black-headed Trogon**, another great addition to the trip list.

Day 5: Valle National

We had another early start and arrived at our birding spot by 6:30am. On the drive over we saw several new birds for the trip like **Lesser Nighthawk, Common Pauraque, and Ringed Kingfisher**. Upon arriving at Camino Plan de las Flores it was evident that it would be an epic morning. The bird density and activity was the best of the tour. We detected **Yellow-tailed Oriole, Barred Antshrikes, Rufous-breasted Spinetail, Golden-naped Tanager, Red-legged Honeycreeper, Buff-throated Saltator, Spotted Wood-Quail, Cinnamon-bellied Saltator, Crimson-collared Tanager, Streak-headed Woodcreeper, Black-faced Grosbeak** and dozens more within the first 20 minutes. As we continued down the trail we heard **Rufous-tailed Jacamar** and saw **Rusty Sparrows**. As we continued down we came across several Gartered Trogons and had a prolonged and epic encounter with the **Slaty-tailed Trogon**. We returned to the car and tried a few more spots on the way back to a restaurant for lunch. We saw **White-collared Swifts and a Louisiana Waterthrush**, but the highlight was hearing the **Tody Motmot** singing from a far away distance. The song was clear as day but it was too far away to find. After lunch we birded along more local roads and picked up species like **Lineated Woodpecker, Masked Tityra, Lesser Greenlets and migrating Hooded Warblers**. The group was tired from a long day of birding, so we opted to head back to the hotel and take the remainder of the day off.

Day 6: Gulf Slope to Oaxaca

Today we were permanently leaving the Tuxtepec area. We began driving back towards Oaxaca, but spent the morning making several stops along the way. Our first stop proved to be productive. Soon after arrival we found a **Middle American Leaftosser**, **Tawny-winged Woodcreeper**, **Scaly-throated Foliage-Gleaner**, and **Little Tinamou**. Suddenly the song of a **Pheasant Cuckoo (pictured below)** began to ring out though the forest. We gathered towards the edge of the forest and played some playback. Immediately, an adult **Pheasant Cuckoo** came soaring in! We watched the cuckoo flying between perches and posing for us several times. We managed to capture a few images and after a while we left to continue birding down the road. As the drive continued we picked more species like **Unicolored Jay**, **Laughing Falcon**, **Golden-crowned Warbler**, **Long-billed Starthroat** and **Slate-colored Solitaire**. After a long day of driving and birding we arrived and settled into our hotel for the night.



Day 7: Monte Alban to San Jose del Pacifico

This morning we left the hotel at 6:30am to bird along the road to Monte Alban. The site is home to one of the most impressive ancient ruins in Mexico and is labeled as a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1987. The ruins were home to the Zapotec people 1,500 years ago. Today, it is home to many different species of birds, reptiles and mammals. As we birded along the roadway we saw **Rufous-backed Robin**, **White-throated Towhee**, **Blue Mockingbird**, and the ever elusive **Slaty Vireo**. At 8am the road opened to vehicles, so we returned to our car and drove up to the ruins. As we walked amongst ancient temples and communities we heard **Ocellated Thrasher** and **Canyon Wren**. The distinct voice of a **Nutting's Flycatcher** helped us confirm a new



bird for the trip. Many migratory birds were also present at the site, such as **Virginia's Warbler, MacGillivray's Warbler, Baltimore Oriole and Black-and-white Warbler**. Other major highlights included **Bouchard's Wren, Black-vented Oriole and Rufous-capped Warbler**. After exploring the city for over an hour we returned to the hotel for a late breakfast.

After breakfast we began a three hour drive to San Jose del Pacifico, a small town nestled in the Sierra Madres del Sur. Our newest accommodation was in the midst of beautiful mountain views and an extensive garden. We enjoyed a late lunch and took a break until 4pm. During the break some of us wandered through the garden. Species like **Gray Silky-Flycatcher, Bumblebee Hummingbird (pictured on the previous page), and the Black-eared subspecies of Bushtit** were seen. We reunited at the vehicle after the break and went searching for our two main targets, **Long-tailed Wood-Partridge and White-throated Jay**. We checked several back roads and eventually heard the distant song of the **Long-tailed Wood-Partridge**. We walked down some side roads in the direction of the partridge. We played the song back and heard the bird running in closely in the thick vegetation. Suddenly the stunning and elusive **Long-tailed Wood-Partridge** popped out in the open as all of our jaws hit the ground! It was an epic way to end the day and one of the most memorable encounters of the tour.

Day 8: San Jose del Pacifico to Pluma Hidalgo

We woke up early and began searching for the endemic and elusive White-throated Jay. As we searched along the roads we found **Slate-throated Redstart, Crescent-chested Warbler, Red Warbler, Mexican Violetear, and Gray-breasted Wood-Wren**. Afterwards we returned to the hotel for breakfast. We packed our bags and tried a few more stops along the way to Pluma Hidalgo. Our first stop was a success when we heard the endemic **Hooded Yellowthroat**. Then we continued south, where we finally intercepted our elusive **White-throated Jay**. Other birds we came across

were **Northern Pygmy-Owl, Mountain Trogon and Berylline Hummingbird**. We continued to our next major stop, La Soledad.

The road we walked provided some of the best birding of the trip. Upon arrival we detected species like **Eye-ringed Flatbill, Ivory-billed Woodcreeper and Blue-capped Hummingbird**. The endemic **Gray-crowned Woodpecker** gave us some quick but good views, as we all watched an adult male forage. Suddenly the calls of a Ruddy Foliage-gleaner erupted from close by. We focused on the thickets they were singing from and everyone got brief but great looks of this cryptic bird, as a pair came in close to investigate the playback . We continued uphill where we heard the voice of the endemic **Happy Wren**. Then we finished our journey to the hotel for a late lunch. We did some late afternoon birding after lunch and a break. The activity was slow but the highlight was getting great looks and photographs of the adorable **Happy Wren (pictured below)**, leaving us as a very happy group.



Day 9: Pluma Hidalgo to Huatulco

We all woke up early to the calls of **Mottled Owl**, an epic start to the day. After a successful previous day we only had a few birds left on the target list, so we focused on the endemic **Red-headed Tanager**. It's not often that you find your main target in the first 10 minutes of the day, but today was a special occasion. We spotted the Red-headed Tanager high in the trees and got some great views. We continued up the road and found species like **Collared Trogon**, **Rusty Sparrow**, and **Audubon's Oriole**. Then we returned to the Cafe Pluma coffee plantation for birding along the roads. As we enjoyed **Berylline Hummingbirds**, **Blue Mockingbirds** and a variety of warblers we suddenly heard the calls of the **Blue-capped Hummingbird (pictured below)**. Some playback proved to be very effective and we soon saw several come and inspect. We managed to snap some pictures and get great looks. We returned to the vehicle and began exploring several stops along



the roads. We found several new birds for the trip like the **Golden-crowned Emerald**, **Golden Vireo**, **Zone-tailed Hawk** and **White-throated Magpie-Jays**. Eventually we packed back into the vehicle and headed to the coastal city of Huatulco.

After a late lunch in Huatulco we took a brief break before heading to some nearby trails. Being in a new part of southern Mexico meant we had plenty of new targets to look for. Immediately upon exiting the vehicle we detected the endemic **Golden-cheeked Woodpecker**, **Russet-crowned Motmot** and **Yellow-winged Cacique**. One last stop before sunset presents us with a few more new bird species, like **Russet-naped Wren** (pictured below) and **Turquoise-crowned Hummingbird**. Another epic ending to a great day.



Day 10: Huatulco NP

We had another early start today, and headed straight to Huatulco National Park. We had a long list of targets to find today, so we eagerly hit the trails. The area was busy with **West Mexican Chachalaca, White-fronted Amazons, and Orange-fronted Parakeets**. A **Hook-billed Kite** flew over the trail and **Ferruginous Pygmy-Owls** were calling from the woods. The song of a **Red-breasted Chat** came from a nearby bush and we focused on this skull endemic. We got some looks as it managed to stay mostly hidden. We continued down the trail and saw birds like Long-crested Cardinal, an endemic subspecies of **Northern Cardinal, and Turquoise-crowned Hummingbird**. We came across a group of four **Citroline Trogons**, Mexico's only endemic trogon, and they posed for many pictures. Afterwards we checked out a nearby trail where we managed to see the endemic **Flammulated Flycatcher (pictured below)**. While it appears like any other *Myiarchus* flycatcher, it is actually in the genus *Ramphotricon* and



a fascinating example of parallel evolution. It didn't take long before we had spotted this odd flycatcher. The morning ended with one of Mexico's most famous endemic species, the **Orange-breasted Bunting (pictured below)**. We found a beautiful male who posed for photos before we left. We headed back to the hotel for a late breakfast.

After a post breakfast break we reunited for an afternoon birding session. We visited a local bird guide's private property to look for several major targets. Our local guide, Cornelio, was eager to share the treasures of his land with us. Upon arriving we were shocked at the sheer density of **White-fronted Amazons** present on the land, we saw well over 70 individuals! Cornelio then took us to see a **Northern Potoo** that he knew the roost for. The bird sat motionless on the trunk of a nearby tree, perfect for photography. Afterwards, we continued towards the day roost for the **Pacific Screech**



Owl (pictured below). This pale screech owl was posed perfectly in the open, once again allowing for some epic photos. Our next target was the Mexican endemic **Colima Pygmy Owl**. After a long search we finally heard a response from two **Colima Pygmy Owls!** Suddenly the tiny owl came soaring in and perched in front of us for over 10 minutes. Afterwards we continued birding as the sun set, then the song of **Buff-collared Nightjar** interrupted the silence. We played the song and were thrilled to see this elusive nightjar perched several times. It was a phenomenal way to end the day, and the end of a ridiculous longtime nemesis bird for myself.

Day 11: Hualtuco to Arriaga

We left early in the morning to a local spot to look for the endangered **Lilac-crowned Amazon**. As the sun began to rise we saw over 40 individuals as they flew from their sleeping roosts. It was an epic species to add to the trip list, and a lifer



for everyone on the trip. Afterwards we went to the Canal de Tangolunda where we continued birding. We came across **Russet-crowned Motmot**, **Pale-billed Woodpecker**, **Russet-naped Wren** and **Turquoise-crowned Hummingbird**. After the morning bird watching we left for breakfast and then left the hotel. We began our drive towards Arriaga and made several stops along the way. The first major highlight was the highly localized **Cinnamon-tailed Sparrow**, a subtle yet gorgeous sparrow endemic to the isthmus.

As we continued toward Arriaga we made another stop for the **Double-striped Thickknee**. This bizarre shorebird favors open grassy fields, and we were overjoyed to see one close to the road. We passed Arriaga to visit our final stop for the day, the coastal town of Arista. Here we were searching for two top tier targets, the **Giant Wren (pictured below)** and **White-bellied Chachalaca**. We found three individuals almost



immediately, and managed to get many good looks and photos. Then we continued towards the mangrove forests. We saw **Roseate Spoonbill**, **Wood Stork** and eventually the **White-bellied Chachalaca**! We then drove an hour back to Arriaga and settled in for the night.

Day 12: Arriaga to San Cristobal

This morning we started early to search for the highly sought after and endemic **Rose-bellied Bunting**. Upon arrival we heard the **Lesser Ground-Cuckoo**, and got epic looks at several **Russet-crowned Motmots**. We continued up the road and stopped to try for some targets. It took almost no time at all, a gorgeous male **Rose-bellied Bunting** (**pictured below**) flew perched at eye level for several minutes before taking off. It was an epic encounter and the presence of **Green-fronted Hummingbird** and **Canivet's Emerald** made it even better.



We wrapped up and returned to the hotel for breakfast. After our meal we left to complete the drive to San Cristobal. The drive was only a few hours, and we took a break to avoid the midday heat after arriving. We spent the afternoon visiting the Parque Ecoturístico El Arcotete. Here we were searching for the regionally endemic **Black-capped Swallow**. The park features a small yet stunning stream, with beautiful rock formations on both sides. The swallows use the cliff faces for nesting, but it was too early in the year. Luckily, we spotted two of the **Black-capped Swallows** flying high over the gorge. We continued down the trail and came across an **American Dipper** and a whole group of **Bushtits**, which included several from the “**Black-eared**” **Bushtit** subspecies group.



Day 13: San Cristobal

We started early in the morning and visited the local park Montetik. Upon arrival we hiked the lower elevation pine forests and found several major targets, the **Blue-throated Motmot, Rufous-collared Robin,** and heard **Ruddy-capped Nightingale Thrush.** As we moved towards the top we came across our top target of the day, the **Pink-headed Warbler (pictured on the previous page).** This stunning warbler is a dazzling combination of red and pink, emulating a jewel-like appearance. This endemic warbler was out in high numbers and we were thrilled to see at least 8 individuals over the course of the day. We continued up the road and found many more species like **Garnet-throated Hummingbird, Amethyst-throated Mountain-Gem, Rufous-browed Wren, Yellowish Flycatcher and Unicolored Jay.** We continued birding the forests and eventually came across another endemic, the **Guatemalan Flicker.** This woodpecker was recently split from its Northern counterpart, so seeing it was a thrill. As the day got later the birding activity dropped substantially but we managed to see a few more birds like **Red-faced Warbler, Mountain Trogon, and Red Crossbills.**

Day 14: Tuxtla Área

We left San Cristobal early in the morning to spend the day birding in the Tuxtla area. Our main target today was the highly localized **Nava's Wren.** This wren's range is similar to **Sumichrast's Wren,** in that both are restricted to small patches of karst forests in Mexico. We arrived and began birding along the roads where we found species like **Yellow-winged Tanager, Buff-bellied Hummingbird, and Red-throated Ant-Tanager.** We moved further down the road to focus on the **Nava's Wren.** As we searched along the thickly vegetated limestone we finally heard the voice of the **Nava's Wren.** It took some effort but eventually we all got our binoculars on the skulks little wren.

We continued down the trail and were intercepted by trip first's like **Long-billed Gnatwren, White-breasted Wood-Wren, and Green-backed Sparrow.** The bird of the

day was undoubtedly the **Green Shrike-Vireo**, which came in and perched at eye level. Typically being a canopy species, this low eye level encounter made it an incredibly memorable encounter. The day came to a close with a few more highlights like **Stripe-throated Hermit, Keel-billed Toucan and Cabanis's Wren**.

Day 15: Tuxtla Área

For our final full day of the tour we explored the Canon del Sumidero National



Blue-throated Motmot

Park, an incredible park nestled on the edge of the city of Tuxtla. The park opened at 8:00am in the morning, so we were sure to be there when it opened. Our first stop was along the first overlook where we immediately picked up a pair of **Plain-capped Starthroats**. Afterwards, we continued moving up the road to try for **Belted Flycatcher**. Unfortunately, despite lots of time focused on this bird the closest we got to it were several calls that we all heard. We continued towards one of the next viewpoints when I heard a song from the elusive **Singing Quail** (pictured below)

I played the song back to be greeted by a very responsive **Singing Quail**, as a male came running in to inspect. As we enjoyed the **Singing Quail** we picked up on a pair of **Plain Chachalacas**, which added a nice touch to our trip list. After the quail we



continued to the stunning viewpoint of Sumidero Canyon. We enjoyed the view for several minutes before continuing further into the park. Our next major spike of bird activity came at the end of the road. As we birded and enjoyed the vistas we picked up the **“Emerald” subspecies of Northern Emerald Toucanet, Gartered Trogon, Masked Tityra, and our first Azure-crowned Hummingbird** of the trip! We began searching the edges of the forest surrounding the restaurant and found our last major find of the day, a female **Slender Sheartail!** This hummingbird is a regional endemic and the female we found fed in front of us, allowing for many prolonged views. It was an epic way to end the day and tour.



Cinnamon-tailed Sparrow

Bird List

Taxonomy follows eBird/Clements online checklist v.2024

TINAMOUS	TINAMIDAE	
Little Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus soui</i>	Heard Only in Tuxtepec Area
DUCKS, GEESE, & WATERFOWL	ANATIDAE	
Blue-winged Teal	<i>Spatula discors</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Green-winged Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Ring-necked Duck	<i>Aythya collaris</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Ruddy Duck	<i>Oxyura jamaicensis</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
GUANS, CHACHALACAS, ALLIES	CRACIDAE	
Plain Chachalaca	<i>Ortalis vetula</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero
West Mexican Chachalaca (E)	<i>Ortalis poliocephala</i>	Ex-Hacienda El Aranjuez
White-bellied Chachalaca	<i>Ortalis leucogastra</i>	Estero Vuelta Rica
Crested Guan	<i>Penelope purpurascens</i>	Tuxtepec Area
NEW WORLD QUAIL	ODONTOPHORIDAE	
Long-tailed Wood-Partridge (E)	<i>Dendrortyx macroura</i>	Near San Jose Del Pacifico
Spotted Wood-Quail	<i>Odontophorus guttatus</i>	Heard Only in Valle National
Singing Quail	<i>Dactylortyx thoracicus</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero

GREBES	PODICIPEDIDAE	
Least Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus dominicus</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Pied-billed Grebe	<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
PIGEONS AND DOVES	COLUMBIDAE	
Rock Pigeon (I)	<i>Columba livia</i>	In most urbanized areas
Band-tailed Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas fasciata</i>	Camino La Cumbre--Oeste
Red-billed Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas flavirostris</i>	Camino Cerro Marín
Eurasian Collared-Dove (I)	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	In most urbanized areas
Inca Dove	<i>Columbina inca</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Common Ground Dove	<i>Columbina passerina</i>	Entronque Carretera a Paredón
White-winged Dove	<i>Zenaida asiatica</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Ruddy Ground Dove	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Gray-headed Dove	<i>Leptotila plumbeiceps</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Mourning Dove	<i>Zenaida macroura</i>	In most urbanized areas
CUCKOOS	CUCULIDAE	
Groove-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga sulcirostris</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec

Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Pheasant Cuckoo	<i>Dromococcyx phasianellus</i>	Carretera Federal Oaxaca
Lesser Ground-Cuckoo	<i>Morococcyx erythropygus</i>	Heard Only in Reserva de la Biosfera La Sepultura
NIGHTJARS AND ALLIES	CAPRIMULGIDAE	
Lesser Nighthawk	<i>Chordeiles acutipennis</i>	Estero Vuelta Rica
Buff-collared Nightjar	<i>Antrostomus ridgwayi</i>	Sendero el Candelabro
Common Pauraque	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>	Sendero el Candelabro
POTOOS	NYCTIBIIDAE	
Northern Potoo	<i>Nyctibius jamaicensis</i>	Sendero el Candelabro
SWIFTS	APODIDAE	
White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>	La Cumbre
HUMMINGBIRDS	TROCHILIDAE	
Slender Sheartail	<i>Doricha enicura</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero
Stripe-throated Hermit	<i>Phaethornis striigularis</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Mexican Violetear	<i>Colibri thalassinus</i>	San Jose Del Pacifico
Green-breasted Mango	<i>Anthracothorax prevostii</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec

Long-billed Starthroat	<i>Helimaster longirostris</i>	Puente de Hierro
Plain-capped Starthroat	<i>Helimaster constantii</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero
Amethyst-throated Mountain-gem	<i>Lampornis amethystinus</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
Blue-throated Mountain-gem	<i>Lampornis clemenciae</i>	Restaurante Colibri
Garnet-throated Hummingbird	<i>Lamprolaima rhami</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
Blue-capped Hummingbird (E)	<i>Eupherusa cyanophrys</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Ruby-throated Hummingbird	<i>Archilochus colubris</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Bumblebee Hummingbird (E)	<i>Selasphorus heloisa</i>	Puerto Angel
Dusky Hummingbird (E)	<i>Phaeoptila sordida</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Turquoise-crowned Hummingbird (E)	<i>Cyananthus doubledayi</i>	PN Huatulco
Golden-crowned Emerald (E)	<i>Cyananthus auriceps</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Canivet's Emerald	<i>Cyananthus canivetii</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero
White-eared Hummingbird	<i>Basilinna leucotis</i>	La Cumbre
Wedge-tailed Sabrewing	<i>Pampa curvipennis</i>	Tuxtepec Area
Green-fronted Hummingbird	<i>Ramosomyia viridifrons</i>	Reserva de la Biosfera La Sepultura
Azure-crowned Hummingbird	<i>Saucerottia cyanocephala</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero
Berylline Hummingbird	<i>Saucerottia beryllina</i>	Pluma Hidalgo

Cinnamon Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia rutila</i>	PN Huatulco
Buff-bellied Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia yucatanensis</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Rufous-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia tzacatl</i>	Plans de las Flores
White-bellied Emerald	<i>Chlorestes candida</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Rivoli's Hummingbird	<i>Eugenes fulgens</i>	La Cumbre
RAILS, GALLINULES, & COOTS	RALLIDAE	
American Coot	<i>Fulica americana</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
THICK-KNEES	BURHINIDAE	
Double-striped Thick-knee	<i>Hesperoburhinus bistriatus</i>	Santo Domingo Ingenio
STILTS AND AVOCETS	RECURVIROSTRIDAE	
Black-necked Stilt	<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>	Boulevard Santa Cruz
PLOVERS AND LAPWINGS	CHARADRIIDAE	
Killdeer	<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
SANDPIPERS AND ALLIES	SCOLOPACIDAE	
Spotted Sandpiper	<i>Actitis macularius</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
GULLS, TERNS, AND SKIMMERS	LARIDAE	
Laughing Gull	<i>Leucophaeus atricilla</i>	Canal de Tangolunda

Royal Tern	<i>Thalasseus maximus</i>	Canal de Tangolunda
STORKS	CICONIIDAE	
Wood Stork	<i>Mycteria americana</i>	Estero Vuelta Rica
FRIGATEBIRDS	FREGATIDAE	
Magnificent Frigatebird	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>	Canal de Tangolunda
CORMORANTS AND SHAGS	PHALACROCORACIDAE	
Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Nannopterum brasilianum</i>	Canal de Tangolunda
HERONS, EGRETS, & BITTERNS	ARDEIDAE	
Bare-throated Tiger-Heron	<i>Tigrisoma mexicanum</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Tricolored Heron	<i>Egretta tricolor</i>	Puente de Santa Maria Jacatepec
Little Blue Heron	<i>Egretta caerulea</i>	Puente de Santa Maria Jacatepec
Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Green Heron	<i>Butorides virescens</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Western Cattle Egret	<i>Ardea ibis</i>	Estero Vuelta Rica
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	Estero Vuelta Rica
Great Blue Heron	<i>Ardea herodias</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
IBISES AND SPOONBILLS	THRESKIORNITHIDAE	

White Ibis	<i>Eudocimus albus</i>	Canal de Tangolunda
Roseate Spoonbill	<i>Platalea ajaja</i>	Canal de Tangolunda
NEW WORLD VULTURES	CATHARTIDAE	
Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
HAWKS, EAGLES, AND KITES	ACCIPITRIDAE	
Roadside Hawk	<i>Rupornis magnirostris</i>	Camino Cerro Marín
Hook-billed Kite	<i>Chondrohierax uncinatus</i>	PN Haultuco
Cooper's Hawk	<i>Accipiter cooperii</i>	Ex-Hacienda El Aranjuez
Common Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus anthracinus</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Broad-winged Hawk	<i>Buteo platypterus</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Gray Hawk	<i>Buteo plagiatus</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Red-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo jamaicensis</i>	Yagul Zona Archieological
Zone-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo albonotatus</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
OWLS	STRIGIDAE	
Pacific Screech-Owl	<i>Megascops cooperi</i>	Sendero el Candelabro
Northern Pygmy-Owl	<i>Glaucidium gnoma</i>	San Jose Del Pacifico

Colima Pygmy-Owl (E)	<i>Glaucidium palmarum</i>	Sendero el Candelabro
Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl	<i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i>	Tuxtepec
Mottled Owl	<i>Strix virgata</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
TROGONS	TROGONIDAE	
Slaty-tailed Trogon	<i>Trogon massena</i>	Camino Plan de las Flores
Black-headed Trogon	<i>Trogon melanocephalus</i>	Camino Camelia Roja
Citreoline Trogon (E)	<i>Trogon citreolus</i>	PN Huatulco
Gartered Trogon	<i>Trogon caligatus</i>	Camino Plan de las Flores
Elegant Trogon (Coppery-tailed)	<i>Trogon elegans ambiguus</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Mountain Trogon	<i>Trogon mexicanus</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Collared Trogon	<i>Trogon collaris</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
MOTMOTS	MOMOTIDAE	
Tody Motmot	<i>Hylomanes momotula</i>	Heard Only in Valle National
Blue-throated Motmot	<i>Aspatha gularis</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
Russet-crowned Motmot	<i>Momotus mexicanus</i>	Hualtuco Area
Lesson's Motmot	<i>Momotus lessonii</i>	Tuxtepec
KINGFISHERS	ALCEDINIDAE	

Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle torquata</i>	Tuxtepec
JACAMARS	GALBULIDAE	
Rufous-tailed Jacamar	<i>Galbula ruficauda</i>	Heard Only in Valle National
TOUCANS	RAMPHASTIDAE	
Northern Emerald-Toucanet (Wagler's)	<i>Aulacorhynchus prasinus wagleri</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Northern Emerald-Toucanet (Emerald)	<i>Aulacorhynchus prasinus [prasinus Group]</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero
Collared Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus torquatus</i>	Camino Camelia Roja
Keel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos sulfuratus</i>	Camino Plan de las Flores
WOODPECKERS	PICIDAE	
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	<i>Sphyrapicus varius</i>	Camino Plan de las Flores
Golden-cheeked Woodpecker (E)	<i>Melanerpes chrysogenys</i>	PN Hualtuco
Gray-breasted Woodpecker (E)	<i>Melanerpes hypopolius</i>	Yagul Zona Archeological
Golden-fronted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes aurifrons</i>	Tuxtepec
Ladder-backed Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates scalaris</i>	Zona Arqueológica Yagul
Pale-billed Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus guatemalensis</i>	Huatulco Area
Lineated Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>	Tuxtla Area

Golden-olive Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes rubiginosus</i>	Heard Only in Tuxtla Area
Gray-crowned Woodpecker (E)	<i>Colaptes auricularis</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Northern Flicker (Red-shafted)	<i>Colaptes auratus mexicanus</i>	La Cumbre
Guatemalan (Northern) Flicker	<i>Colaptes mexicanoides</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
Hairy Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates villosus</i>	La Cumbre
FALCONS AND CARACARAS	FALCONIDAE	
Laughing Falcon	<i>Herpetheres cachinnans</i>	Tuxtepec Area
Collared Forest-Falcon	<i>Micrastur semitorquatus</i>	Sendero el Candelabro
American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Crested Caracara	<i>Caracara plancus</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
PARROTS	PSITTACIDAE	
Lilac-crowned Parrot (E)	<i>Amazona finschi</i>	Huatulco Area
Red-lored Parrot	<i>Amazona autumnalis</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
White-fronted Parrot	<i>Amazona albifrons</i>	PN Huatulco
Monk Parakeet (I)	<i>Myiopsitta monachus</i>	In Oaxaca City
Olive-throated Parakeet (Aztec)	<i>Eupsittula nana astec/vicinalis</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Orange-fronted Parakeet	<i>Eupsittula canicularis</i>	PN Huatulco

Green Parakeet	<i>Psittacara holochlorus</i>	Reserva de la Biosfera La Sepultura
TYPICAL ANTBIRDS	THAMNOPHILIDAE	
Barred Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus doliatus</i>	Plas de las Flores
OVENBIRDS AND WOODCREEPERS	FURNARIIDAE	
Middle American Leaf-tosser	<i>Sclerurus mexicanus</i>	Tuxtepec
Olivaceous Woodcreeper	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Tawny-winged Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla anabatina</i>	Tuxtepec
Ivory-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus flavigaster</i>	Sendero el Candelabro
Spot-crowned Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes affinis</i>	La Cumbre
Streak-headed Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes souleyetii</i>	Tuxtepec
Ruddy Foliage-gleaner	<i>Clibanornis rubiginosus</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Scaly-throated Foliage-gleaner	<i>Anabacerthia variegaticeps</i>	Tuxtepec
Rufous-breasted Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis erythrothorax</i>	Valle National
TITYRAS AND ALLIES	TITYRIDAE	
Masked Tityra	<i>Tityra semifasciata</i>	Valle National
Rose-throated Becard	<i>Pachyramphus aglaiae</i>	La Cumbre
TYRANT FLYCATCHERS	TYRANNIDAE	

Northern Bentbill	<i>Oncostoma cinereigulare</i>	Heard Only in Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Common Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum cinereum</i>	Entronque Carretera a Paredón
Eye-ringed Flatbill	<i>Rhynchocyclus brevirostris</i>	La Soledad
Northern Beardless-Tyrannulet	<i>Camptostoma imberbe</i>	Boulevard Benito Juárez
Yellow-bellied Tyrannulet	<i>Ornithion semiflavum</i>	Tuxtepec Area
Belted Flycatcher	<i>Xenotriccus callizonus</i>	Heard Only in PN Canon del Sumidero
Greenish Elaenia	<i>Myiopagis viridicata</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Tufted Flycatcher	<i>Mitrephanes phaeocercus</i>	La Cumbre
Least Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax minimus</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Greater Pewee	<i>Contopus pertinax</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Pine Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax affinis</i>	Parque Ecologico Montetik
Yellow-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax flaviventris</i>	Valle National
Willow Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax traillii</i>	Huatulco PN
Western Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax difficilis</i>	La Cumbre
Yellowish Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax flavescens</i>	Parque Ecologico Montetik
Eastern Phoebe	<i>Sayornis phoebe</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec

Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Vermilion Flycatcher	<i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Flammulated Flycatcher (E)	<i>Ramphotrigon flammulatum</i>	Huatulco PN
Bright-rumped Attila	<i>Attila spadiceus</i>	Heard Only in Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Ash-throated Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus cinerascens</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Nutting's Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus nuttingi</i>	Monte Alban
Scissor-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus forficatus</i>	Huatulco Area
Brown-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i>	Reserva de la Biosfera La Sepultura
Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucophaeus</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Couch's Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus couchii</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero
Cassin's Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus vociferans</i>	Teotitlán del Valle

Thick-billed Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus crassirostris</i>	Ex-Hacienda El Aranjuez
Western Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus verticalis</i>	Ex-Hacienda El Aranjuez
VIREOS AND ALLIES	VIREONIDAE	
Green Shrike-Vireo	<i>Vireolanius pulchellus</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Chestnut-sided Shrike-Vireo	<i>Vireolanius melitophrys</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Lesser Greenlet	<i>Pachysylvia decurtata</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Golden Vireo (E)	<i>Vireo hypochryseus</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Slaty Vireo (E)	<i>Vireo brevipennis</i>	Monte Alban
White-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo griseus</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Hutton's Vireo	<i>Vireo huttoni</i>	La Cumbre
Blue-headed Vireo	<i>Vireo solitarius</i>	Plans De Las Flores
Cassin's Vireo	<i>Vireo cassinii</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Warbling Vireo	<i>Vireo gilvus</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
CROWS, JAYS, AND MAGPIES	CORVIDAE	
White-throated Jay (E)	<i>Cyanolyca mirabilis</i>	Heard Only in San Jose Del Pacifico
Dwarf Jay (E)	<i>Cyanolyca nanus</i>	La Cumbre
White-throated Magpie-Jay	<i>Cyanocorax formosus</i>	Huatulco PN

Brown Jay	<i>Cyanocorax morio</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Green Jay	<i>Cyanocorax yncas</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero
Steller's Jay	<i>Cyanocitta stelleri</i>	La Cumbre
Woodhouse's Scrub-Jay	<i>Aphelocoma woodhouseii</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Unicolored Jay	<i>Aphelocoma unicolor</i>	Parque Ecologico Montetik
Common Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
TITS, CHICKADEES, AND TITMICE	PARIDAE	
Mexican Chickadee	<i>Poecile sclateri</i>	La Cumbre
Bridled Titmouse	<i>Baeolophus wollweberi</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
SWALLOWS	HIRUNDINIDAE	
Mangrove Swallow	<i>Tachycineta albilinea</i>	Tuxtepec Area
Violet-green Swallow	<i>Tachycineta thalassina</i>	La Cumbre
Northern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx serripennis</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Gray-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>	Estero Vuelta Rica
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	Arriaga
Black-capped Swallow	<i>Atticora pileata</i>	Parque Ecoturístico El Arcotete
LONG-TAILED TITS	AEGITHALIDAE	

Bushtit	<i>Psaltriparus minimus</i>	Parque Ecoturístico El Arcotete
KINGLETS	REGULIDAE	
Ruby-crowned Kinglet	<i>Corthylio calendula</i>	La Cumbre
TREECREEPERS	CERTHIIDAE	
Brown Creeper	<i>Certhia americana</i>	La Cumbre
GNATCATCHERS	POLIOPTILIDAE	
Long-billed Gnatwren	<i>Ramphocaenus melanurus</i>	Heard Only in Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
White-lored Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila albiloris</i>	Reserva de la Biosfera La Sepultura
Blue-gray Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila caerulea</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
WRENS	TROGLODYTIDAE	
Canyon Wren	<i>Catherpes mexicanus</i>	Monte Alban
Sumichrast's Wren (E)	<i>Hylorchilus sumichrasti</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Nava's Wren (E)	<i>Hylorchilus navai</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Bewick's Wren	<i>Thryomanes bewickii</i>	Monte Alban
Southern House Wren	<i>Troglodytes musculus intermedius</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Rufous-browed Wren	<i>Troglodytes rufociliatus</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik

Band-backed Wren	<i>Campylorhynchus zonatus</i>	Heard Only in Santa Maria Jacatepec
Gray-barred Wren (E)	<i>Campylorhynchus megalopterus</i>	La Cumbre
Giant Wren (E)	<i>Campylorhynchus chiapensis</i>	Estero Vuelta Rica
Russet-naped Wren	<i>Campylorhynchus humilis</i>	PN Huatulco
Spot-breasted Wren	<i>Pheugopedius maculipectus</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Boucard's Wren (E)	<i>Campylorhynchus jocosus</i>	Monte Alban
Banded Wren	<i>Thryophilus pleurostictus</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero
Happy Wren (E)	<i>Pheugopedius felix</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Cabanis's Wren	<i>Cantorchilus modestus</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
White-breasted Wood-Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucosticta</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Gray-breasted Wood-Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucophrys</i>	Carretera Federal Oaxaca
MOCKINGBIRDS AND THRASHERS	MIMIDAE	
Blue Mockingbird (E)	<i>Melanotis caerulescens</i>	Monte Alban
Gray Catbird	<i>Dumetella carolinensis</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Curve-billed Thrasher	<i>Toxostoma curvirostre</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Ocellated Thrasher (E)	<i>Toxostoma ocellatum</i>	Monte Alban
Northern Mockingbird	<i>Mimus polyglottos</i>	PN Huatulco

THRUSHES AND ALLIES	TURDIDAE	
Brown-backed Solitaire	<i>Myadestes occidentalis</i>	La Cumbre
Slate-colored Solitaire	<i>Myadestes unicolor</i>	Tuxtepec
White-throated Thrush	<i>Turdus assimilis</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Russet Nightingale-Thrush (E)	<i>Catharus occidentalis</i>	La Cumbre
Ruddy-capped Nightingale-Thrush	<i>Catharus frantzii</i>	Heard only in Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
Black-headed Nightingale-Thrush	<i>Catharus mexicanus</i>	Heard Only in Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Hermit Thrush	<i>Catharus guttatus</i>	San Jose Del Pacifico
Clay-colored Thrush	<i>Turdus grayi</i>	Plan De Las Flores
Black Thrush	<i>Turdus infuscatus</i>	La Cumbre
American Robin	<i>Turdus migratorius</i>	La Cumbre
Rufous-backed Robin (E)	<i>Turdus rufopalliatus</i>	Monte Alban
Rufous-collared Robin	<i>Turdus rufitorques</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
SILKY-FLYCATCHERS	PTILIOGONATIDAE	
Gray Silky-flycatcher	<i>Ptiliogonys cinereus</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
OLIVE WARBLER	PEUCEDRAMIDAE	

Olive Warbler	<i>Peucedramus taeniatus</i>	La Cumbre
OLD WORLD SPARROWS	PASSERIDAE	
House Sparrow (I)	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	Urbanized areas
FINCHES, EUPHONIAS, & ALLIES	FRINGILLIDAE	
Scrub Euphonia	<i>Euphonia affinis</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero
Yellow-throated Euphonia	<i>Euphonia hirundinacea</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Olive-backed Euphonia	<i>Euphonia gouldi</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
House Finch	<i>Haemorhous mexicanus</i>	Monte Alban
Red Crossbill	<i>Loxia curvirostra</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
Black-headed Siskin	<i>Spinus notatus</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
Lesser Goldfinch	<i>Spinus psaltria</i>	Camino Plan de las Flores
NEW WORLD SPARROWS	PASSERELLIDAE	
Chestnut-capped Brushfinch	<i>Arremon brunneinucha</i>	La Cumbre
Common Chlorospingus	<i>Chlorospingus flavopectus</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Cinnamon-tailed Sparrow (E)	<i>Peucaea sumichrasti</i>	Huatulco Area
White-throated Towhee (E)	<i>Melospiza albicollis</i>	Monte Alban
Bridled Sparrow (E)	<i>Peucaea mystacalis</i>	Ex-Hacienda El Aranjuez

Olive Sparrow	<i>Arremonops rufivirgatus</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero
Green-backed Sparrow	<i>Arremonops chloronotus</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Chipping Sparrow	<i>Spizella passerina</i>	Monte Alban
Lark Sparrow	<i>Chondestes grammacus</i>	Tuxtepec
Yellow-eyed Junco	<i>Junco phaeonotus</i>	La Cumbre
Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
Rusty Sparrow	<i>Aimophila rufescens</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Rufous-crowned Sparrow	<i>Aimophila ruficeps</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Oaxaca Sparrow (E)	<i>Aimophila notosticta</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Spotted Towhee	<i>Pipilo maculatus</i>	San Cristobal Area
Collared Towhee (E)	<i>Pipilo ocai</i>	La Cumbre
Rufous-capped Brushfinch (E)	<i>Atlapetes pileatus</i>	Restaurante Colibri
TROUPIALS AND ALLIES	ICTERIDAE	
Yellow-billed Cacique	<i>Amblycercus holosericeus</i>	PN Cañón del Sumidero
Yellow-winged Cacique	<i>Cassiculus melanicterus</i>	PN Huatulco
Montezuma Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius montezuma</i>	Tuxtepec
Black-vented Oriole	<i>Icterus wagleri</i>	Monte Alban

Black-cowled Oriole	<i>Icterus prothemelas</i>	Plan De Las Flores
Orchard Oriole	<i>Icterus spurius</i>	Canal de Tangolunda
Yellow-tailed Oriole	<i>Icterus mesomelas</i>	Plan De Las Flores
Streak-backed Oriole	<i>Icterus pustulatus</i>	PN Huatulco
Altamira Oriole	<i>Icterus gularis</i>	PN Huatulco
Audubon's Oriole (Dickey's)	<i>Icterus graduacauda dickeyae</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Baltimore Oriole	<i>Icterus galbula</i>	Monte Alban
Red-winged Blackbird	<i>Agelaius phoeniceus</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Bronzed Cowbird	<i>Molothrus aeneus</i>	Huatulco Area
Melodious Blackbird	<i>Dives dives</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Great-tailed Grackle	<i>Quiscalus mexicanus</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
NEW WORLD WARBLERS	PARULIDAE	
Ovenbird	<i>Seiurus aurocapilla</i>	
Louisiana Waterthrush	<i>Parkesia motacilla</i>	Tuxtepec Area
Black-and-white Warbler	<i>Mniotilta varia</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Crescent-chested Warbler	<i>Oreothlypis superciliosa</i>	La Cumbre
Tennessee Warbler	<i>Leiothlypis peregrina</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik

Orange-crowned Warbler	<i>Leiothlypis celata</i>	La Cumbre
Nashville Warbler	<i>Leiothlypis ruficapilla</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Virginia's Warbler	<i>Leiothlypis virginiae</i>	Monte Alban
Hooded Yellowthroat (E)	<i>Geothlypis nelsoni</i>	San Jose Del Pacifico
Hooded Warbler	<i>Setophaga citrina</i>	Camino Camelia Roja
American Redstart	<i>Setophaga ruticilla</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
MacGillivray's Warbler	<i>Geothlypis tolmiei</i>	Monte Alban
Northern Parula	<i>Setophaga americana</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Blackburnian Warbler	<i>Setophaga fusca</i>	Camino Camelia Roja
Magnolia Warbler	<i>Setophaga magnolia</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Townsend's Warbler	<i>Setophaga townsendi</i>	La Cumbre
Yellow Warbler	<i>Setophaga petechia</i>	Santa Maria Jacatepec
Golden-cheeked Warbler	<i>Setophaga chrysoparia</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
Yellow-rumped Warbler	<i>Setophaga coronata</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
Black-throated Gray Warbler	<i>Setophaga nigrescens</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Black-throated Green Warbler	<i>Setophaga virens</i>	PN Canon del Sumidero
Hermit Warbler	<i>Setophaga occidentalis</i>	La Cumbre

Rufous-capped Warbler	<i>Basileuterus rufifrons</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Golden-browed Warbler	<i>Basileuterus belli</i>	La Cumbre
Golden-crowned Warbler	<i>Basileuterus culicivorus</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Wilson's Warbler	<i>Cardellina pusilla</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Red-faced Warbler	<i>Cardellina rubrifrons</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
Red Warbler (White-cheeked) (E)	<i>Cardellina rubra rubra/rowleyi</i>	La Cumbre
Pink-headed Warbler	<i>Cardellina versicolor</i>	Parque Ecoturístico Montetik
Painted Redstart	<i>Myioborus pictus</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Slate-throated Redstart (Whitestart)	<i>Myioborus miniatus</i>	La Cumbre
CARDINALS AND ALLIES	CARDINALIDAE	
Western Tanager	<i>Piranga ludoviciana</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Hepatic Tanager	<i>Piranga flava</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
Summer Tanager	<i>Piranga rubra</i>	Plan de las Flores
Flame-colored Tanager	<i>Piranga bidentata</i>	La Soledad
Red-headed Tanager (E)	<i>Piranga erythrocephala</i>	Pluma Hidalgo
Red-throated Ant-Tanager	<i>Driophlox fuscicauda</i>	Plan de las Flores
Black-faced Grosbeak	<i>Caryothraustes poliogaster</i>	Plan de las Flores

Northern Cardinal (Long-crested)	<i>Cardinalis cardinalis carneus</i>	Huautuco NP
Rose-breasted Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus ludovicianus</i>	Plan de las Flores
Black-headed Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus melanocephalus</i>	Monte Alban
Red-breasted Chat (E)	<i>Granatellus venustus</i>	Huautuco NP
Blue Bunting	<i>Cyanocompsa parellina</i>	Huautuco NP
Blue Grosbeak	<i>Passerina caerulea</i>	Plan de las Flores
Rose-bellied Bunting (E)	<i>Passerina rositae</i>	Reserva de la Biosfera La Sepultura
Indigo Bunting	<i>Passerina cyanea</i>	Plan de las Flores
Orange-breasted Bunting (E)	<i>Passerina leclancherii</i>	PN Huautuco
Painted Bunting	<i>Passerina ciris</i>	Teotitlán del Valle
TANAGERS AND ALLIES	THRAUPIDAE	
Crimson-collared Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus sanguinolentus</i>	Plan de las Flores
Red-legged Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes cyaneus</i>	Plan de las Flores
Blue-gray Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Yellow-winged Tanager	<i>Thraupis abbas</i>	Plan de las Flores
Golden-hooded Tanager	<i>Stilpnia larvata</i>	Plan de las Flores
Thick-billed Seed-Finch	<i>Sporophila funerea</i>	Plan de las Flores

Morelet's Seedeater	<i>Sporophila moreletii</i>	Plan de las Flores
Cinnamon-rumped Seedeater (E)	<i>Sporophila torqueola</i>	Huatulco Area
Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>	Plan de las Flores
Yellow-faced Grassquit	<i>Tiaris olivaceus</i>	Plan de las Flores
Buff-throated Saltator	<i>Saltator maximus</i>	Plan de las Flores
Black-headed Saltator	<i>Saltator atriceps</i>	Camino a Ejido Armando Zebadua
Cinnamon-bellied Saltator	<i>Saltator grandis</i>	Plan de las Flores
Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>	Plan de las Flores

